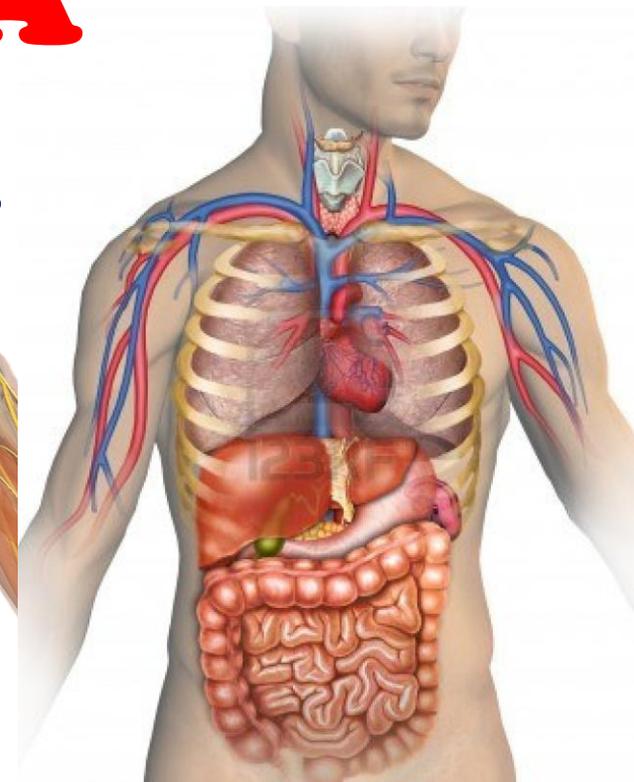
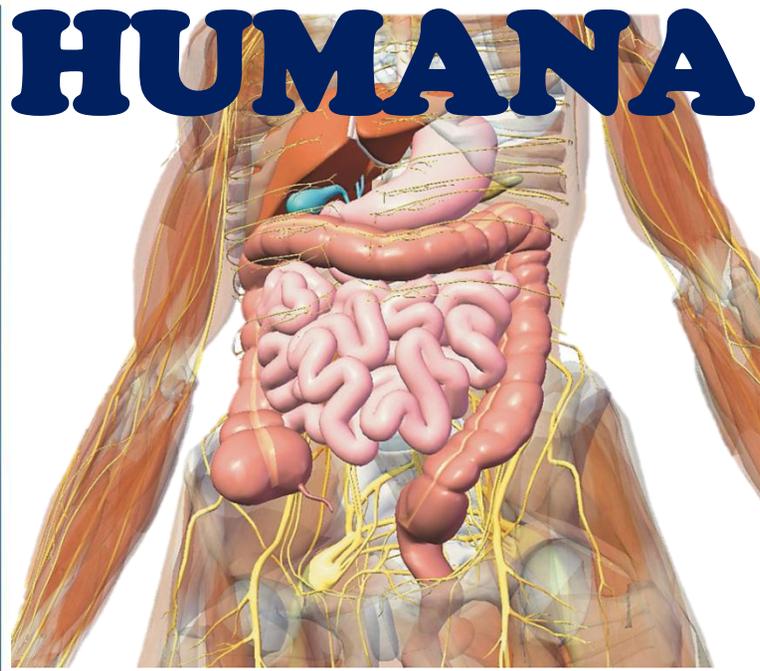
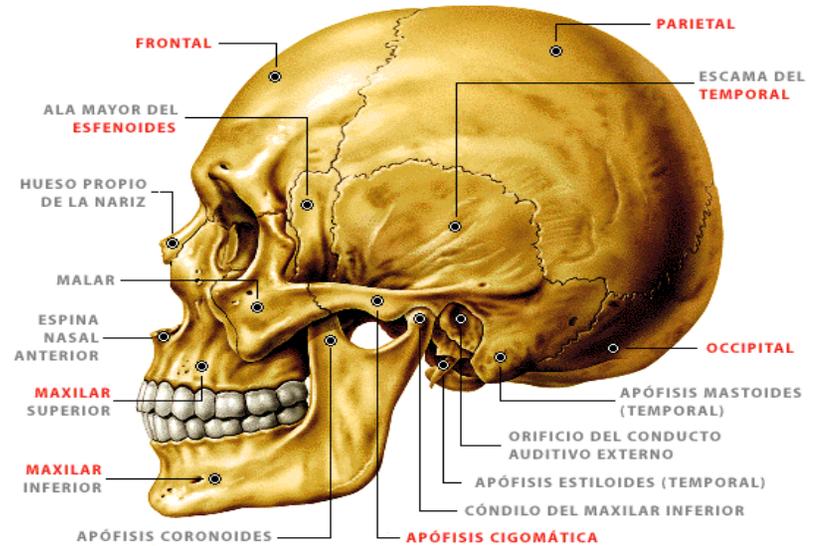
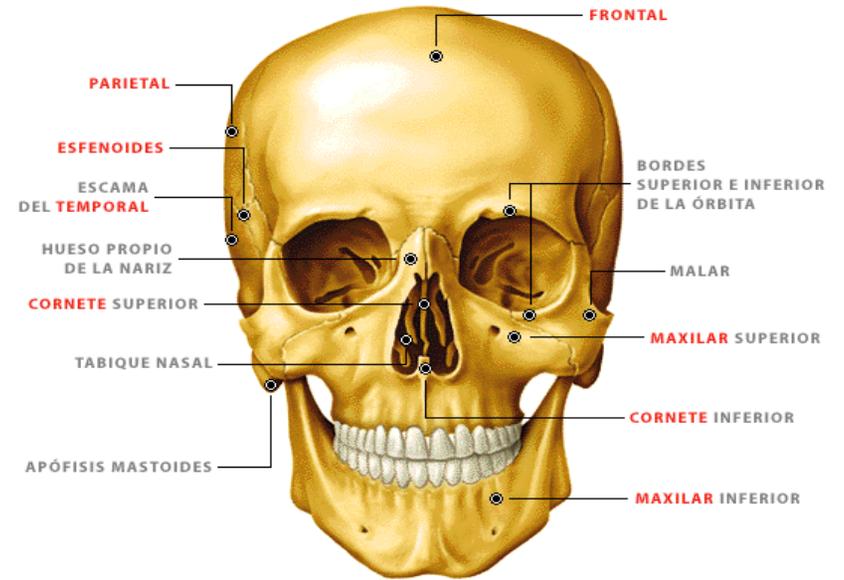
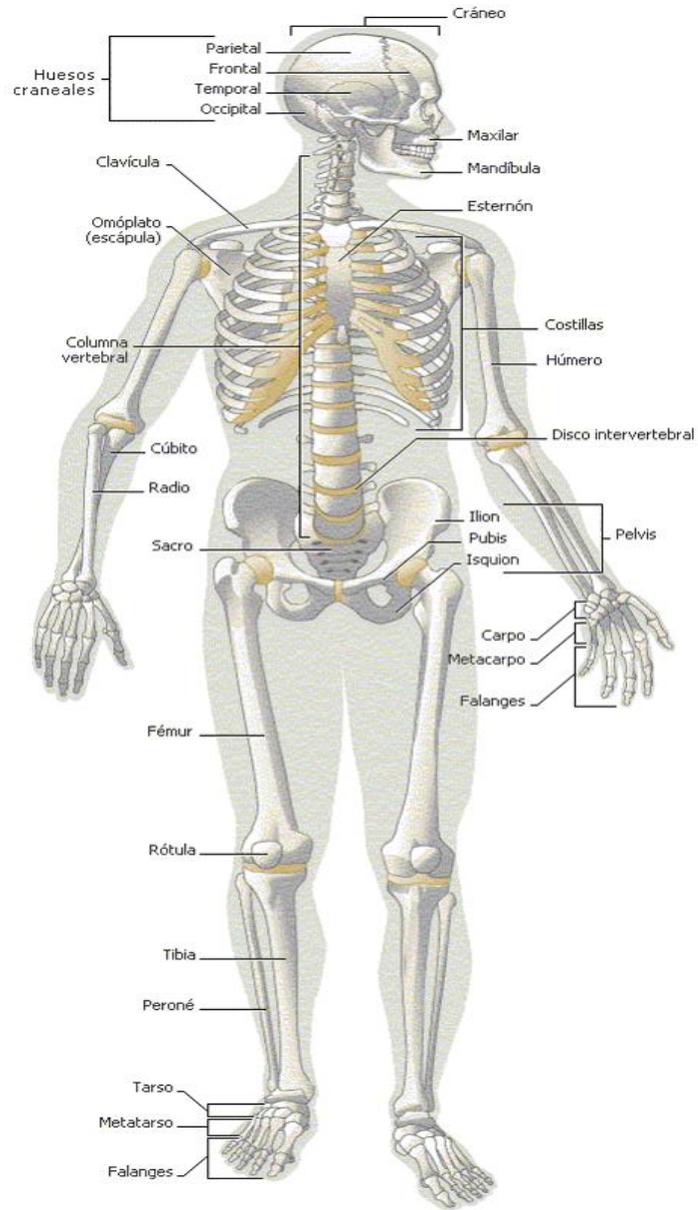


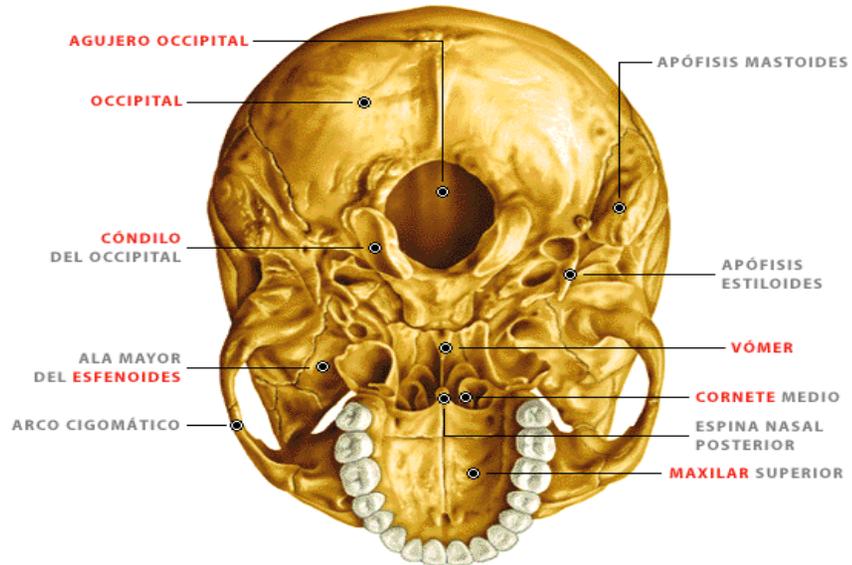
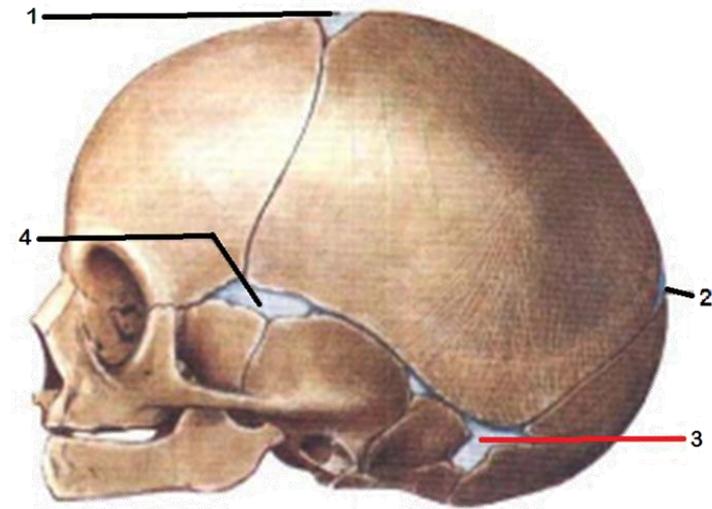
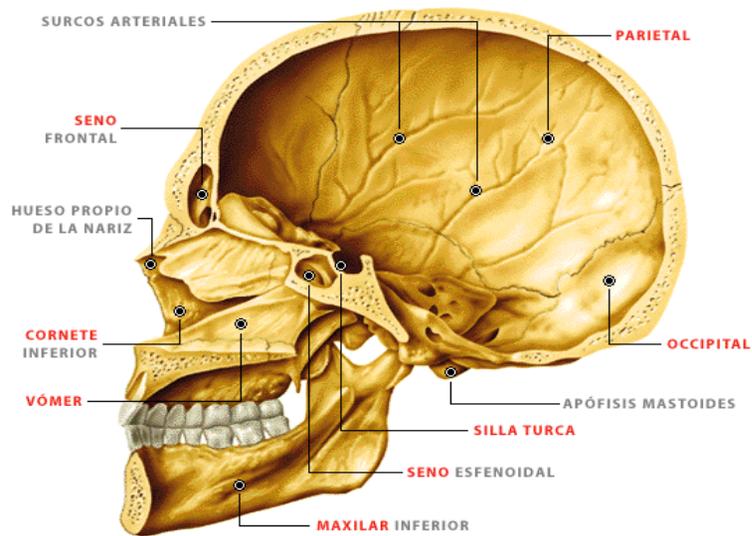
# ATLAS DE ANATOMIA HUMANA



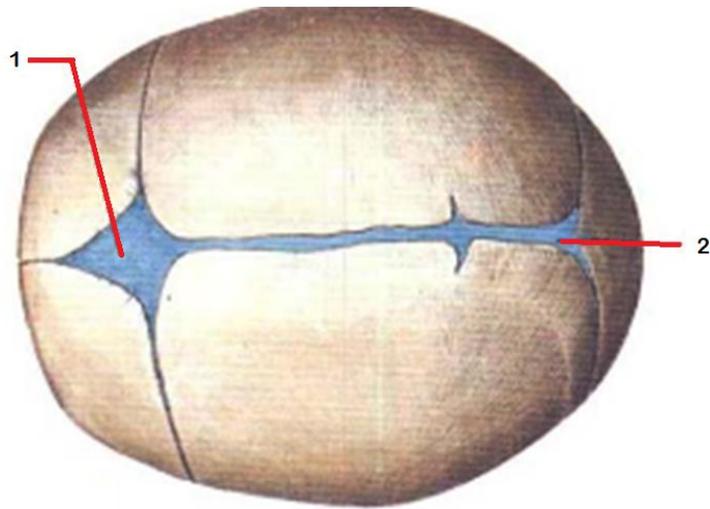


# SISTEMA OSTEO ARTICULAR

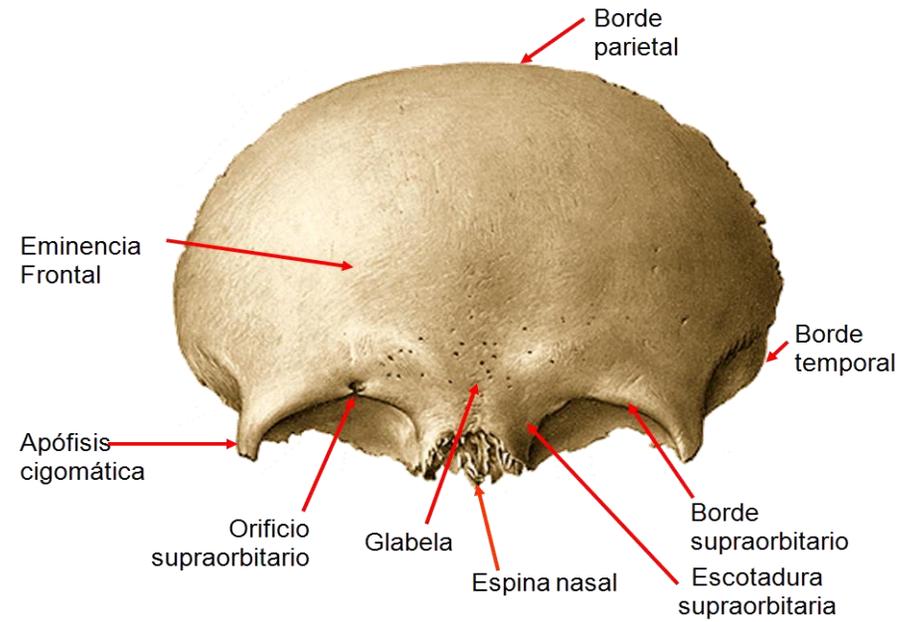
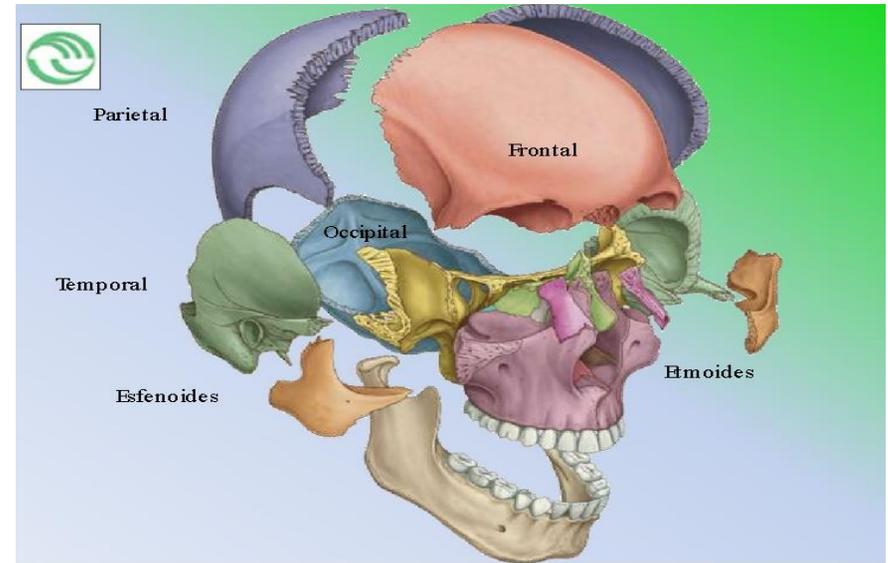


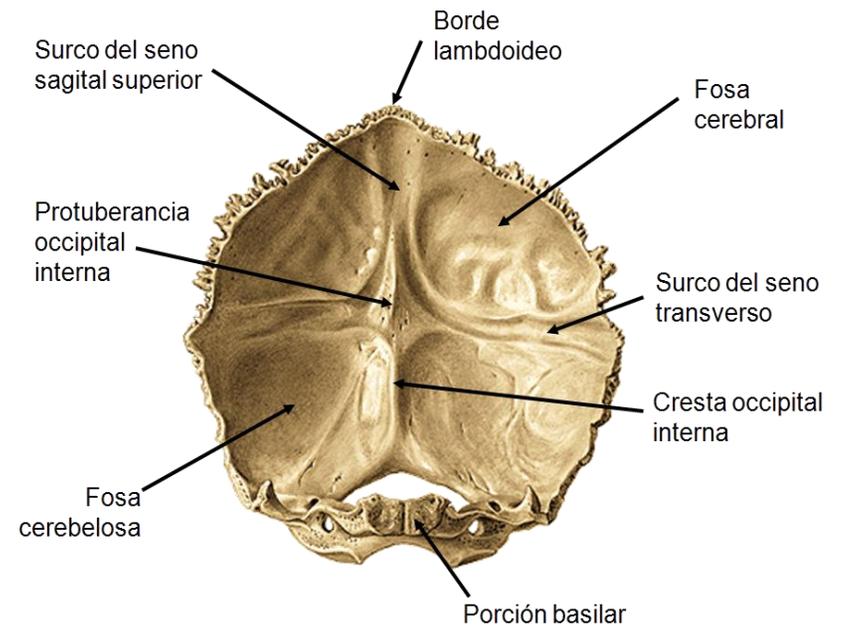
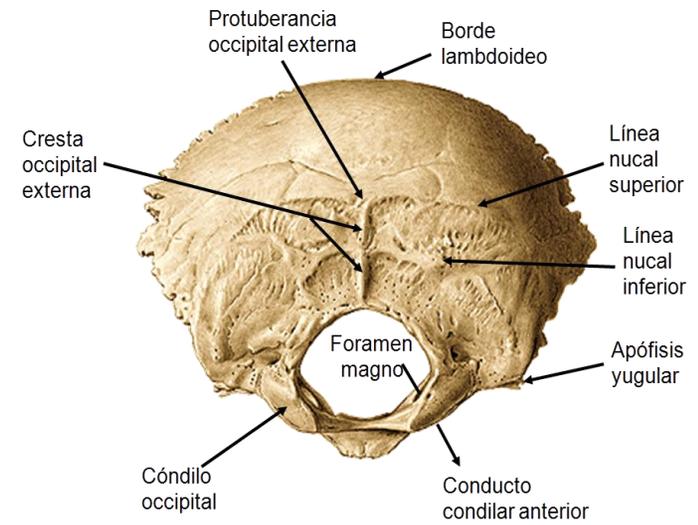
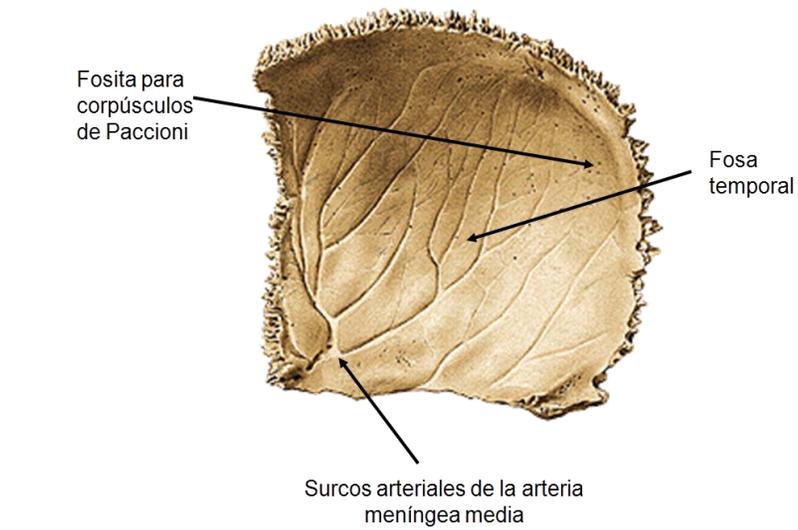
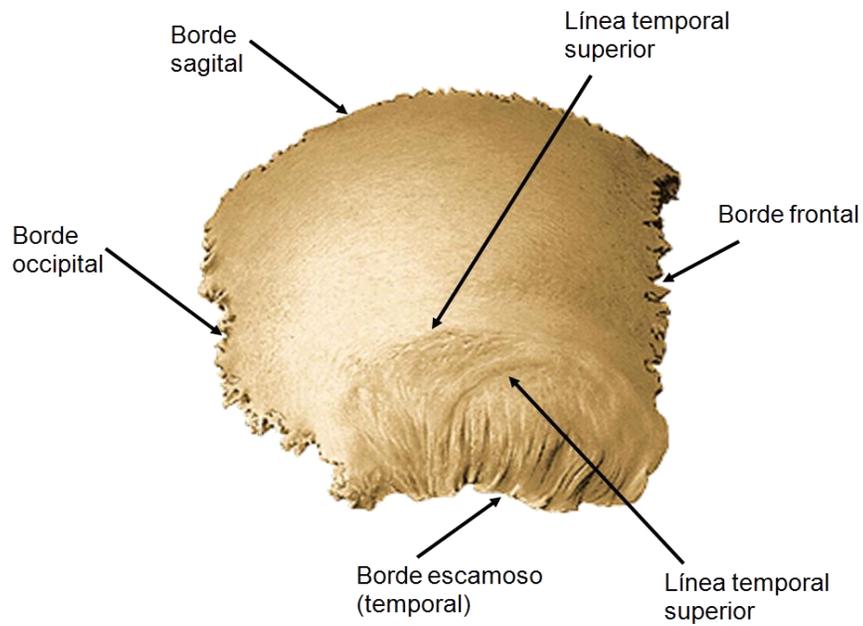


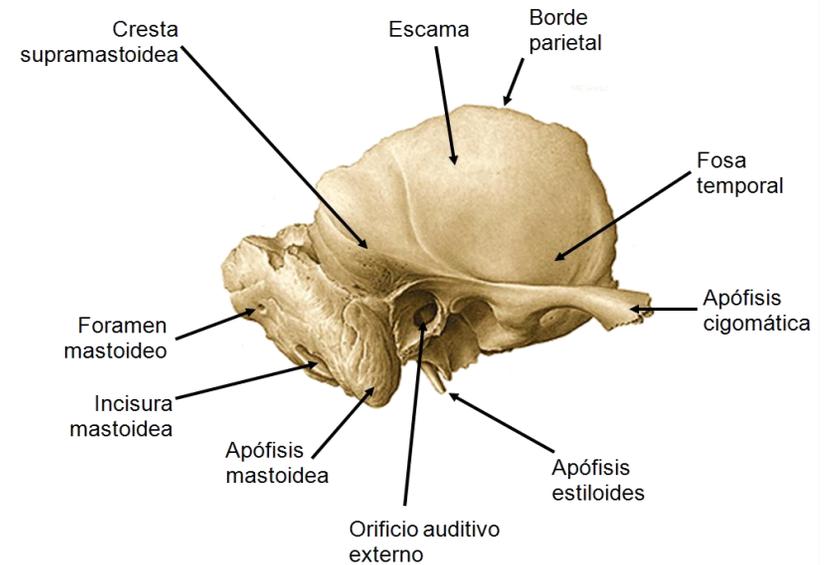
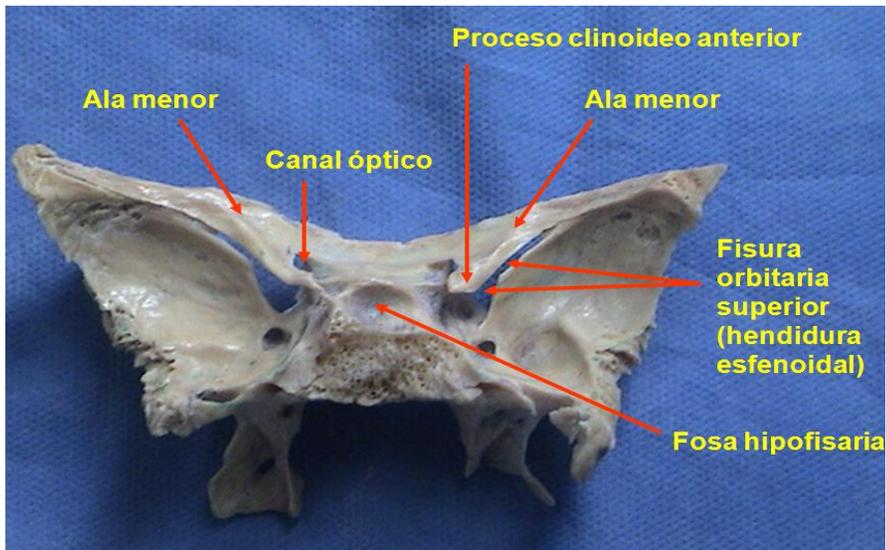
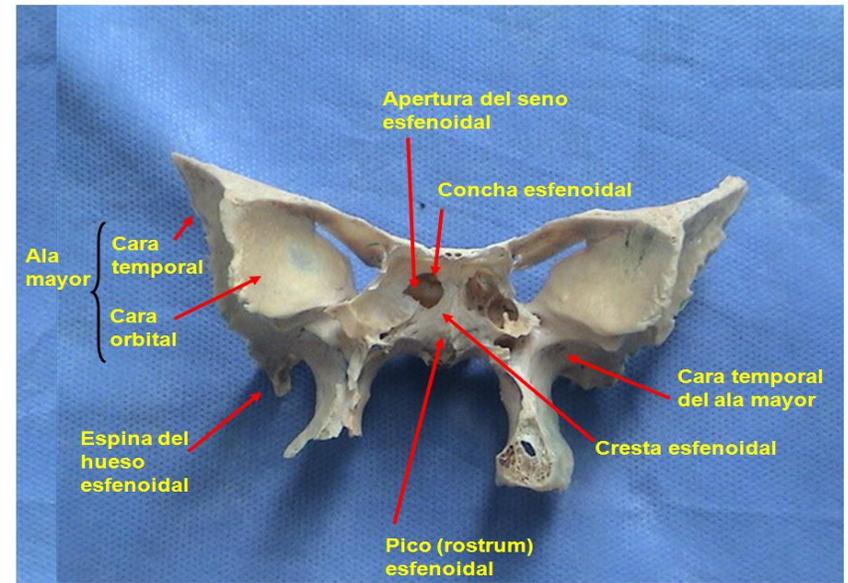
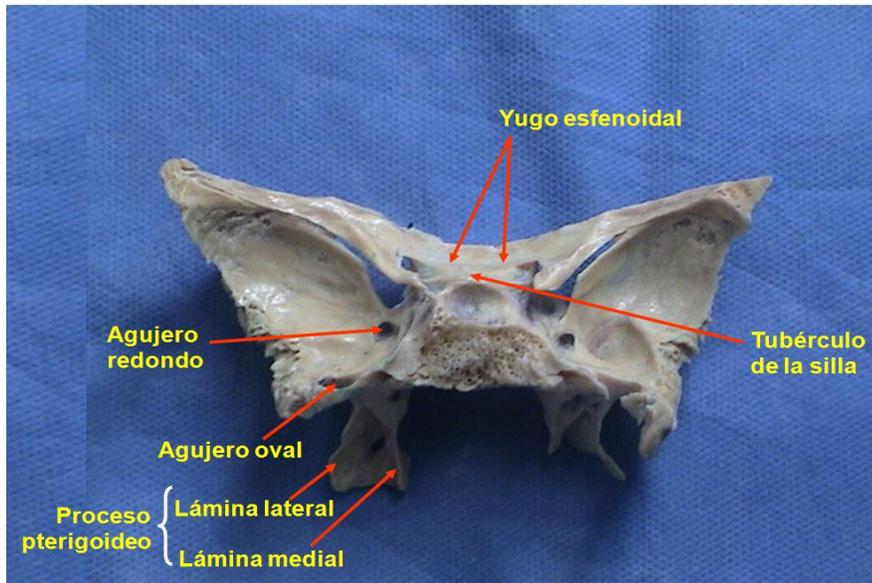
|   |                        |
|---|------------------------|
| 1 | Fontanela anterior     |
| 2 | Fontanela posterior.   |
| 3 | Fontanela mastoidea.   |
| 4 | Fontanela esfenoideal. |

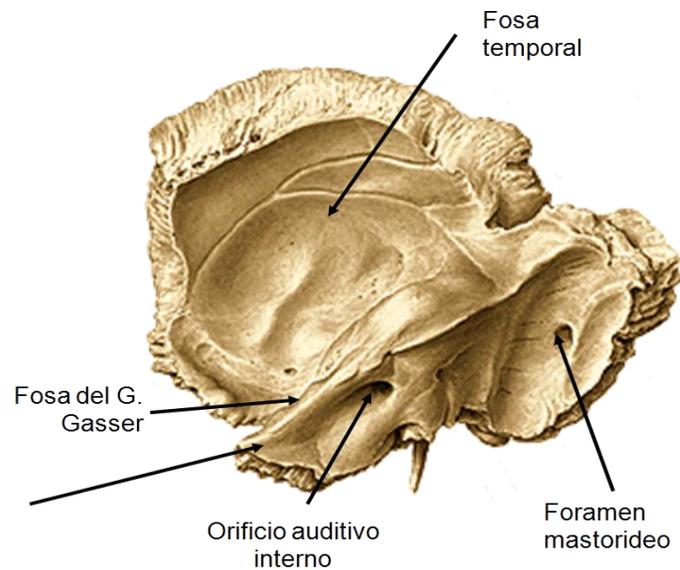


|   |                      |
|---|----------------------|
| 1 | Fontanela anterior   |
| 2 | Fontanela posterior. |



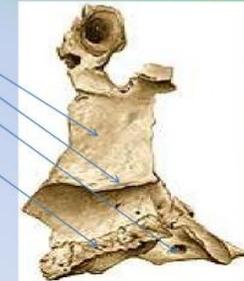
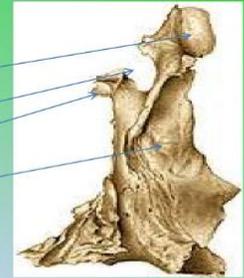






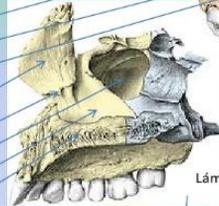
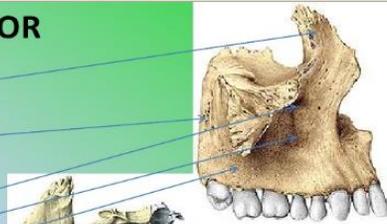
## PALATINO

- Apòfisis orbitaria
- Escotadura palatina
- Apòfisis esfenoidal
- Làmina Vertical.
- Cresta turbinal sup
- Orificio palatino post.
- Làmina Horizontal:

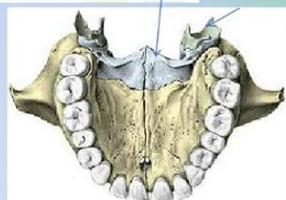


## MAXILAR SUPERIOR

- ❖ **Cara externa:**
  - Apòfisis Frontal
  - Canal lacrimonasal
- Conductos alveolares post
- Cresta cigomatoalveolar
  - Fosita mirtiforme
  - Orificio suborbitario
- Eminencias y fosa canina
- Tuberosidad del maxilar
  - ❖ **Cara medial:**
    - Apòfisis frontal
    - Cresta turbinal
    - Seno maxilar
    - Cara nasal
  - Apòfisis palatina
  - ❖ **Cara Inferior:**
    - Orificio incisivo
- Sutura palatina media
  - Sutura Incisiva



Làmina Horizontal del H. Palatino  
Ap. Pterigoides

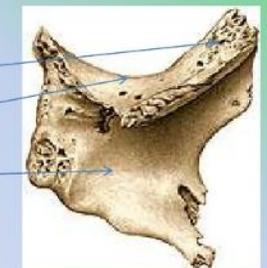
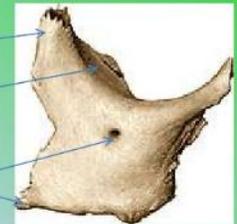


Ap Cigomàtica



## MALAR

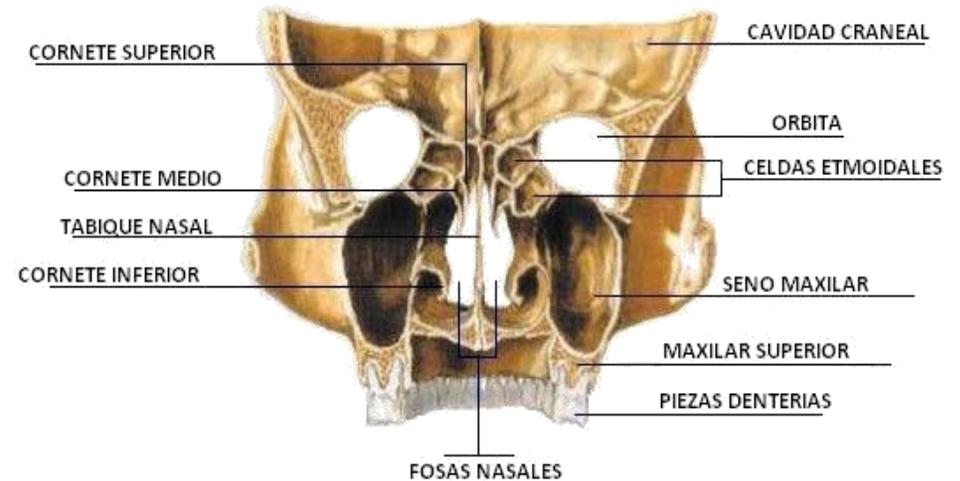
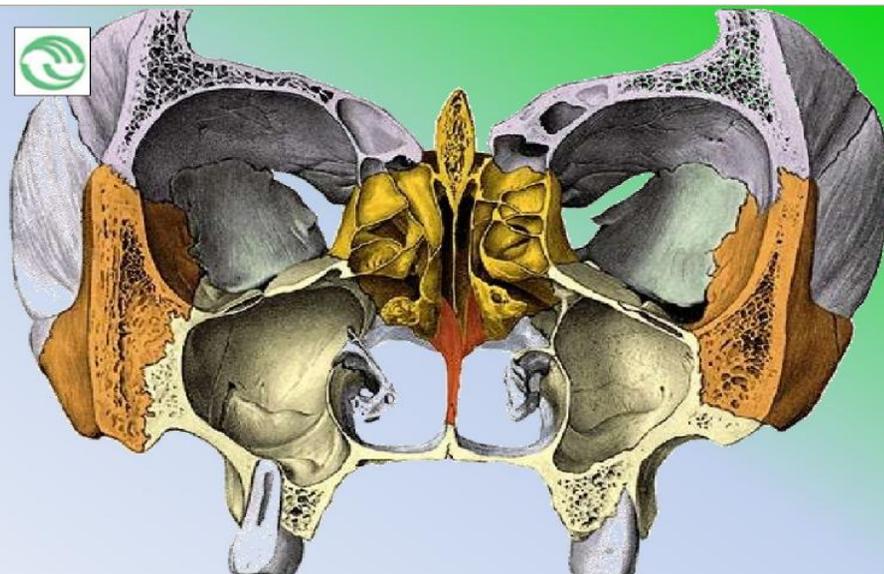
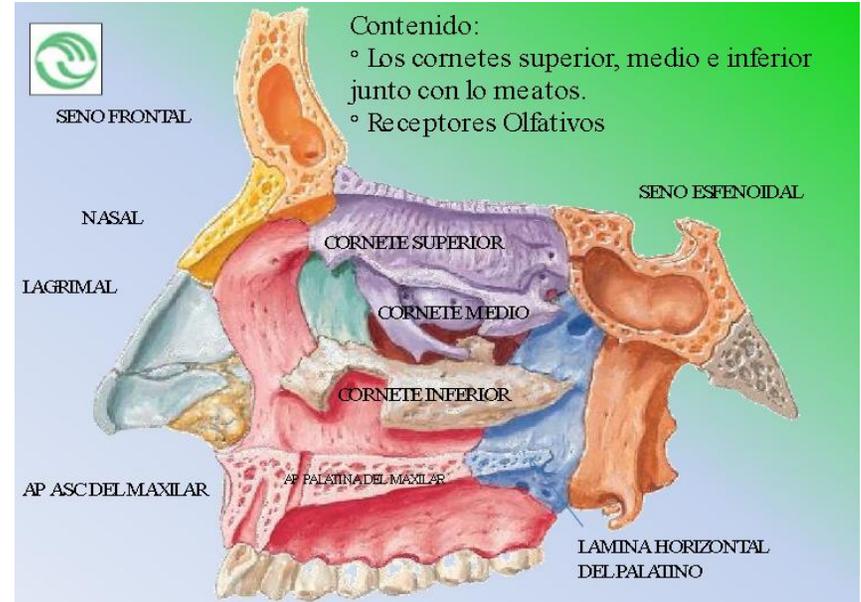
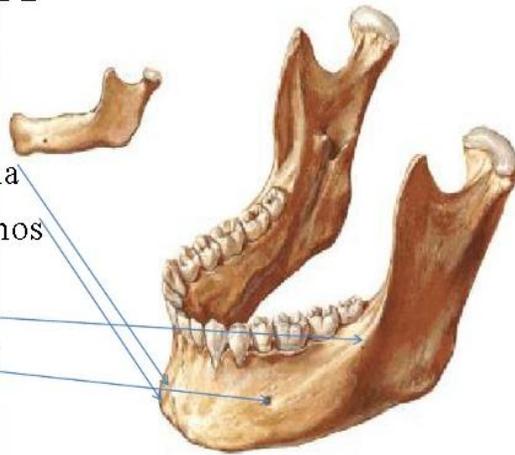
- ❖ **Cara externa:**
  - Apòfisis frontal
  - Cara orbitaria
  - Apòfisis temporal
- Orificio cigomaticoFacial
- Borde infraorbitario
- ❖ **Cara medial:**
  - Apòfisis frontal
  - Cara orbitaria
  - Cara temporal

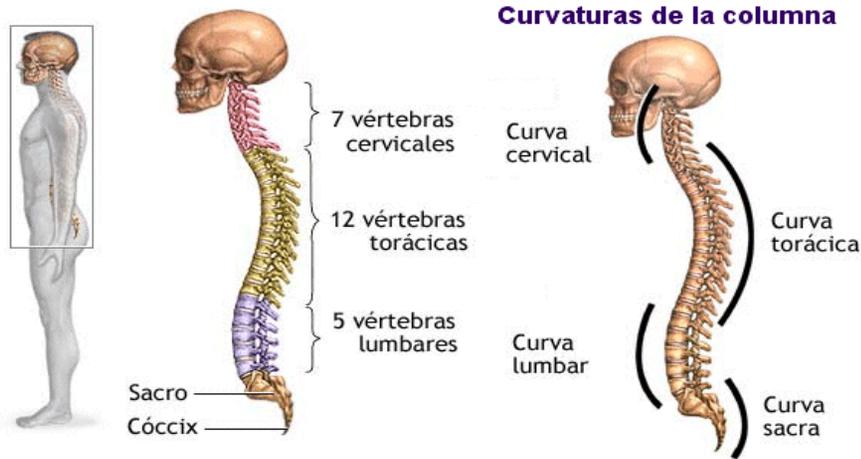


# MANDIBULA

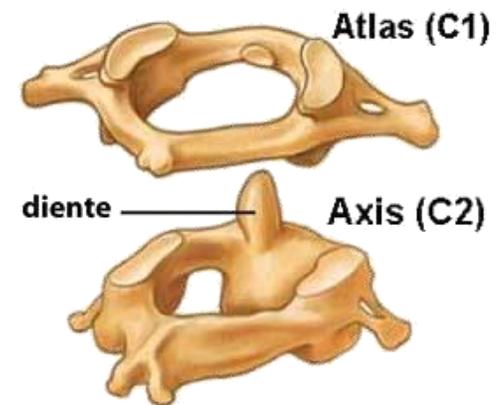
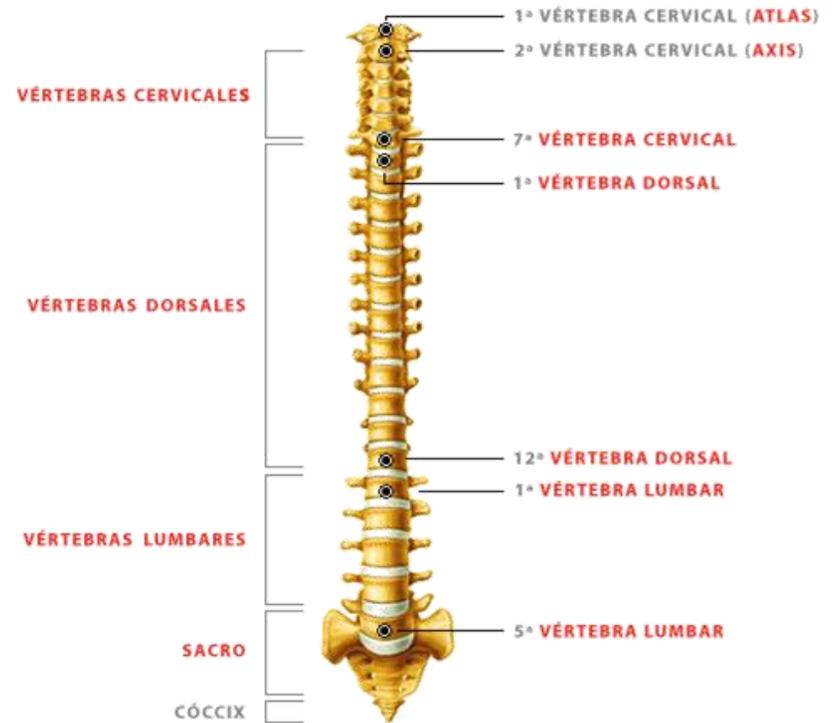
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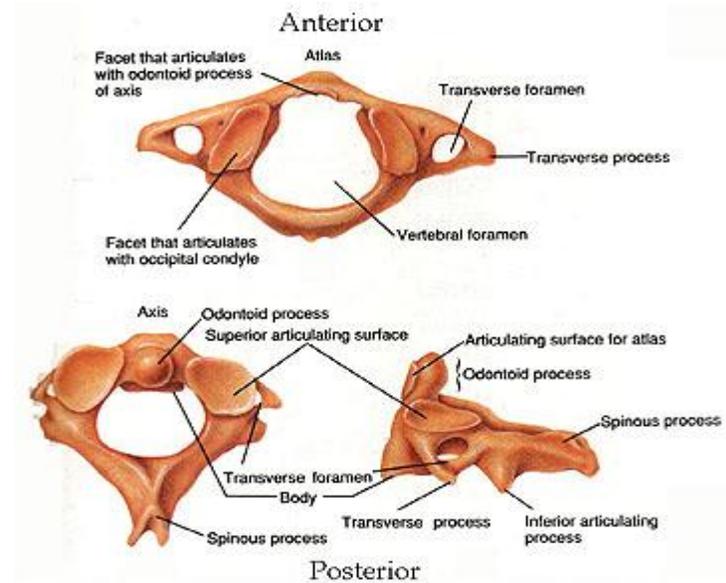
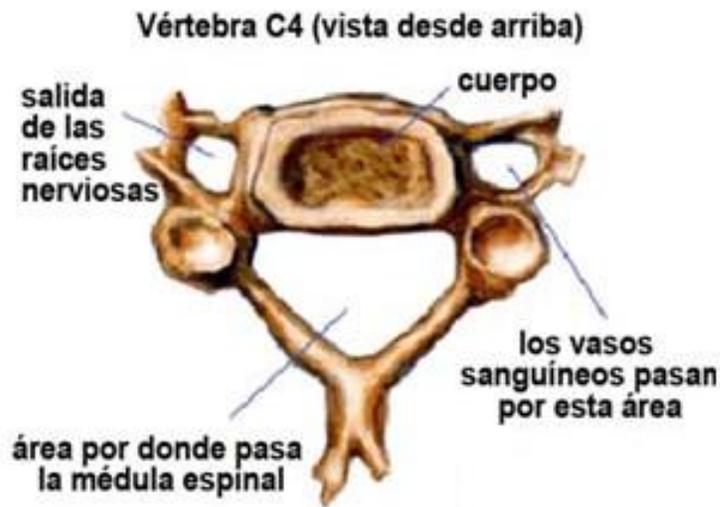
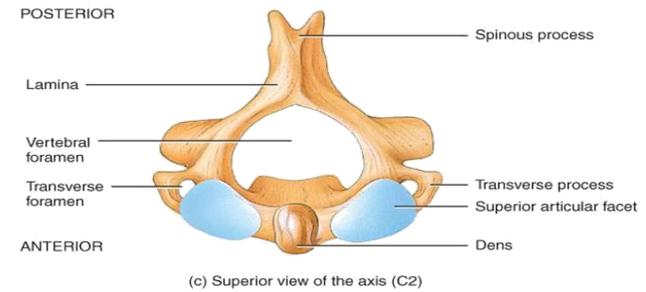
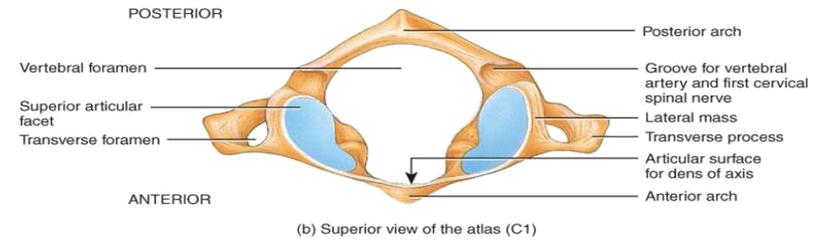
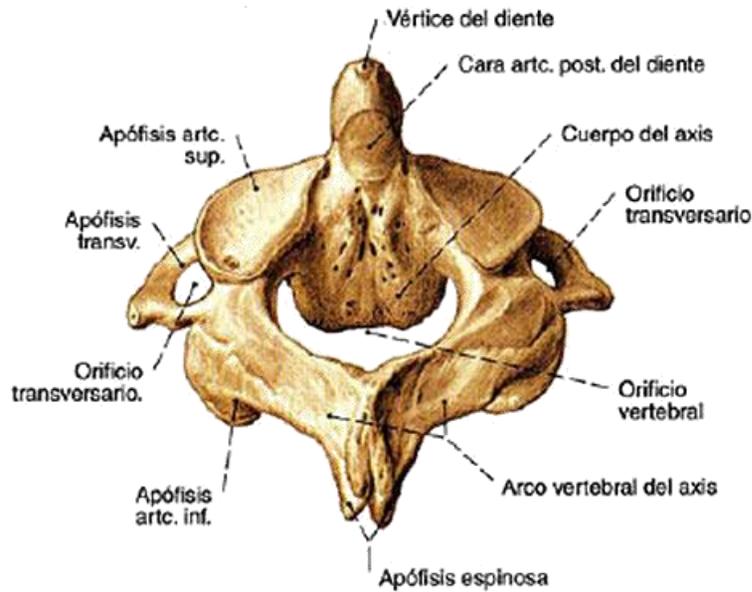
- Sínfisis del mentón
- Eminencia mentoniana
- Tubérculos mentonianos
- Fosita mentoniana
- Línea oblicua externa
- Agujero mentoniano
- Fosa retromaleolar



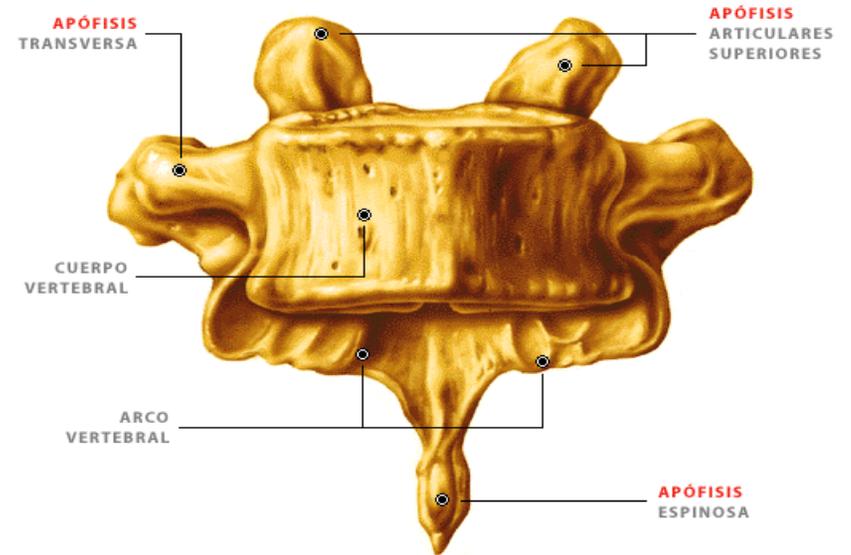
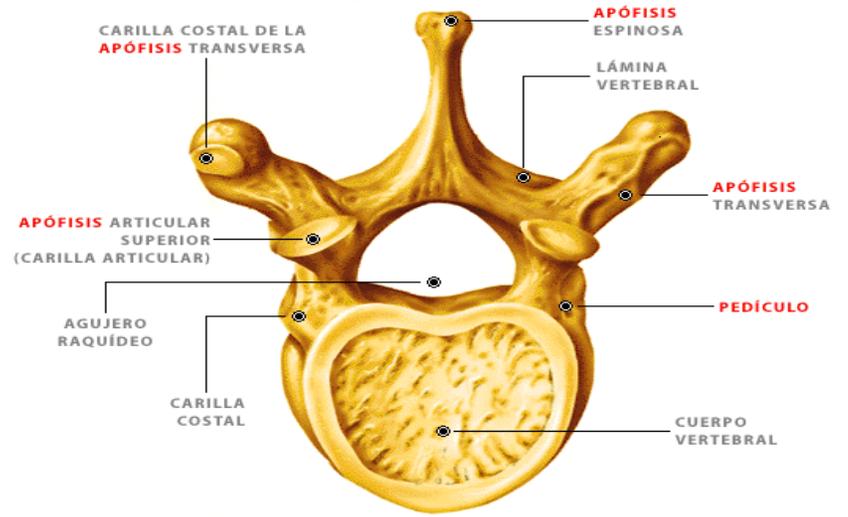
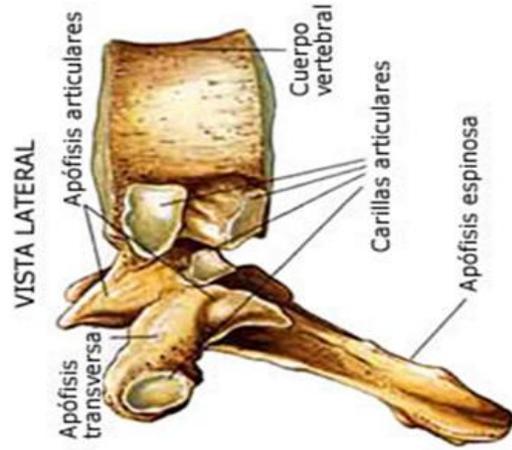
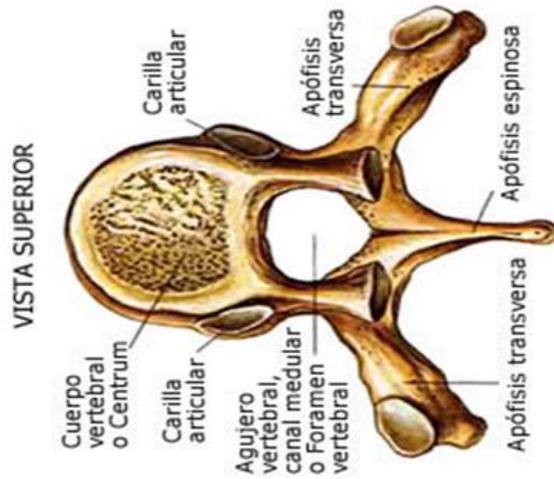


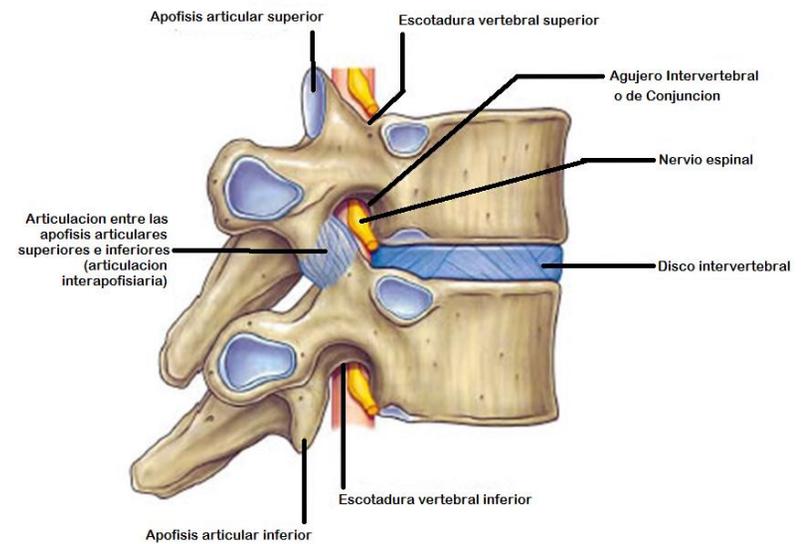
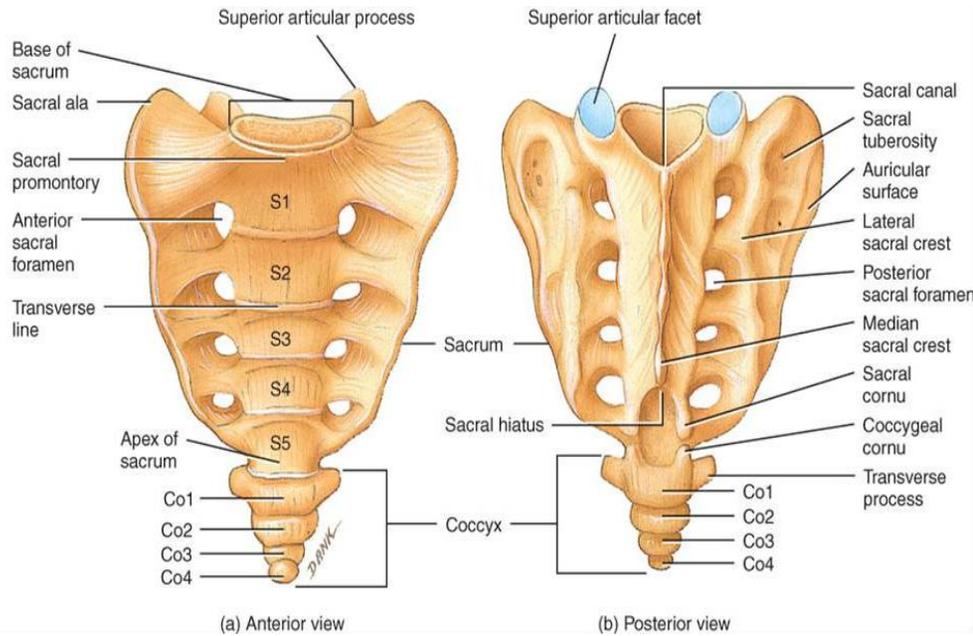
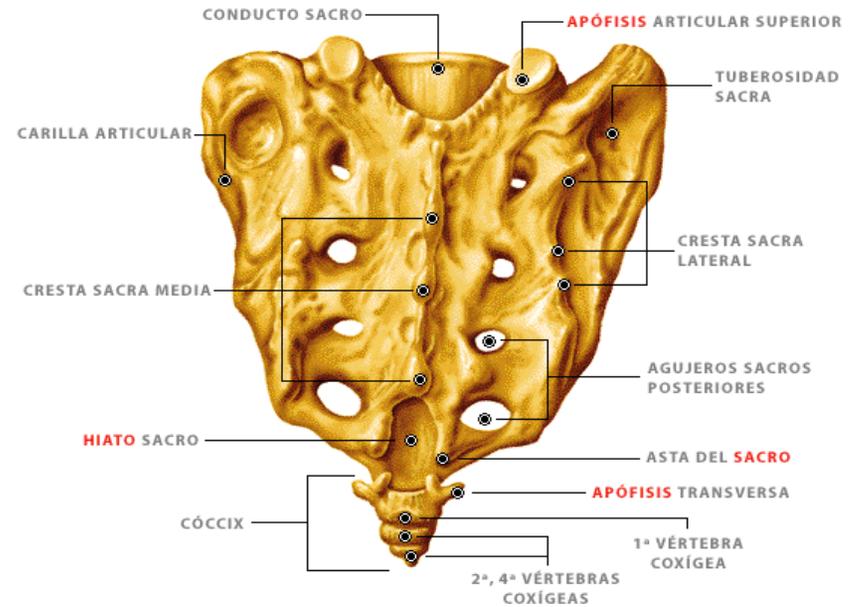
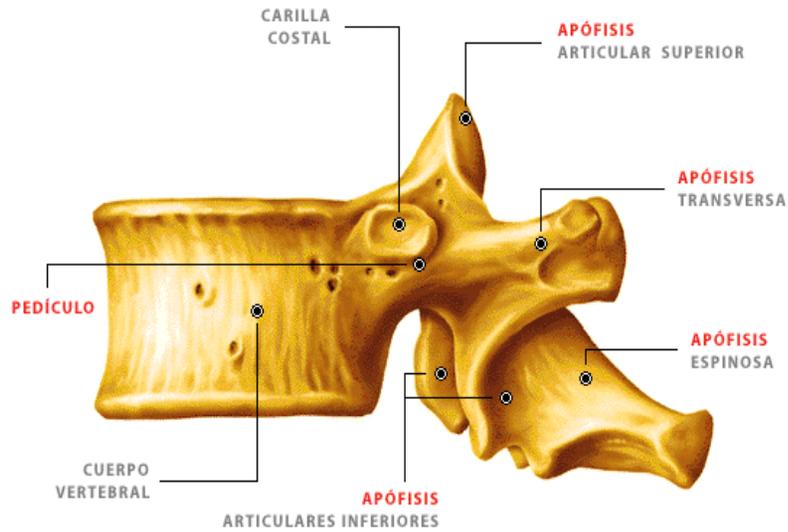
Hay cuatro curvaturas naturales en la columna vertebral: cervical, torácica, lumbar y sacra. Las curvaturas junto con los discos intervertebrales, ayudan a absorber y distribuir el esfuerzo que se presenta por las actividades diarias como caminar o por actividades más intensas tales como correr y saltar.



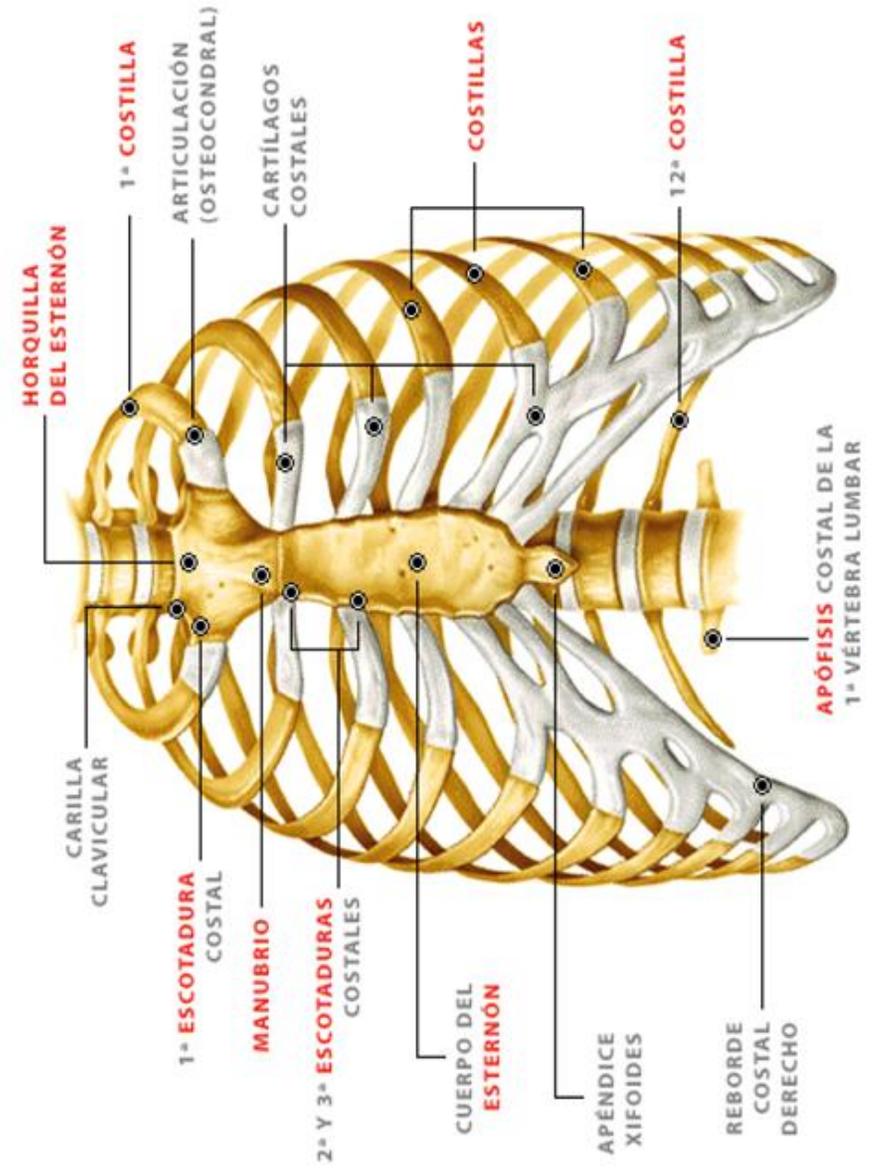


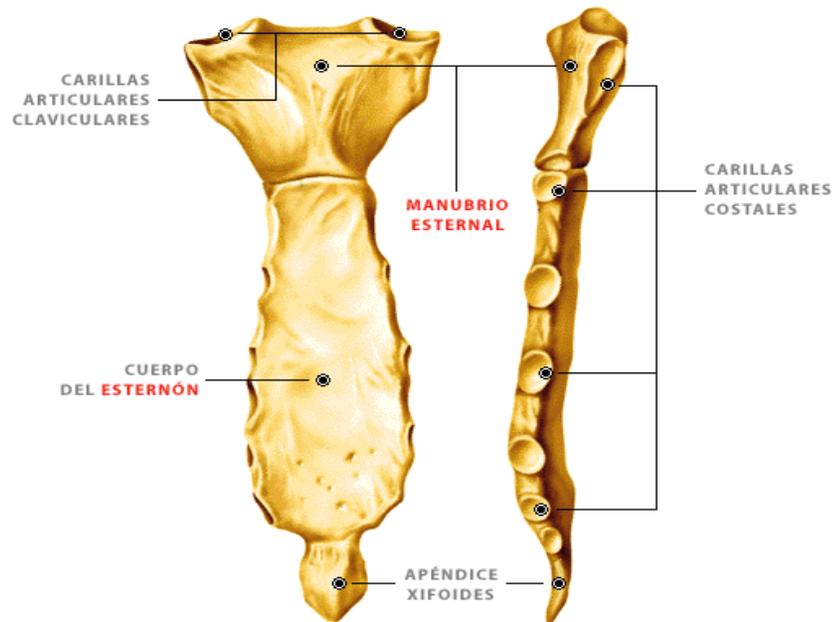
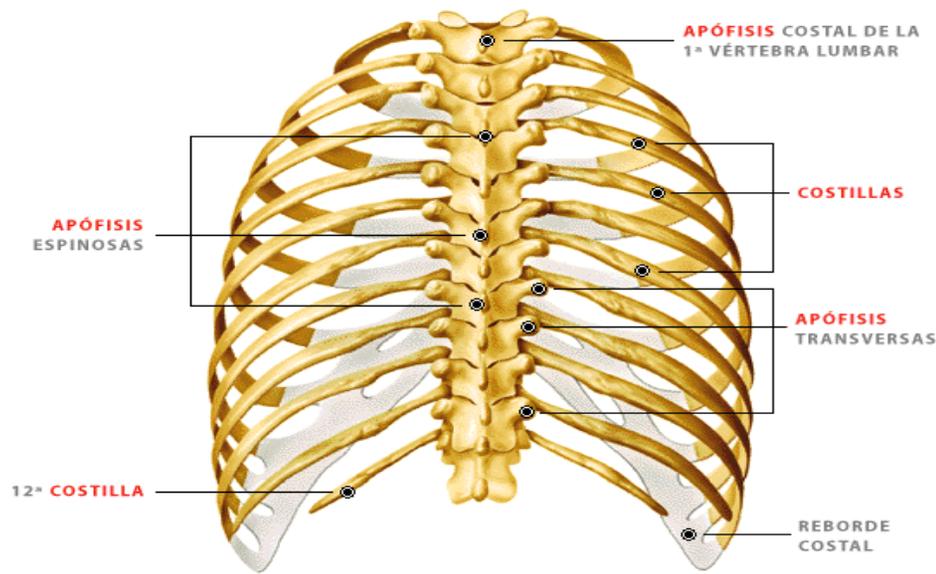
VÉRTEBRA DORSAL



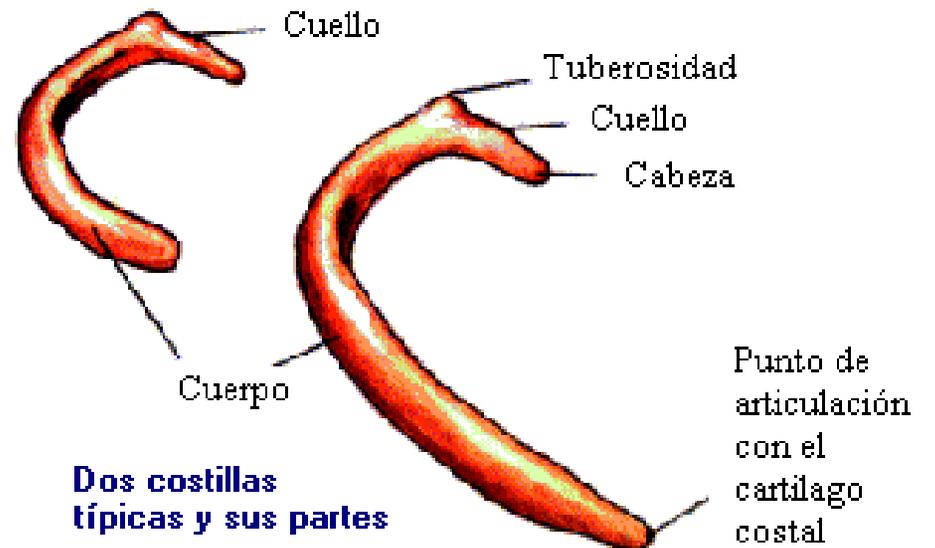
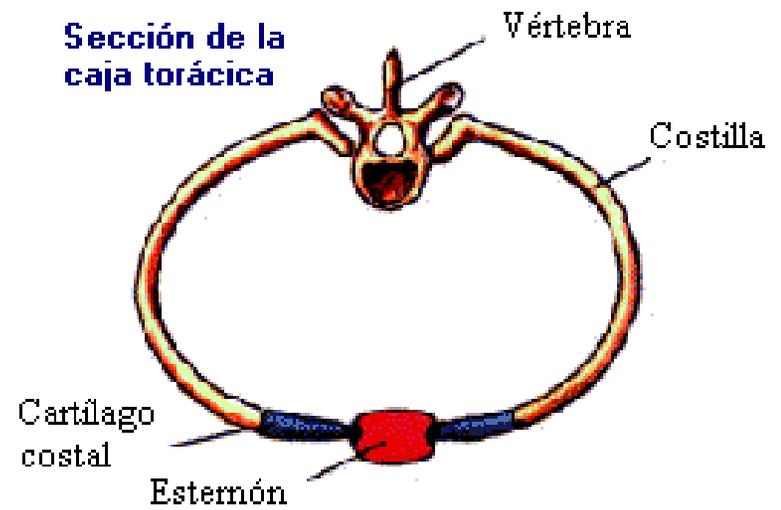


# EL TORAX

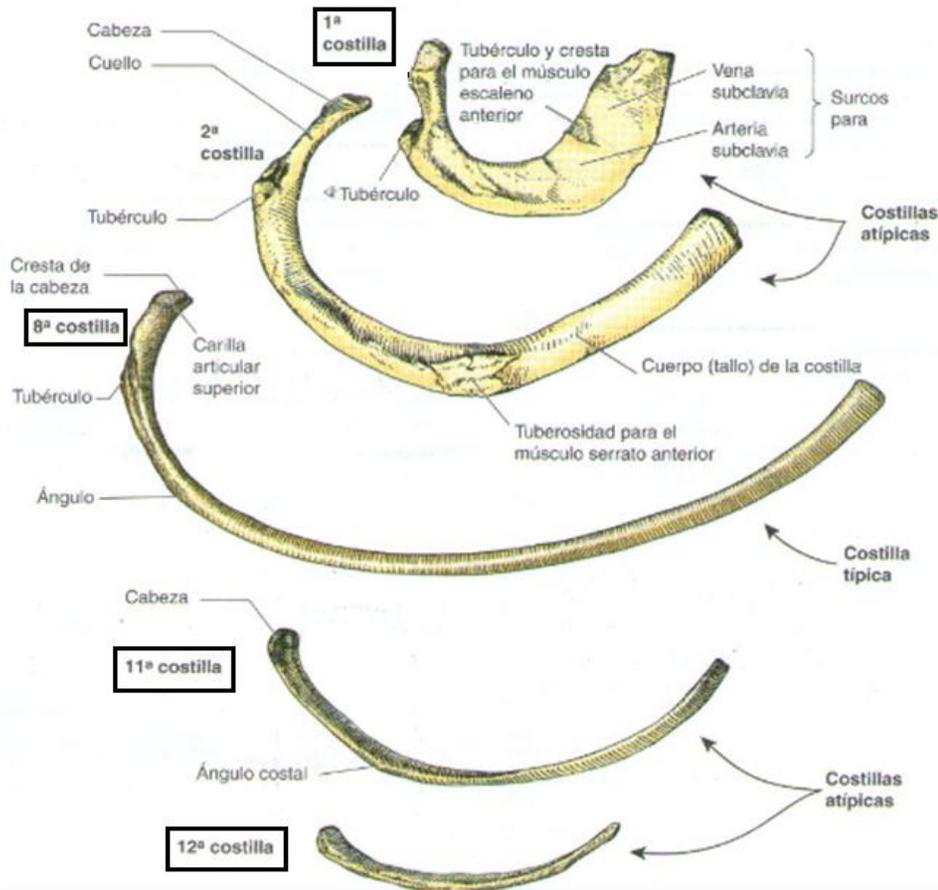




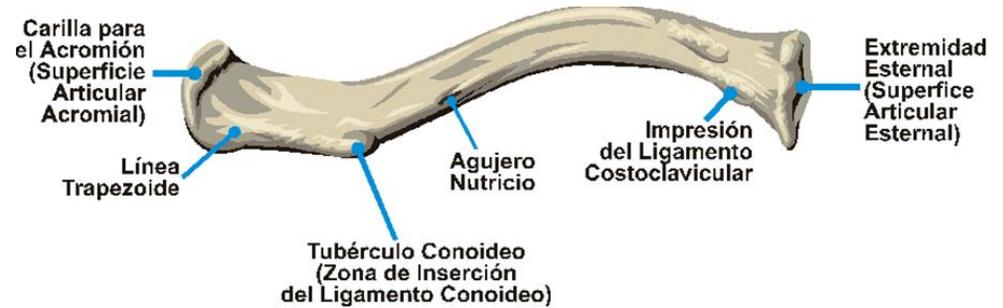
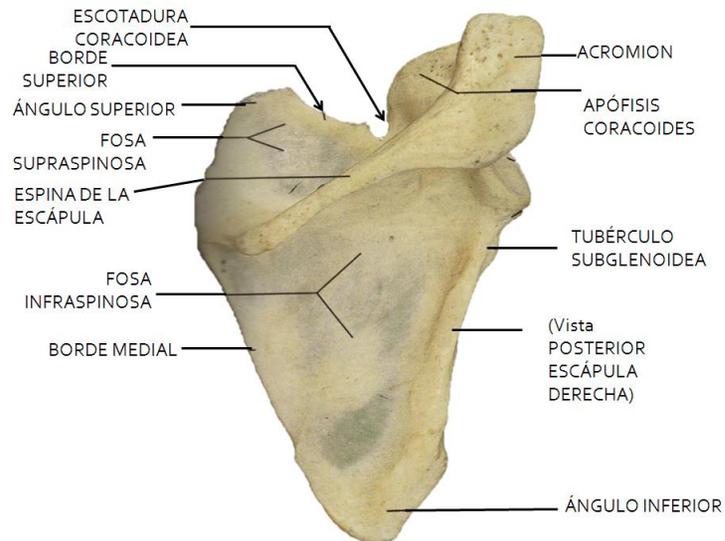
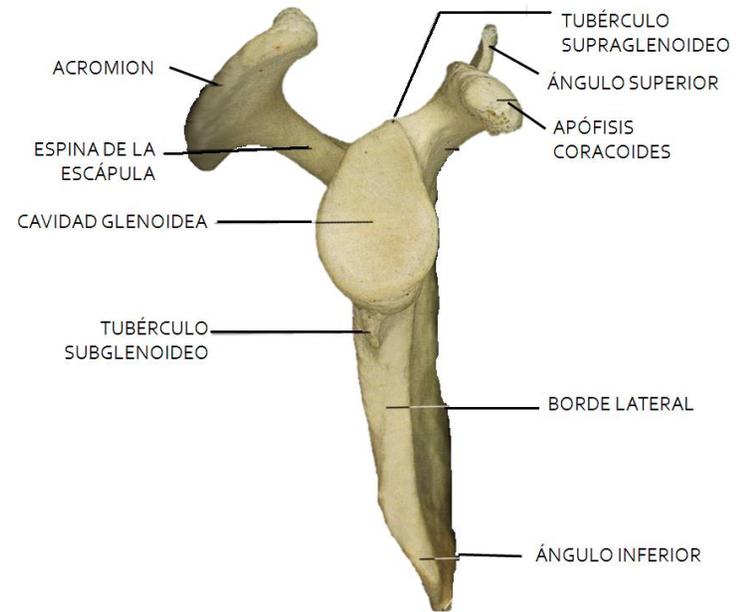
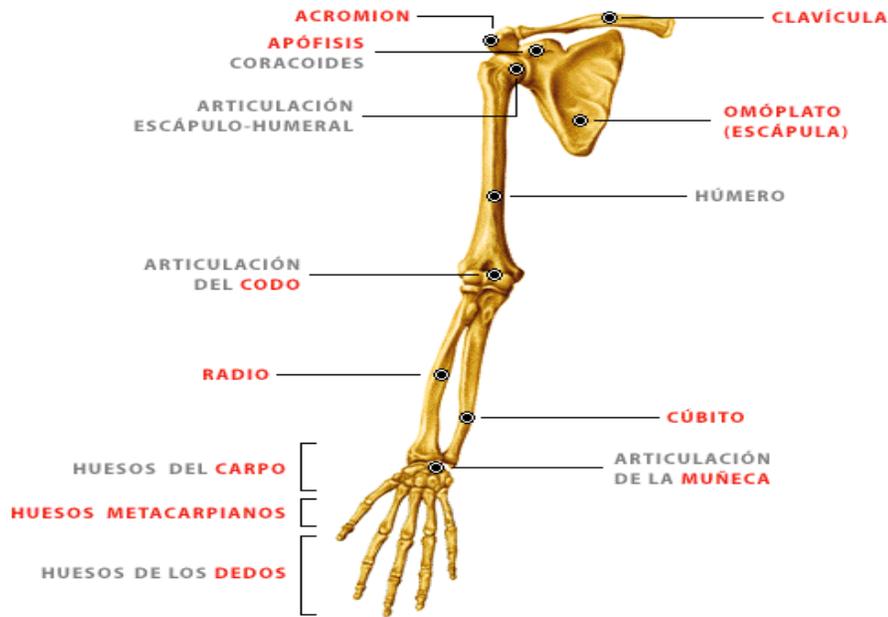
**Sección de la caja torácica**



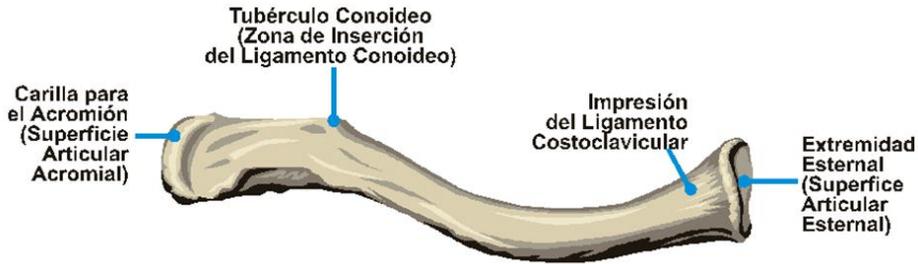
**Dos costillas típicas y sus partes**



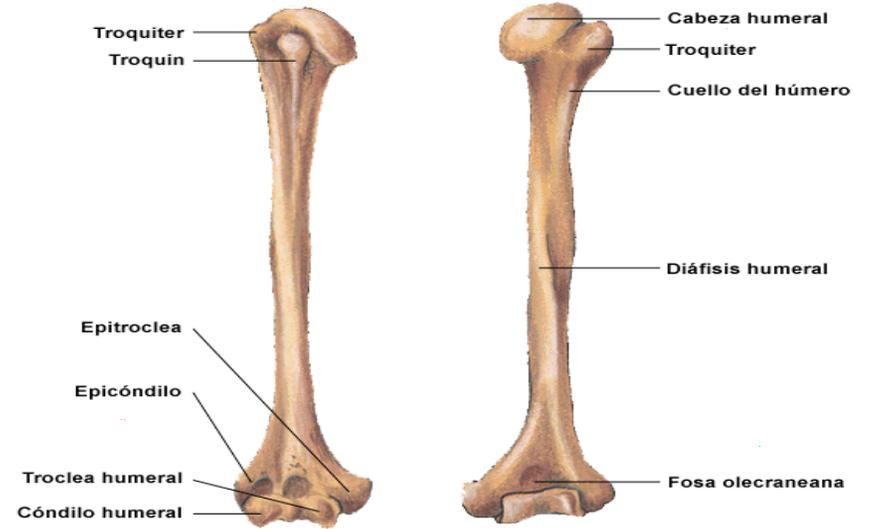
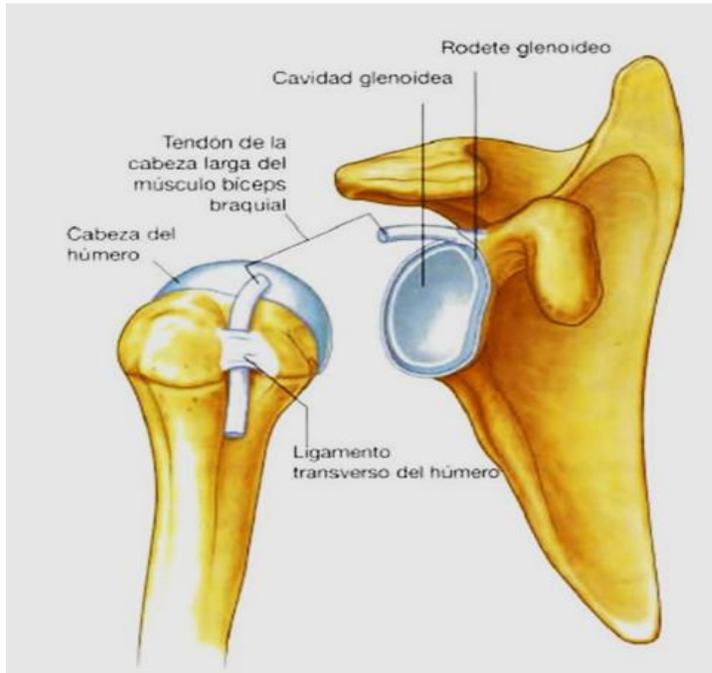
# MIEMBRO SUPERIOR



**Clavícula (Derecha)**  
**(Vista Inferior)**

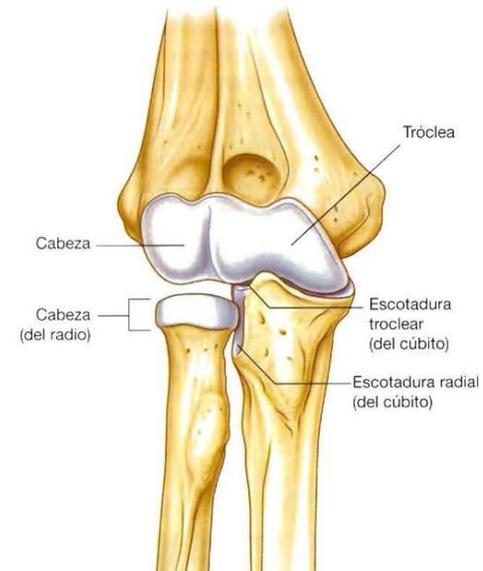


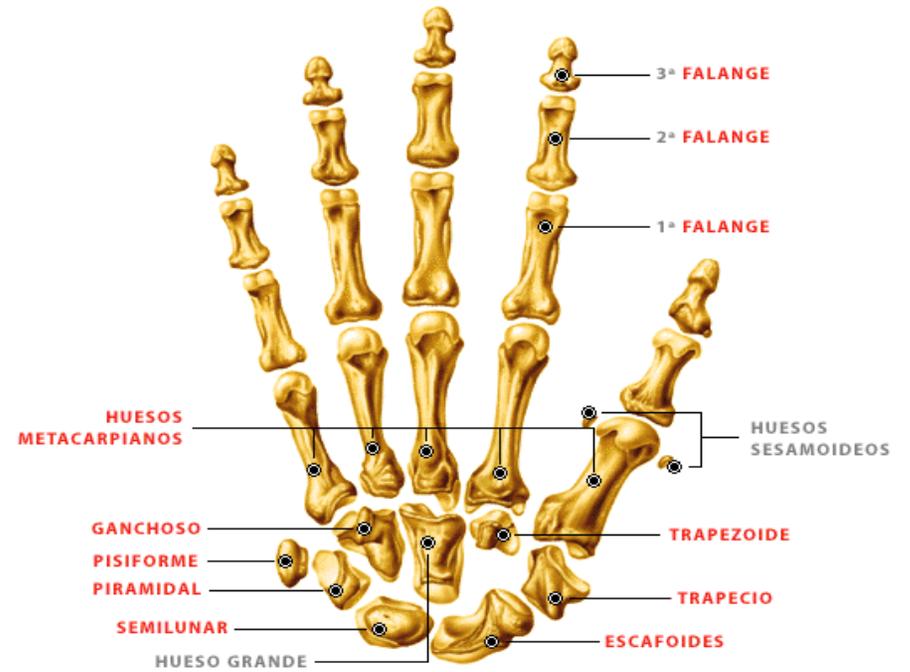
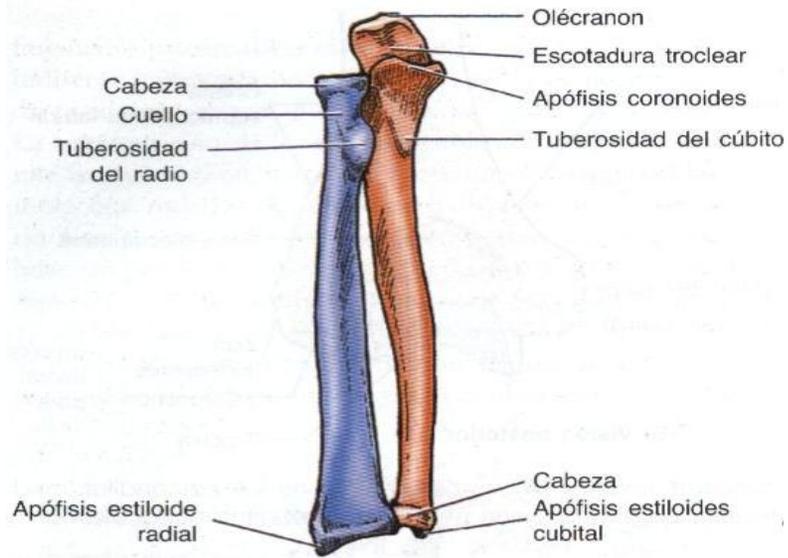
**Clavícula (Derecha)**  
**(Vista Superior)**



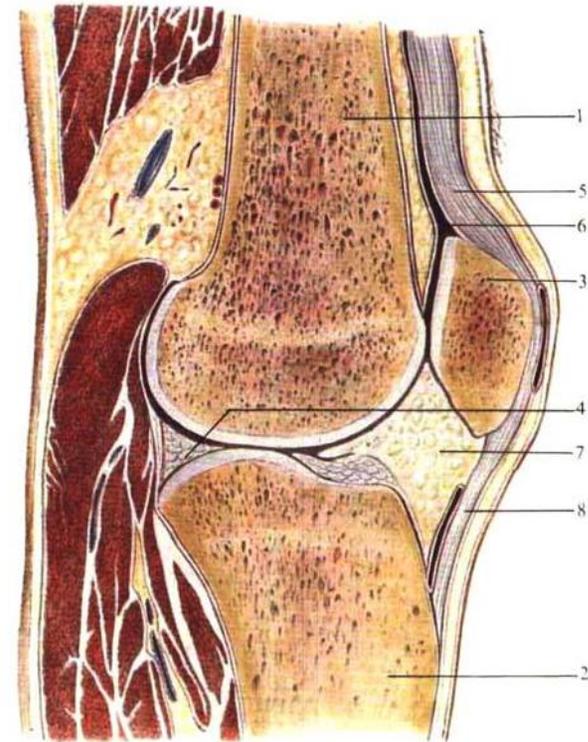
Visión anterior

Visión posterior

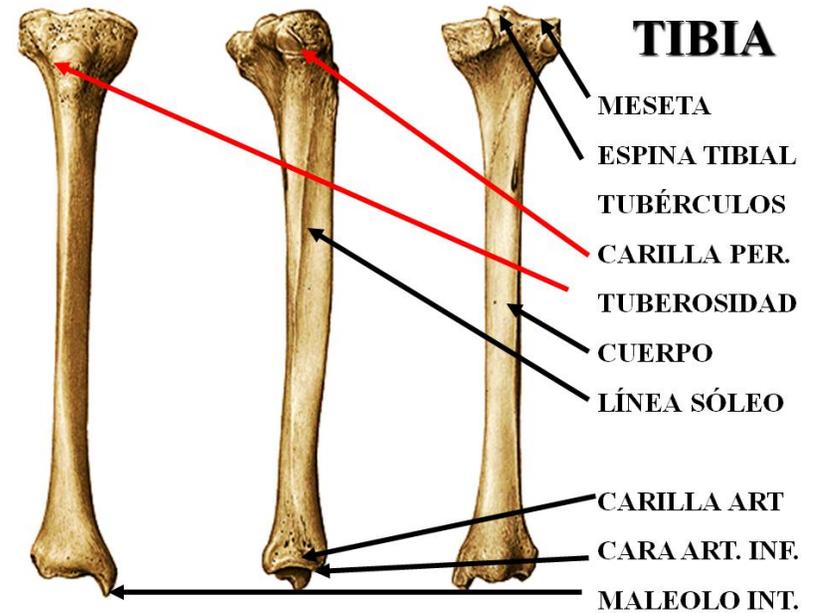
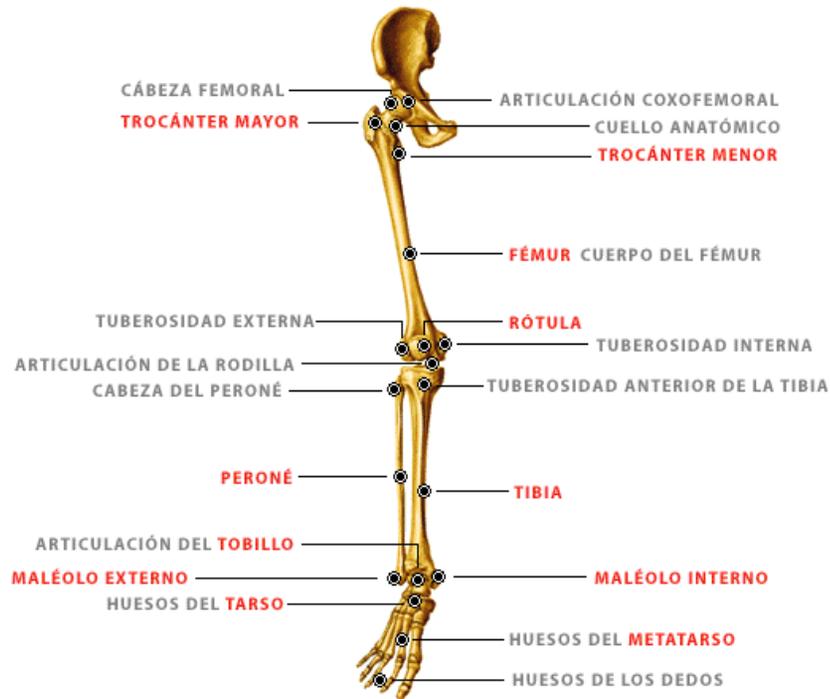
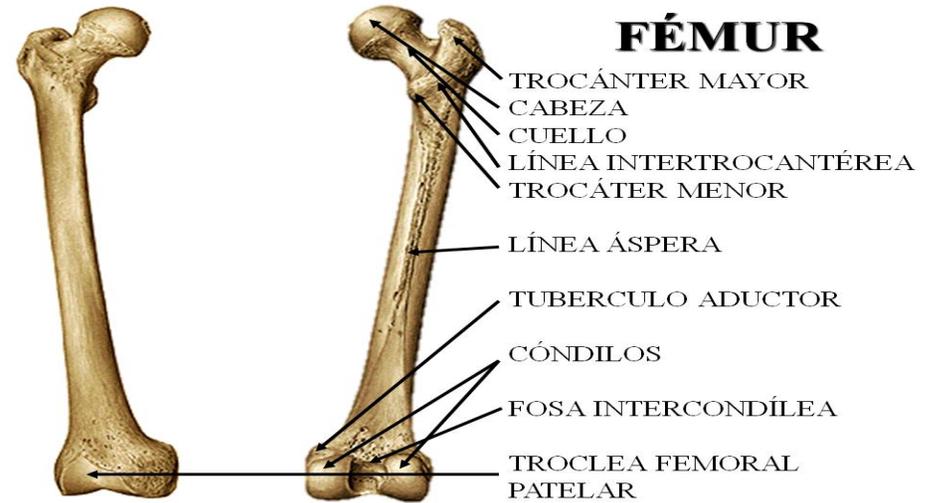
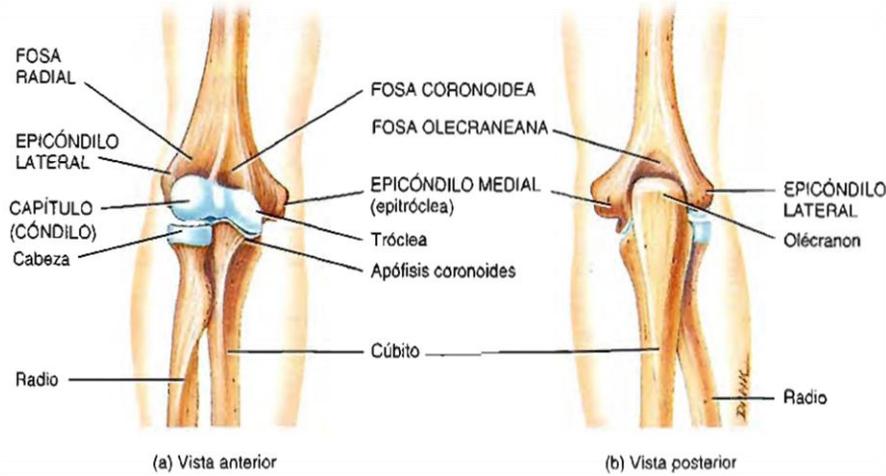


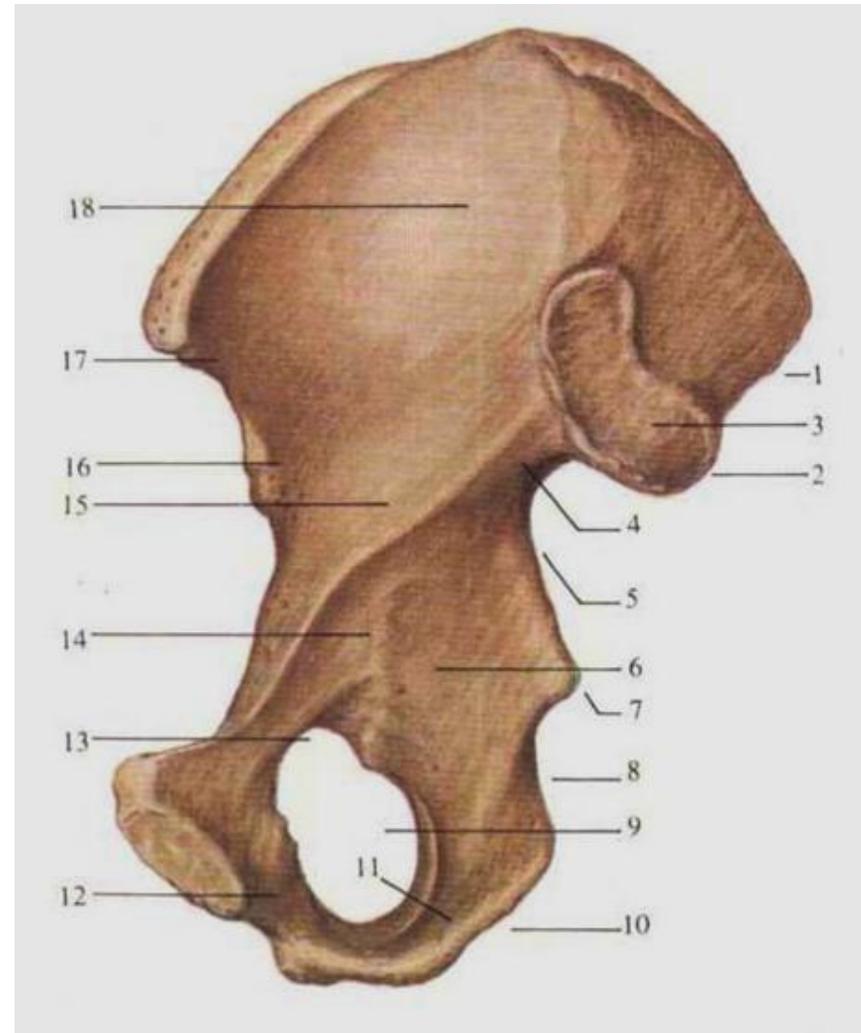
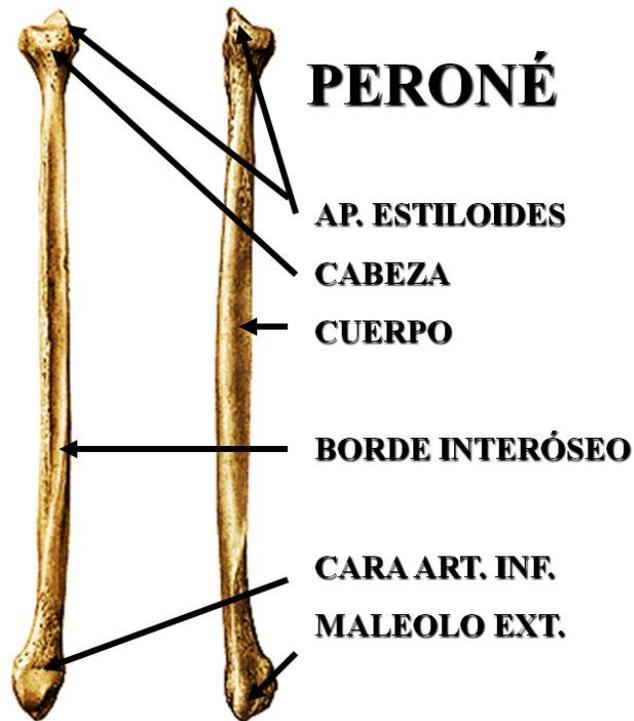


# MIEMBRO INFERIOR

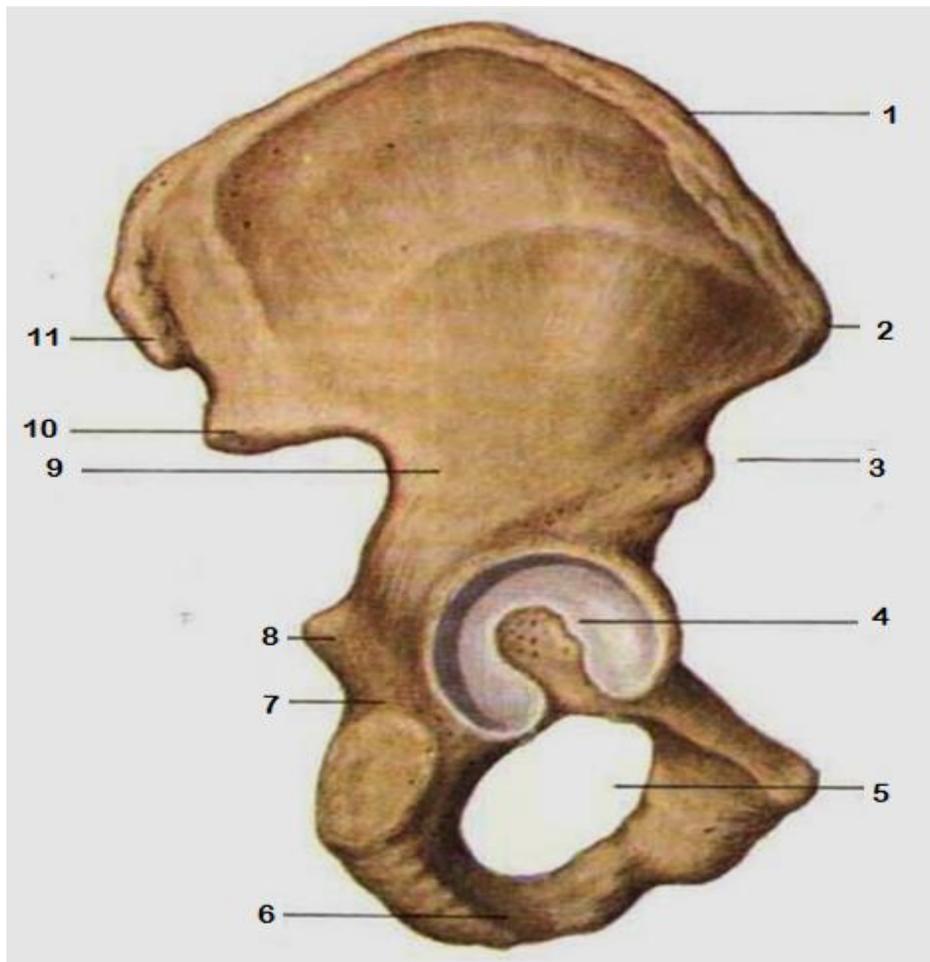


- 1 Femur
- 2 Tibia
- 3 Rotula
- 4 Menisco medial
- 5 Capsula articular
- 6 Cavidad articular.
- 7 Pliegue alar
- 8 Ligamento patelar.

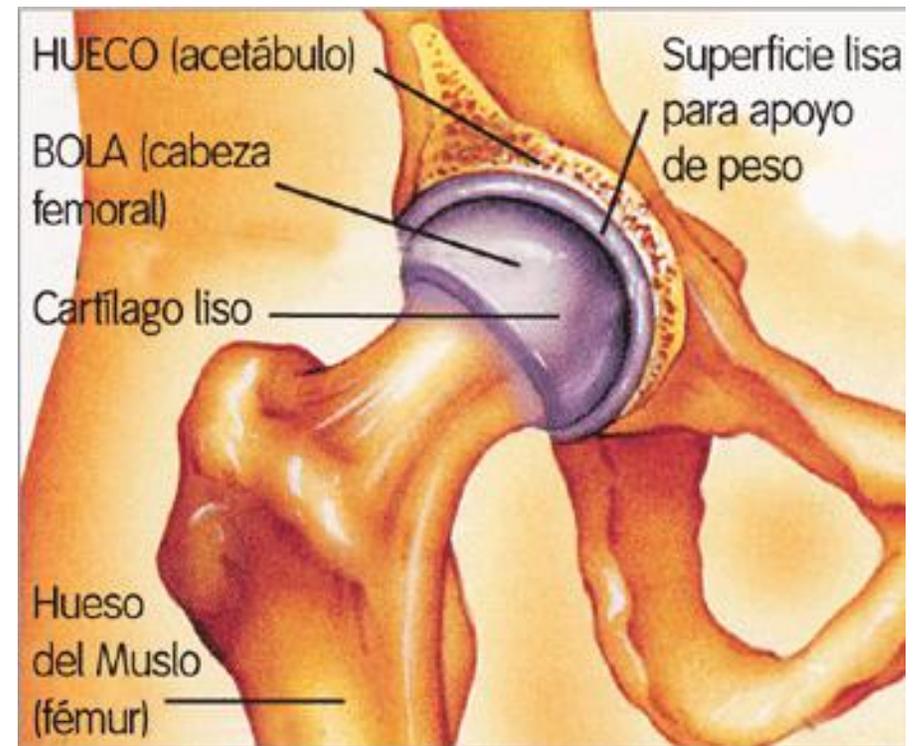




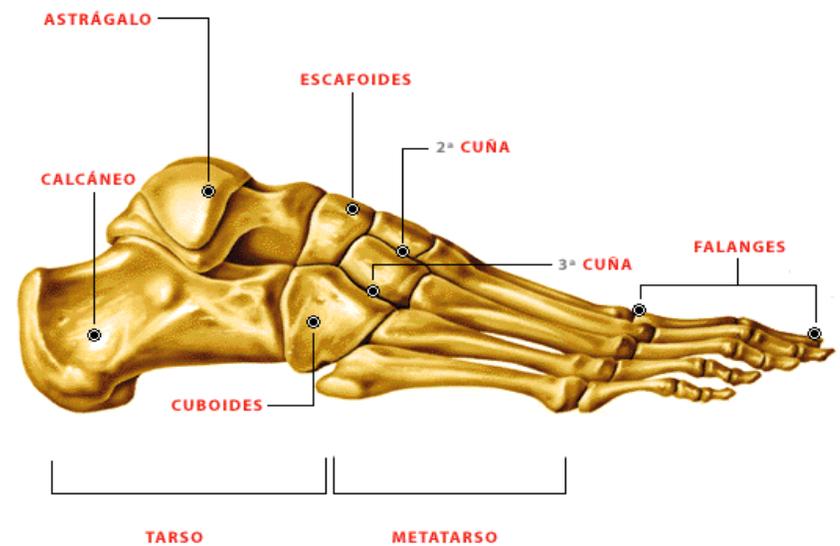
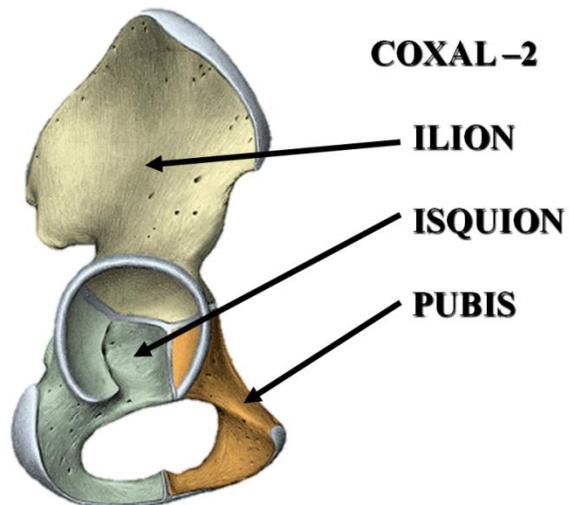
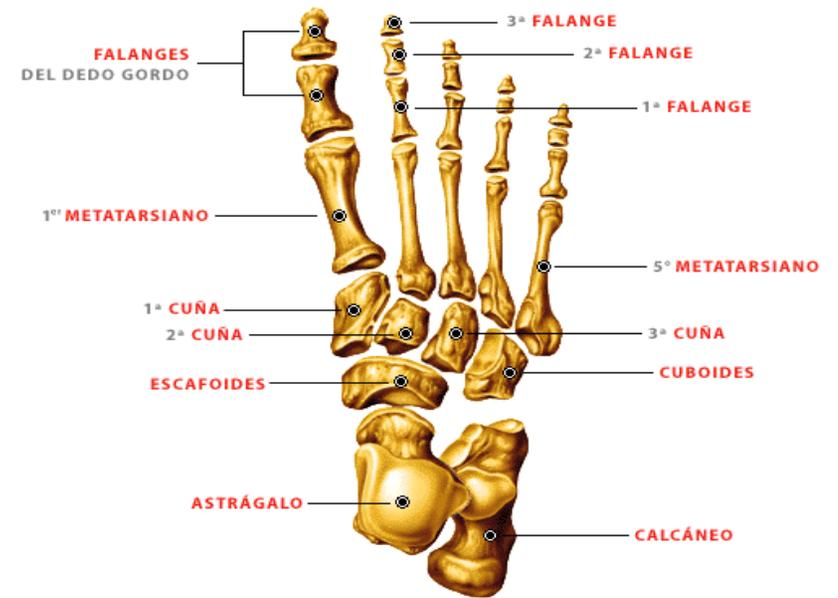
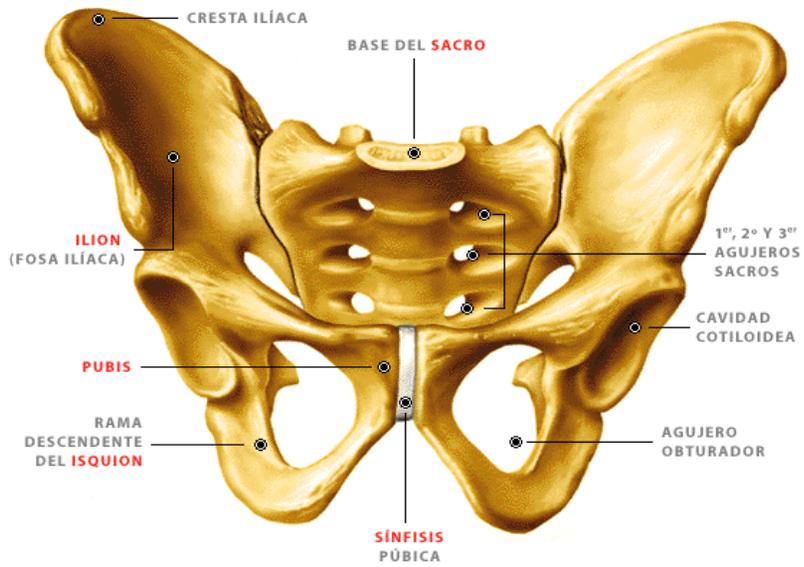
- |                                   |                                  |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 Espina iliaca postero superior. | 10 Tuberosidad isquiatica.       |
| 2 Espina iliaca postero inferior. | 11 Rama del isquion.             |
| 3 Cara auricular del ilion.       | 12 Rama inferior del pubis.      |
| 4 Línea arqueada.                 | 13 Rama superior del pubis.      |
| 5 Incisura isquiatica mayor.      | 14 Cuerpo del pubis.             |
| 6 Cuerpo del hueso isquion.       | 15 Cuerpo del hueso ilion.       |
| 7 Espina isquiatica.              | 16 Espina iliaca anteroinferior. |
| 8 Incisura isquiatica menor.      | 17 Espina iliaca anterosuperior. |
| 9 Agujero obturador.              | 18 Fosa iliaca.                  |



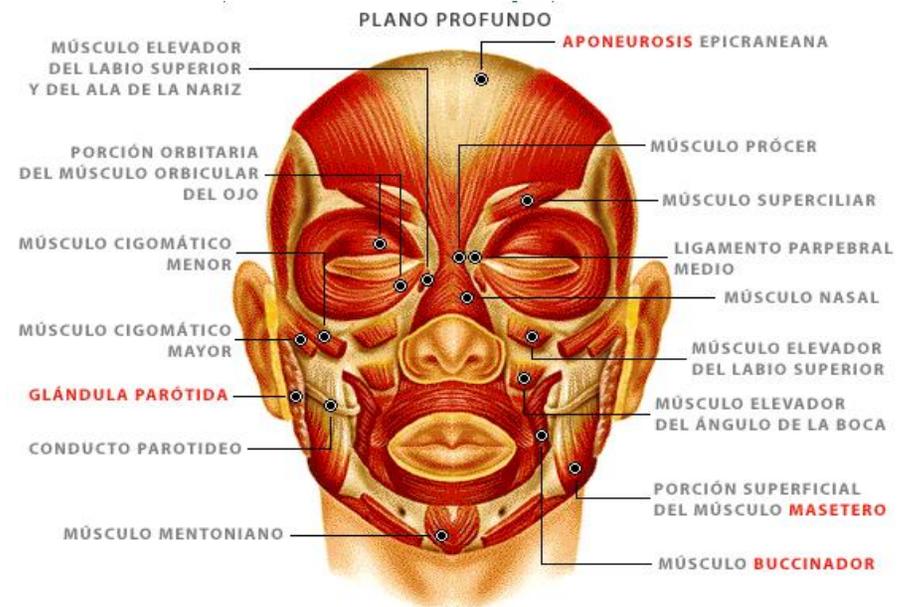
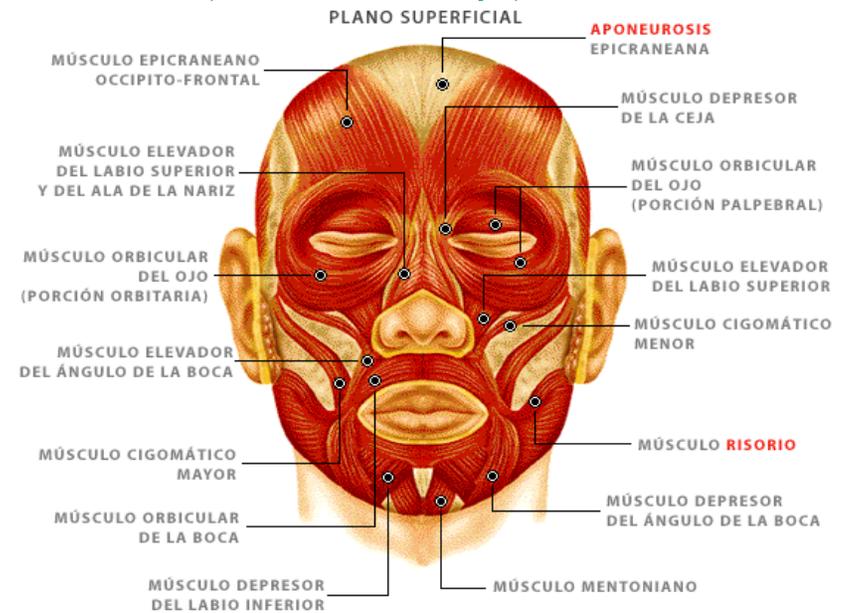
- |    |                                |
|----|--------------------------------|
| 1  | Cresta iliaca.                 |
| 2  | Espina iliaca anterosuperior.  |
| 3  | Espina iliaca anteroinferior.  |
| 4  | Fosa del acetabulo.            |
| 5  | Agujero obturador.             |
| 6  | Tuberosidad isquiatica.        |
| 7  | Incisura isquiatica menor.     |
| 8  | Espina isquiatica.             |
| 9  | Incisura isquiatica mayor.     |
| 10 | Espina iliaca posteroinferior. |
| 11 | espina iliaca posterosuperior. |

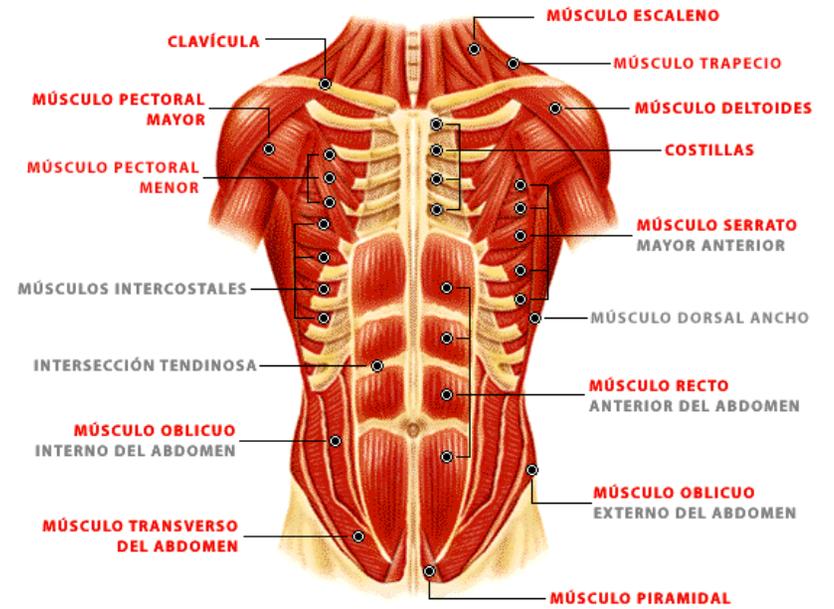
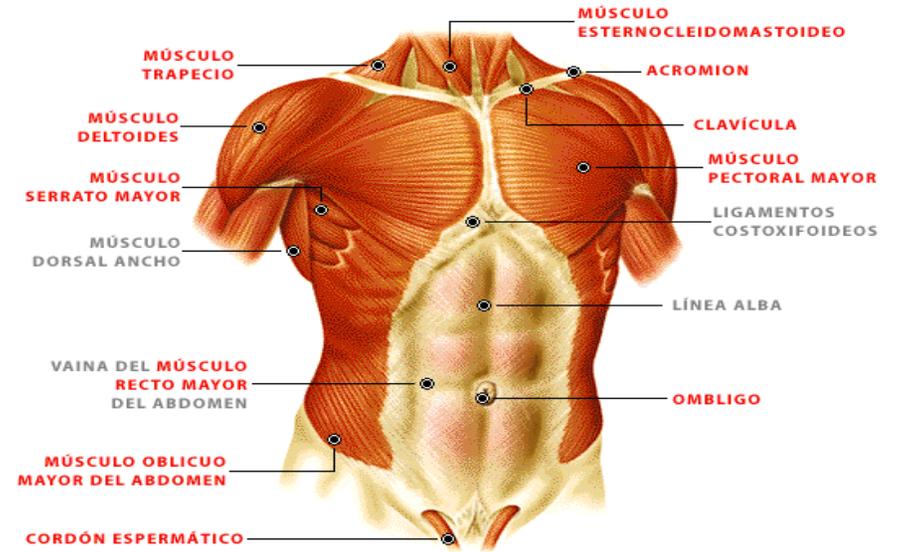
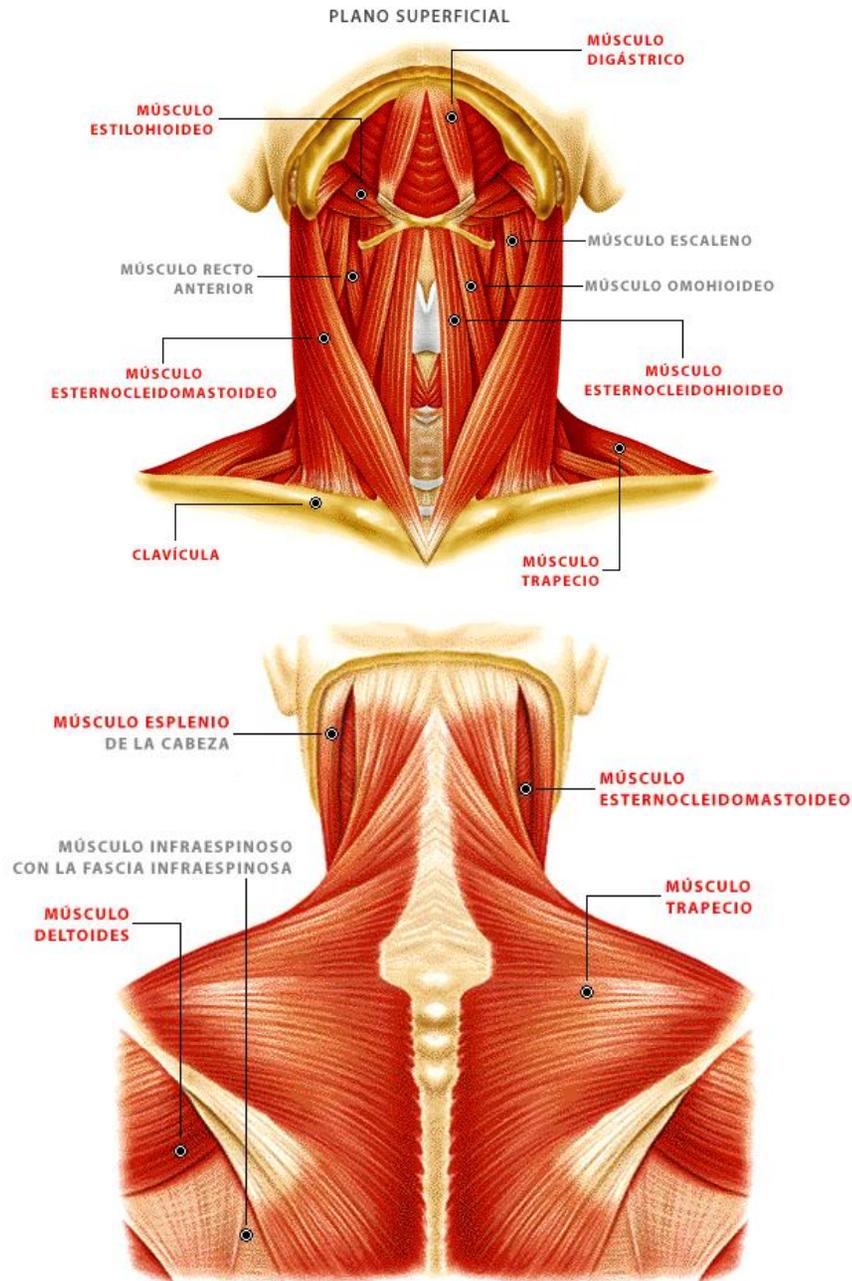


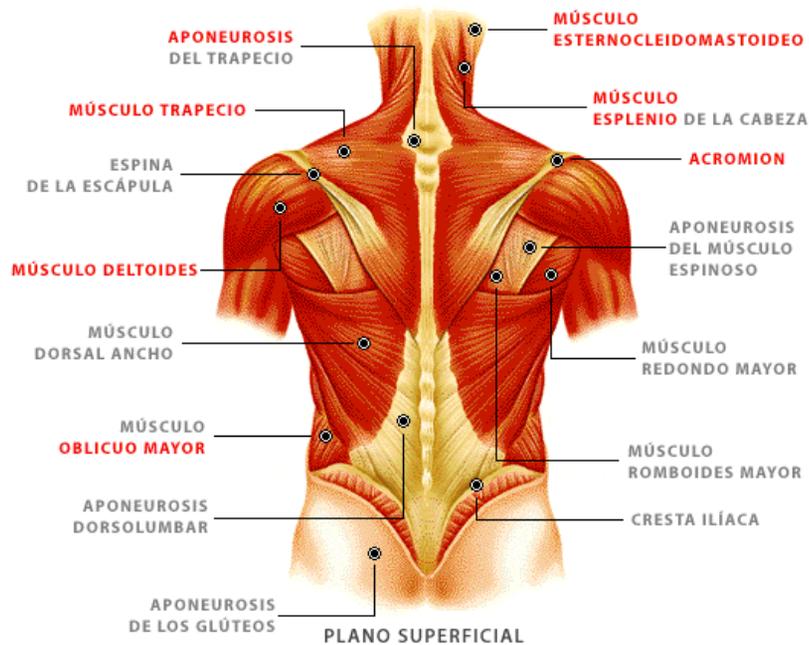
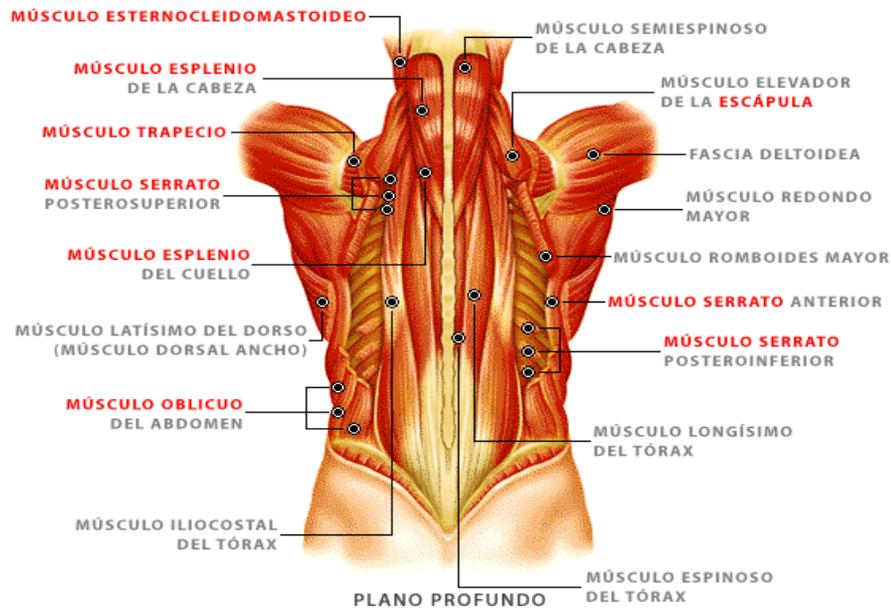
Articulación Coxofemoral



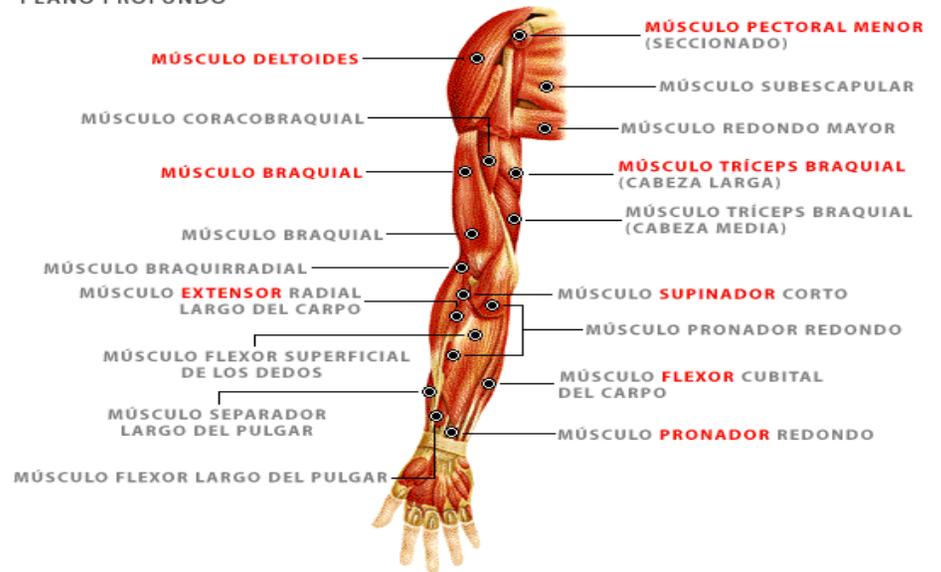
# SISTEMA MUSCULAR



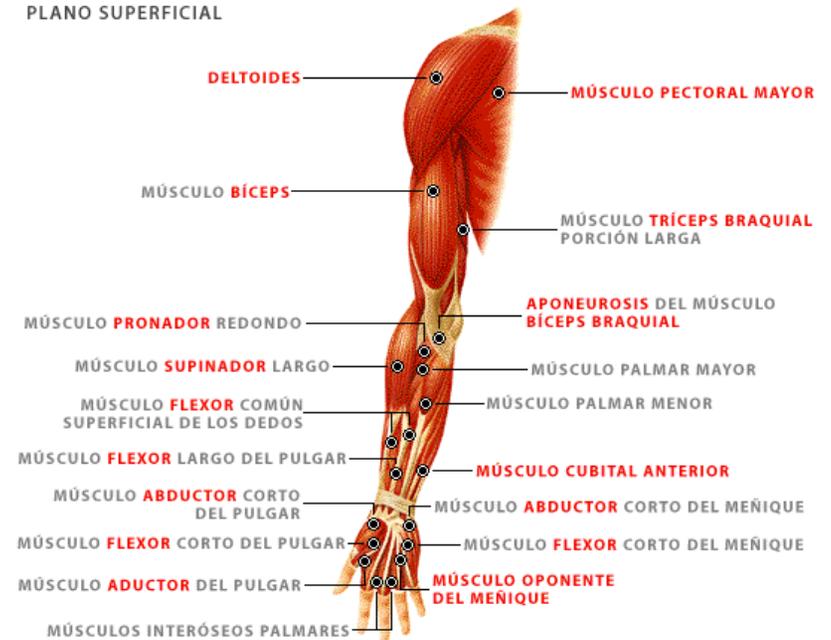


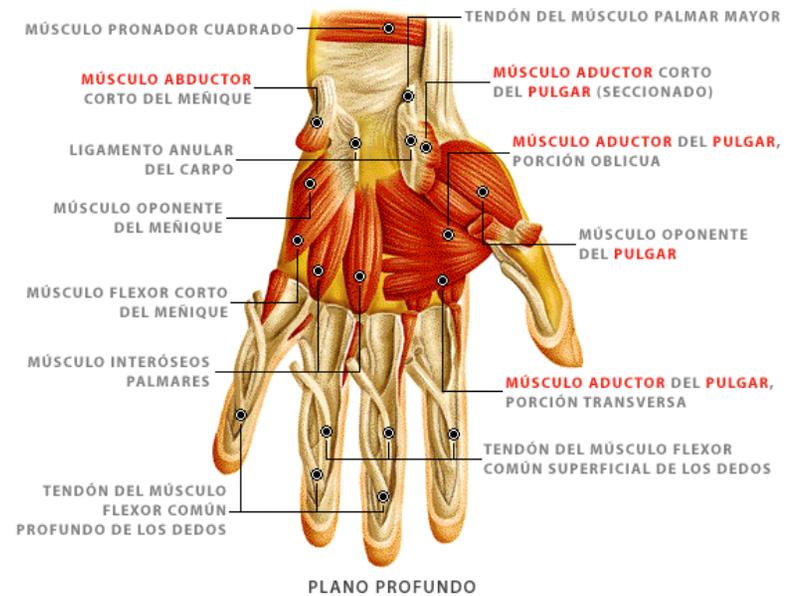
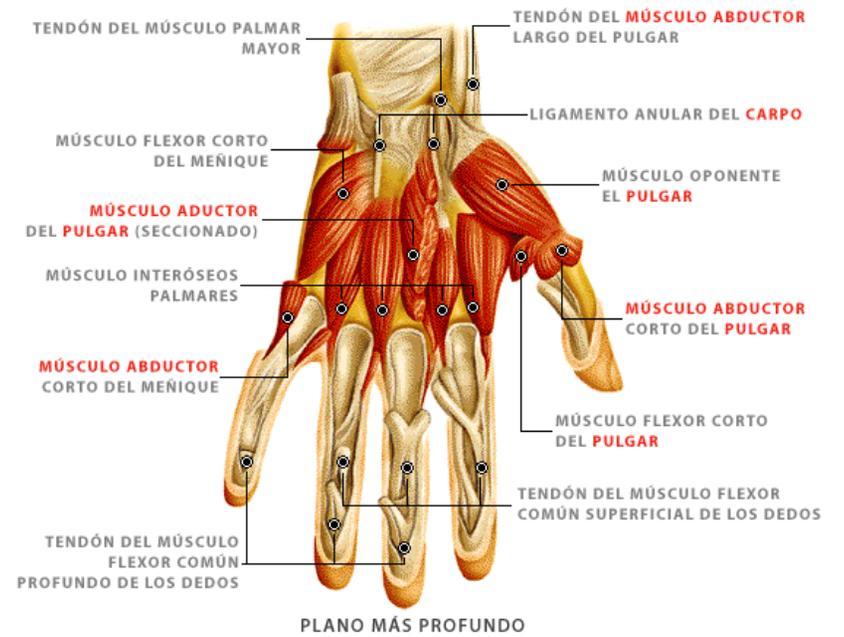
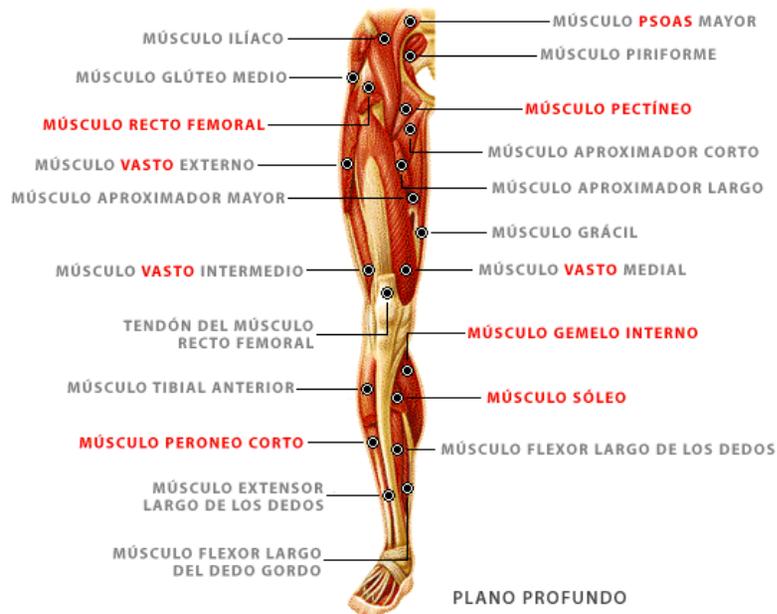
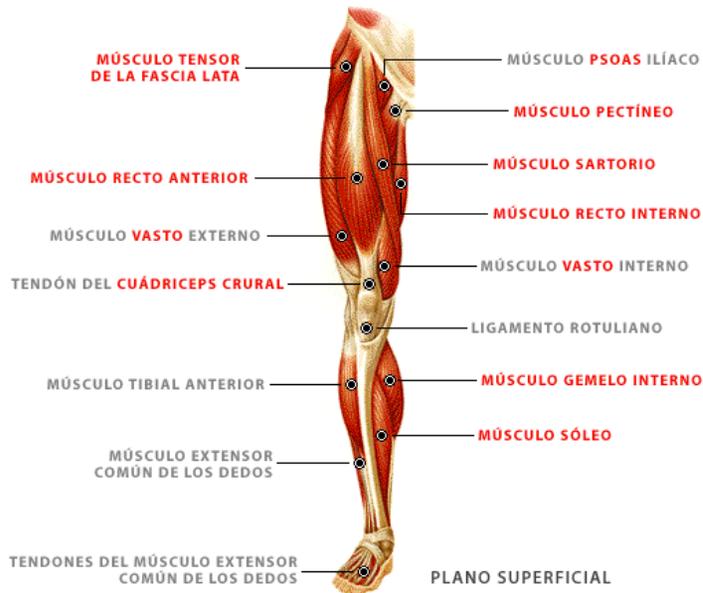


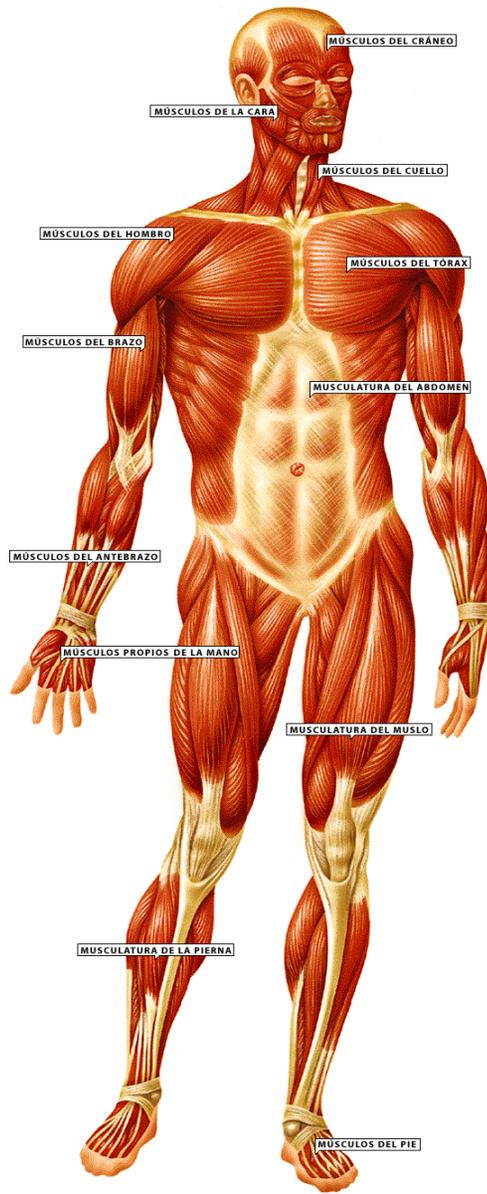
**PLANO PROFUNDO**



**PLANO SUPERFICIAL**

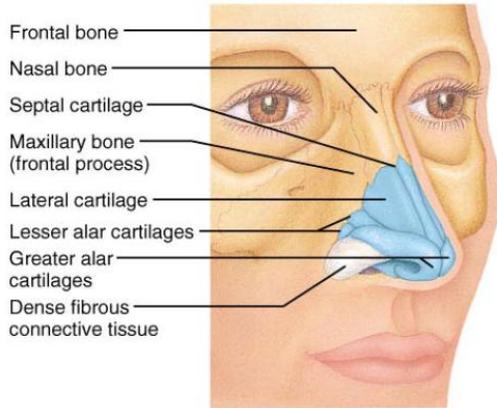






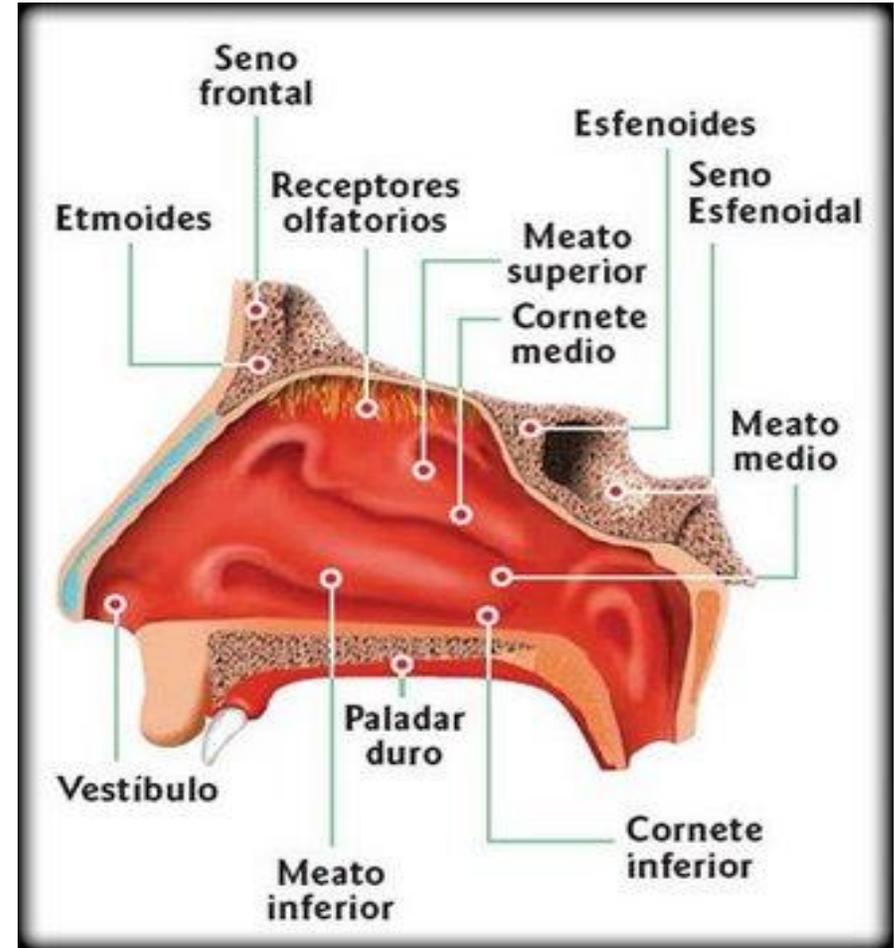
# APARATO RESPIRATORIO

**ESTRUCTURA Y FUNCION DE LA NARIZ**

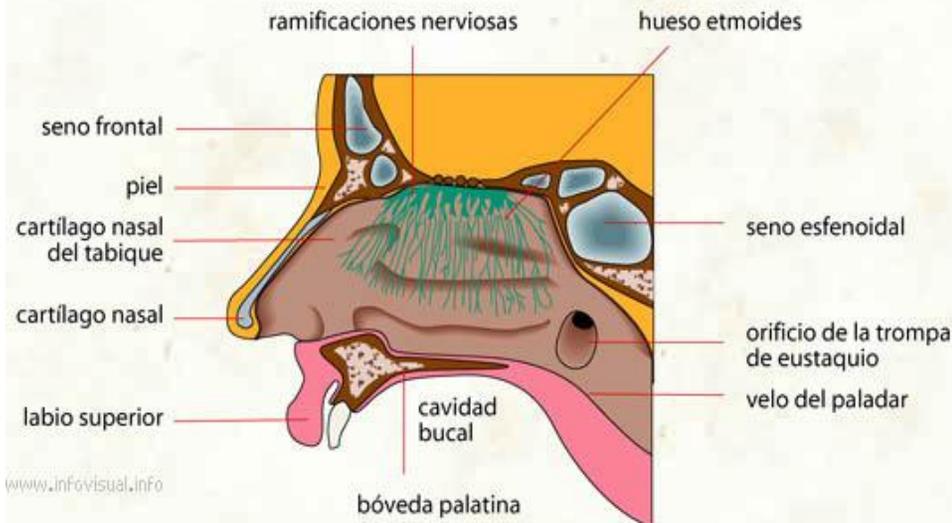


- Conduce el aire desde ext
- Humedece y calienta aire
- Filtra y limpia el aire
- Cámara de resonancia voz
- Contiene R del olfato

(b)

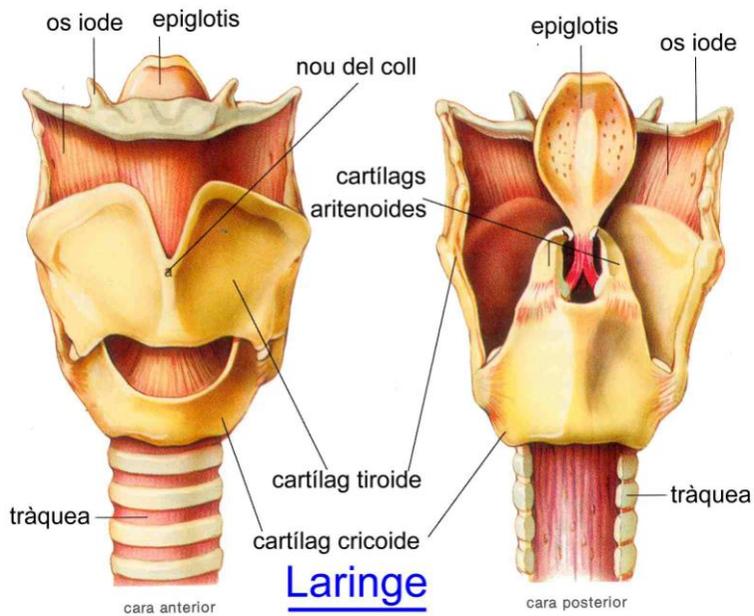
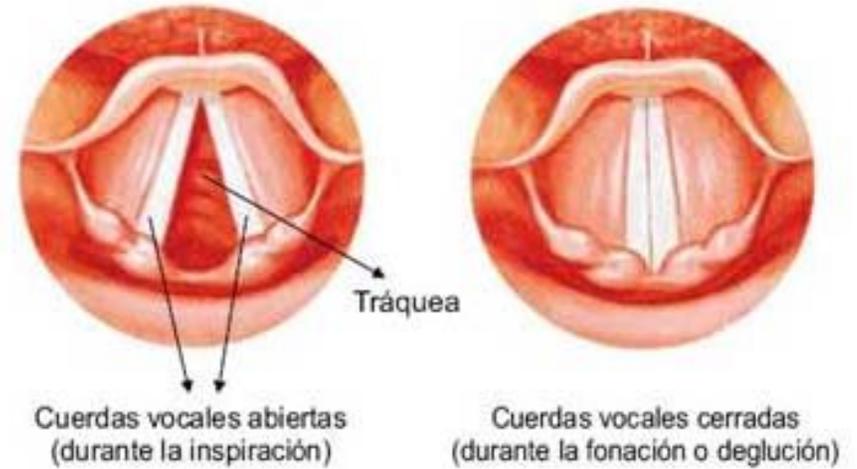
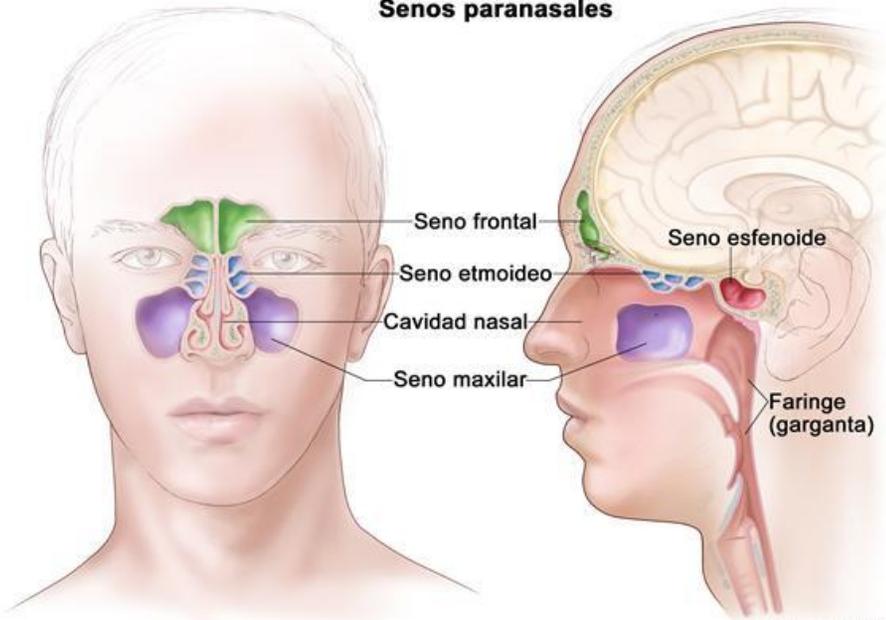


**FOSAS NAALES (vista de perfil)**

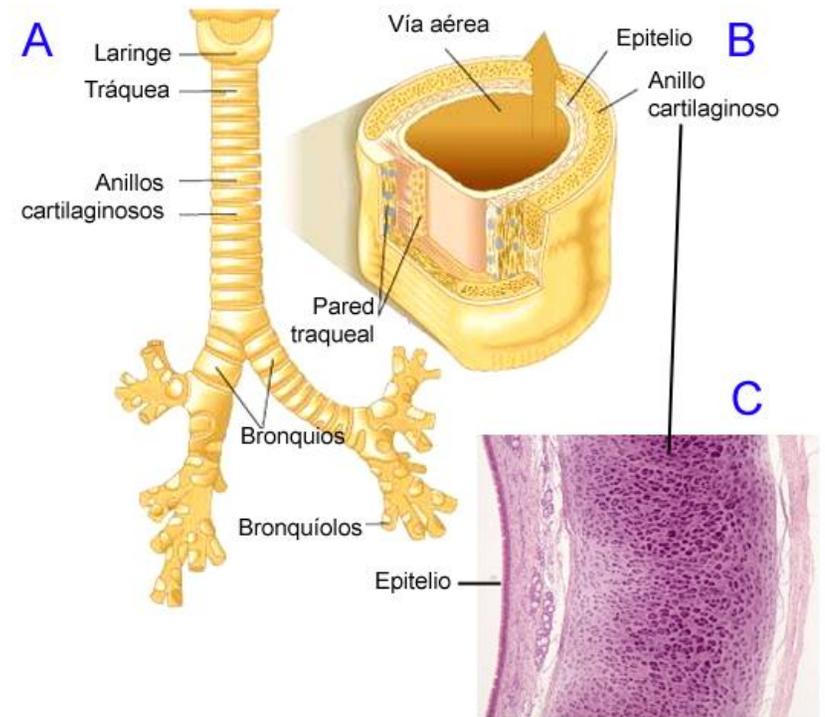


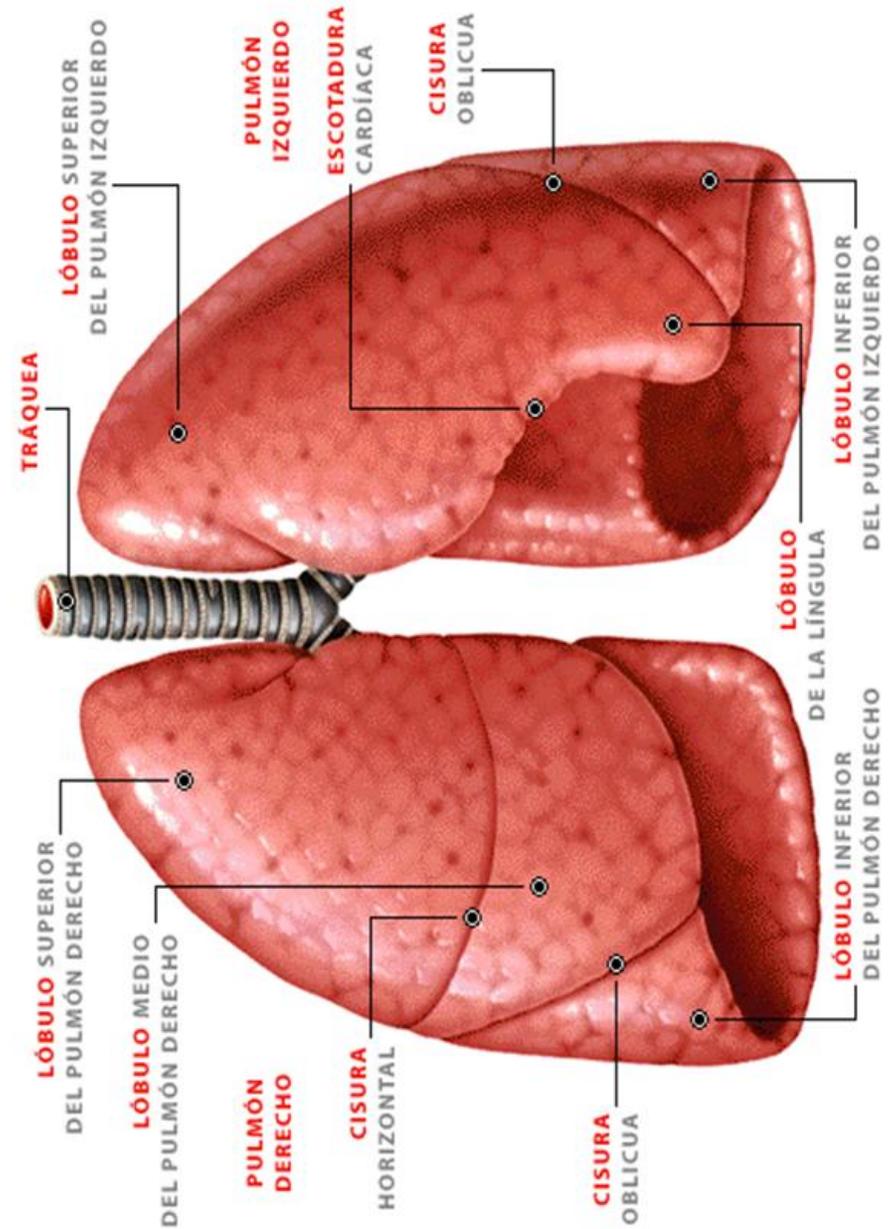
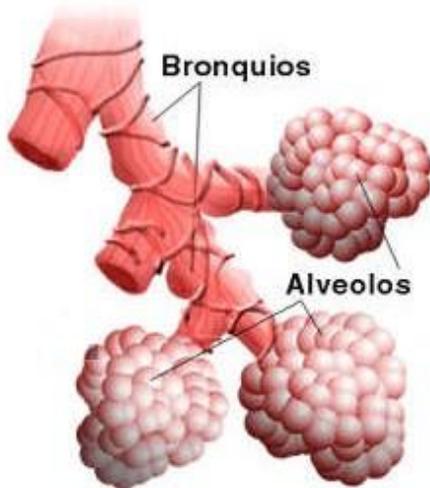
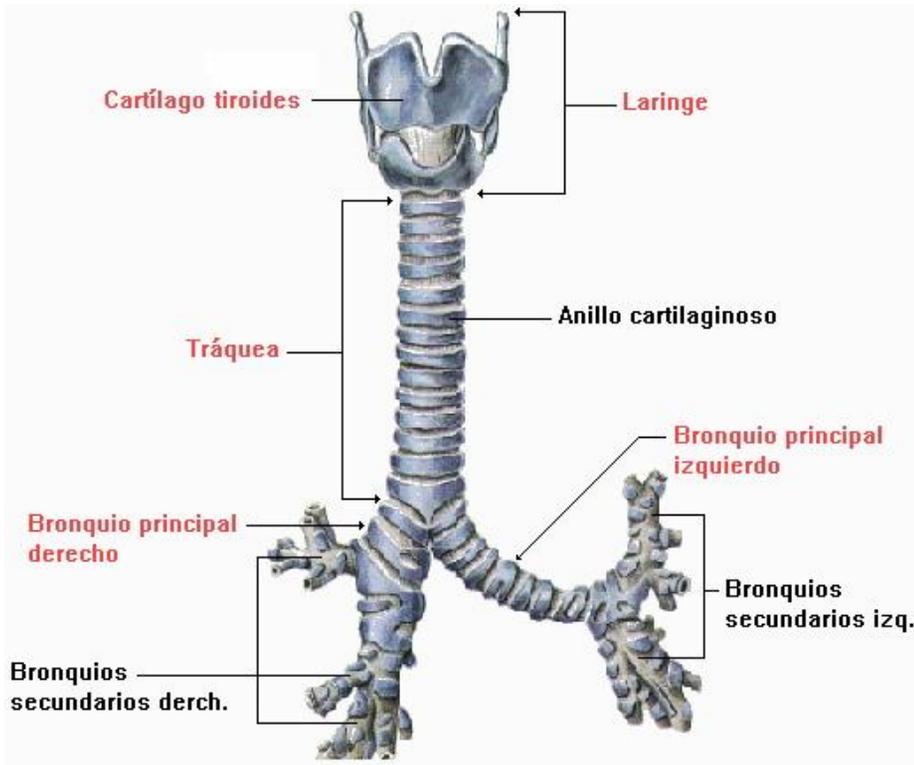
www.infovisual.info

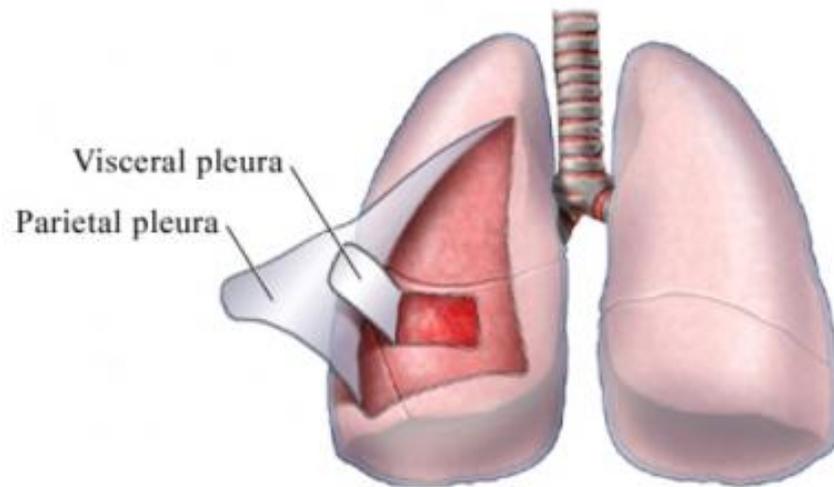
**Senos paranasales**



**Laringe**

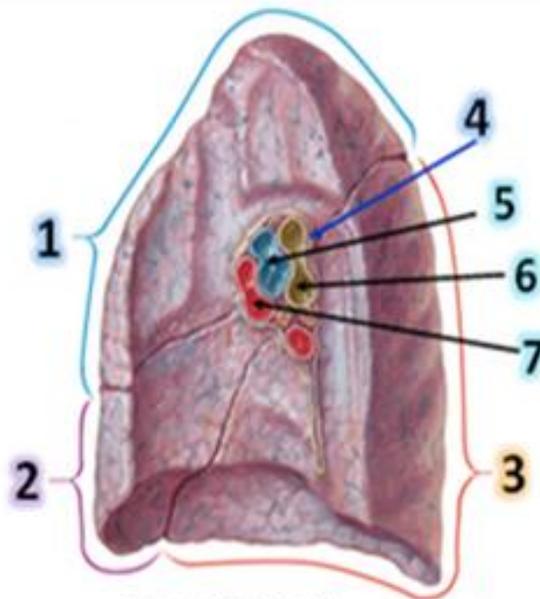




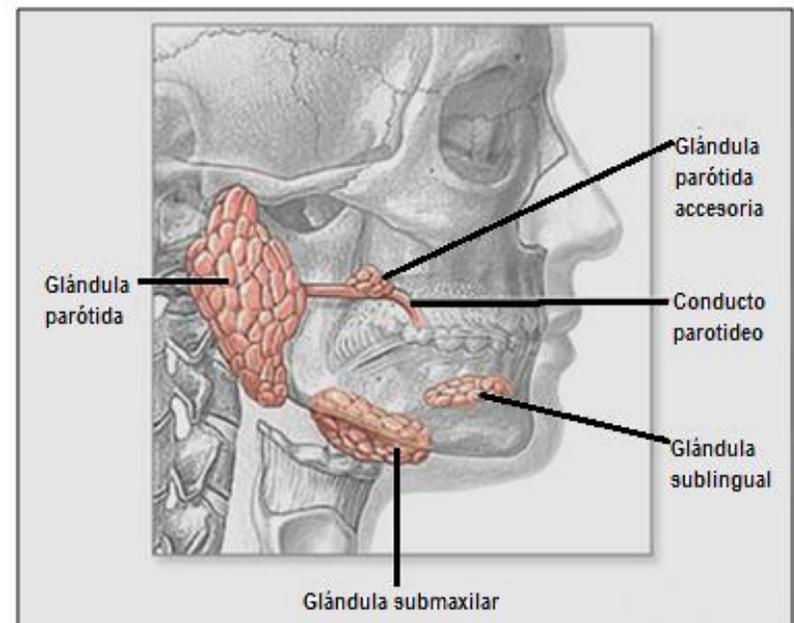
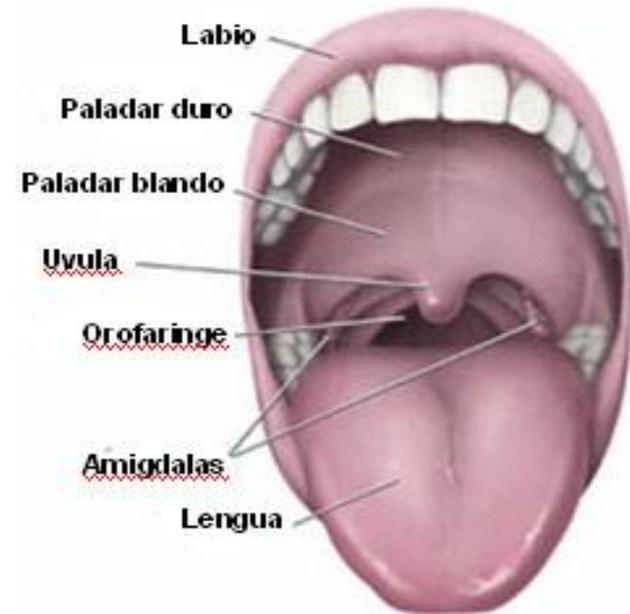
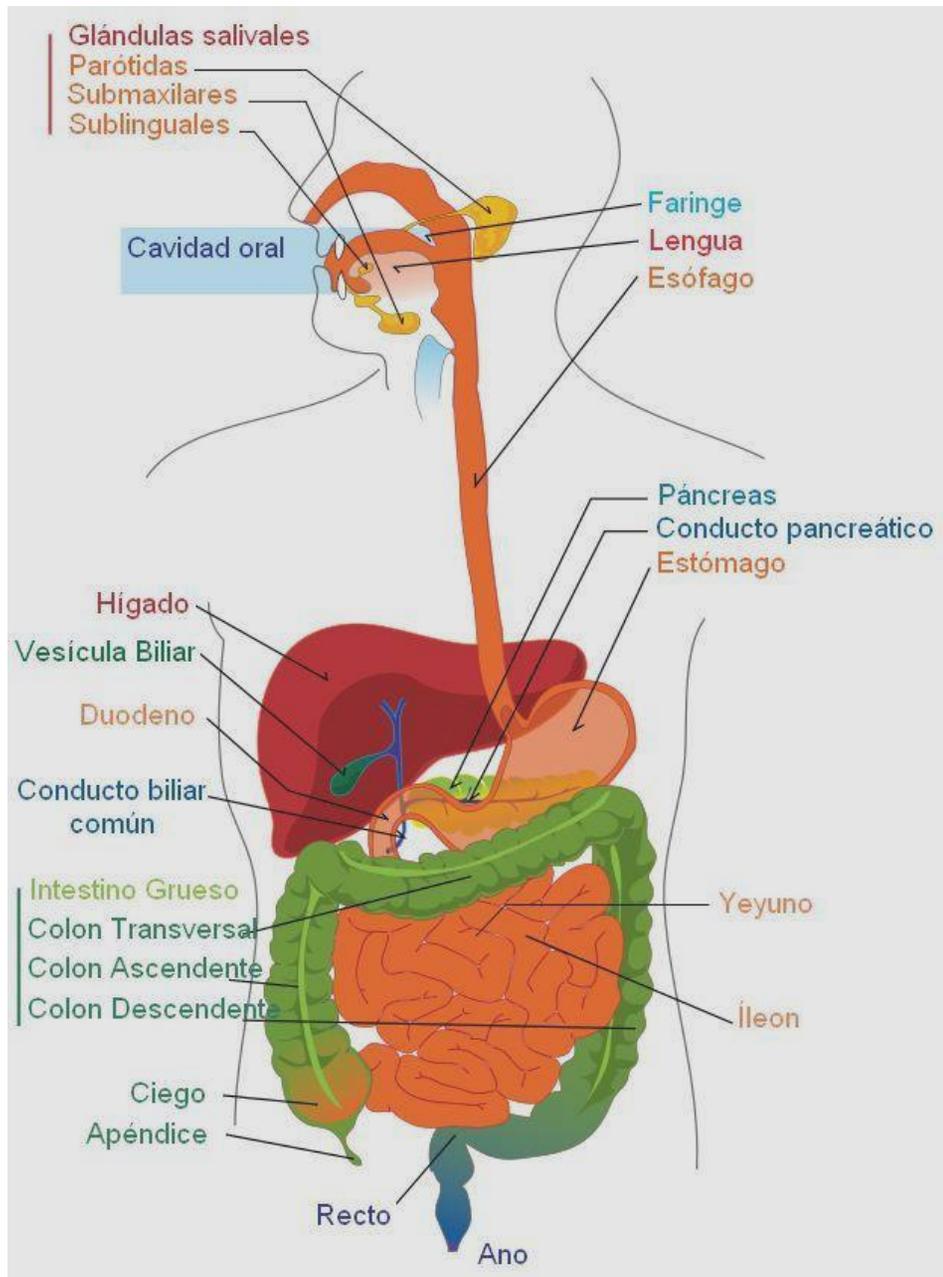


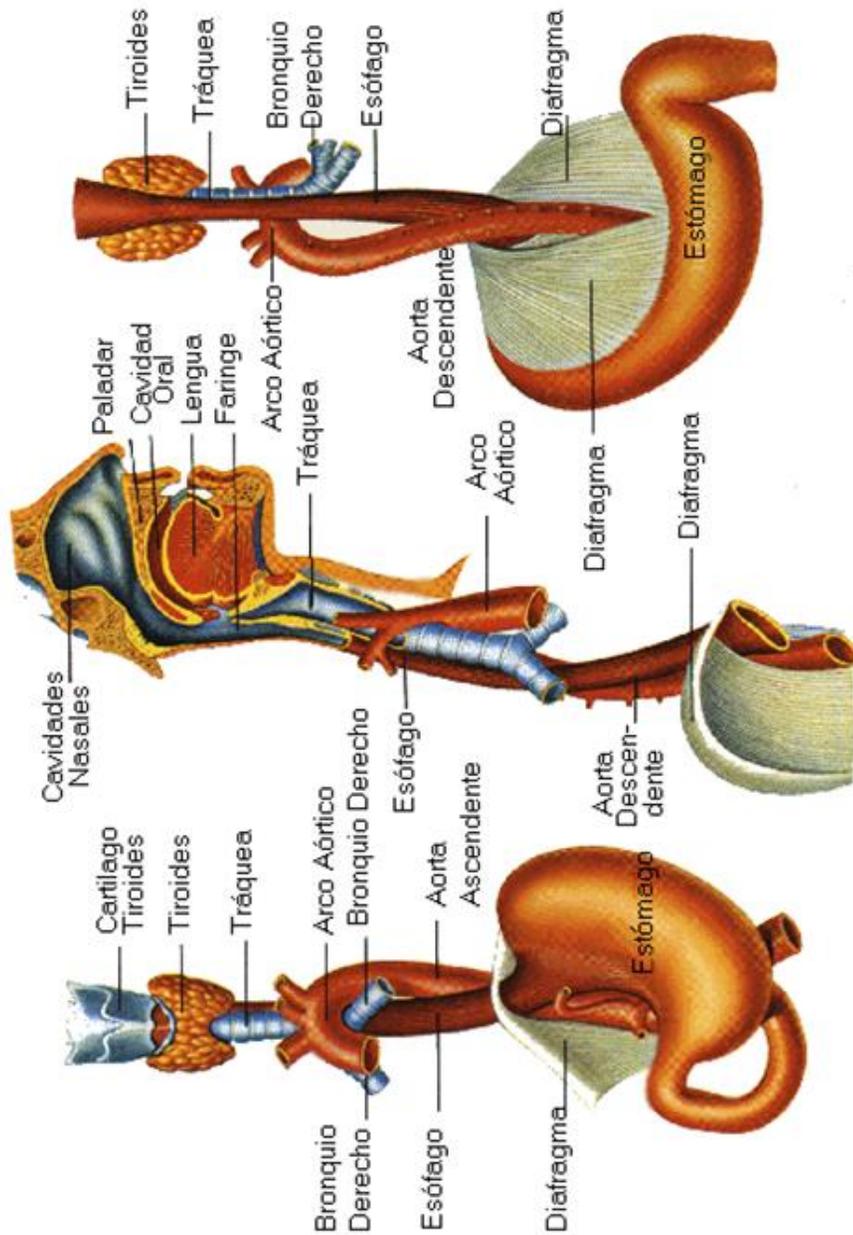
# APARATO DIGESTIVO

- 1.-Lóbulo superior
- 2.-Lóbulo medial del pulmón derecho.
- 3.-Lóbulo inferior.
- 4.-Hilio pulmonar.
- 5.-A. pulmonar derecha.
- 6.-Bronquio principal derecho.
- 7.-V. pulmonar superior derecha.

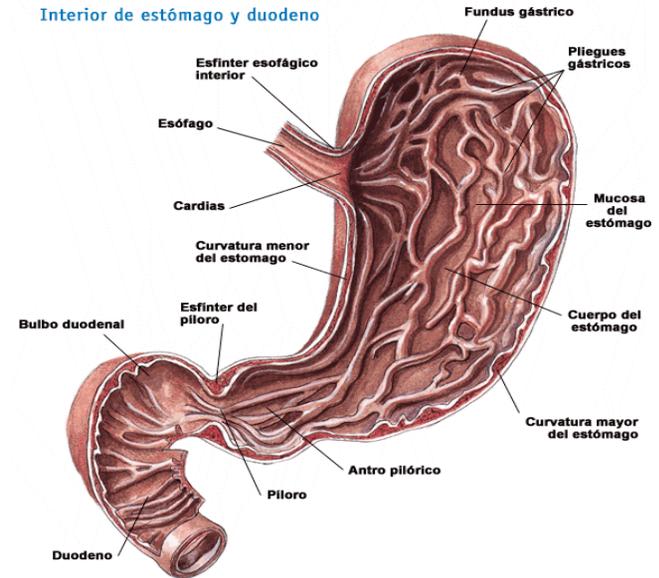


Cara mediastínica del pulmón derecho.

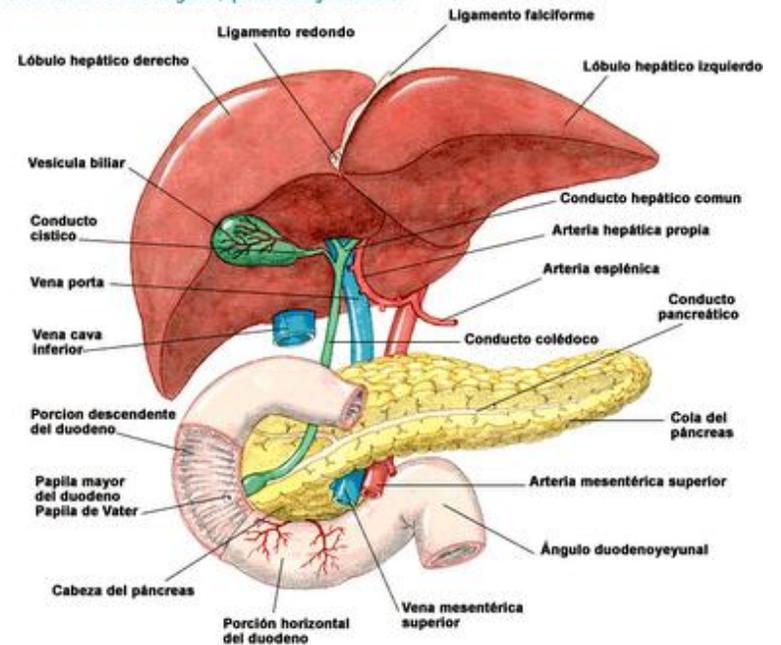


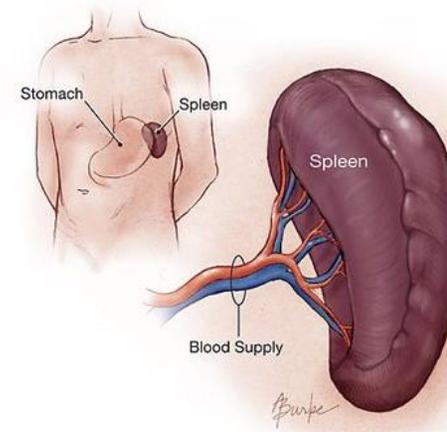
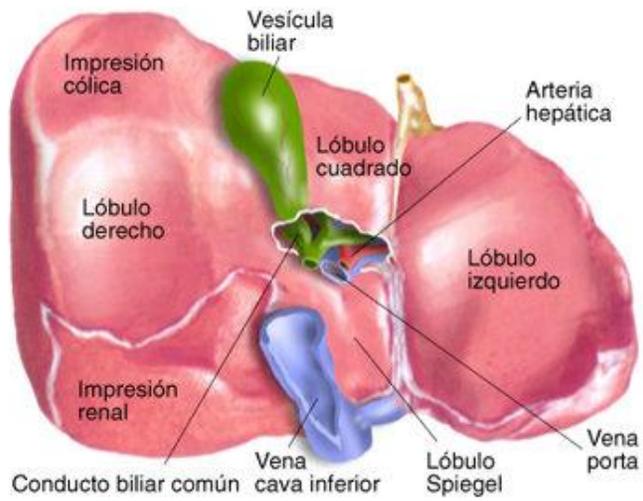


Interior de estómago y duodeno

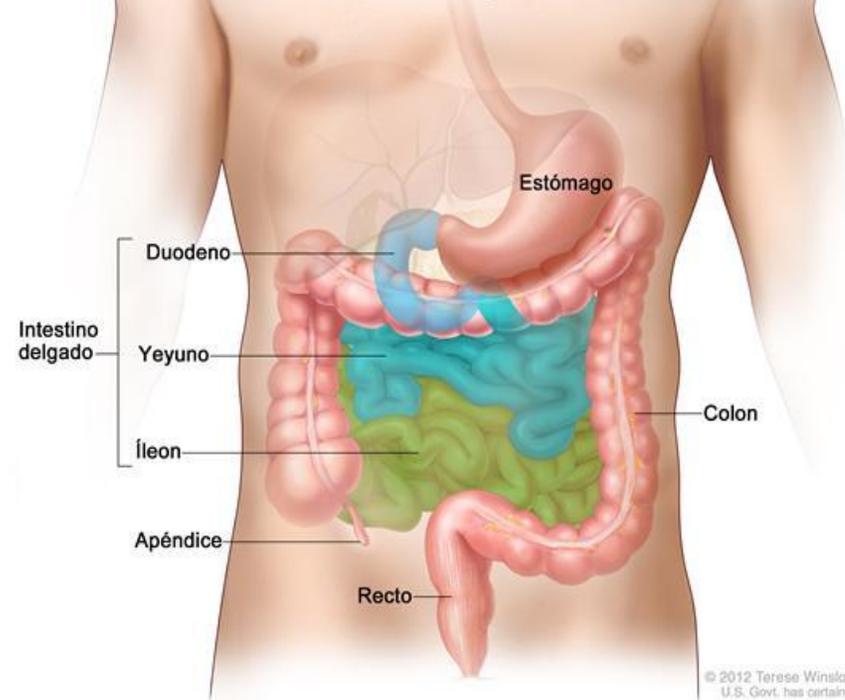


Visión anterior de hígado, páncreas y duodeno

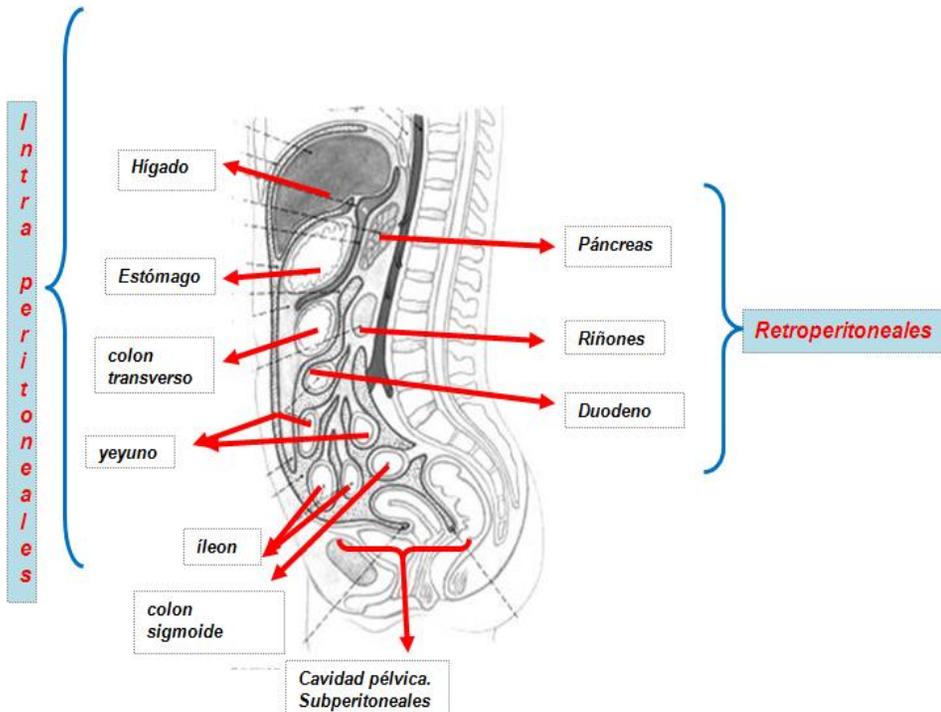


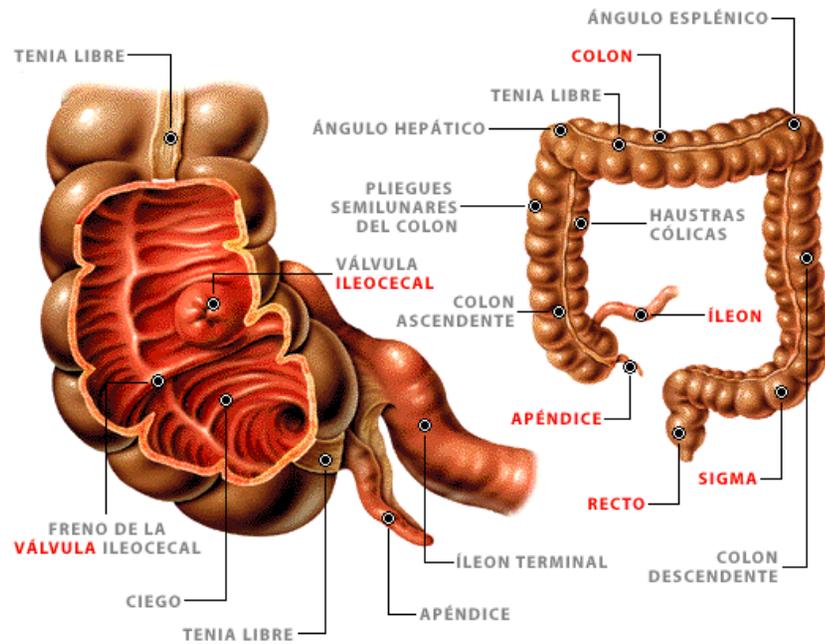


Partes del cuerpo donde se forman los tumores carcinoides gastrointestinales

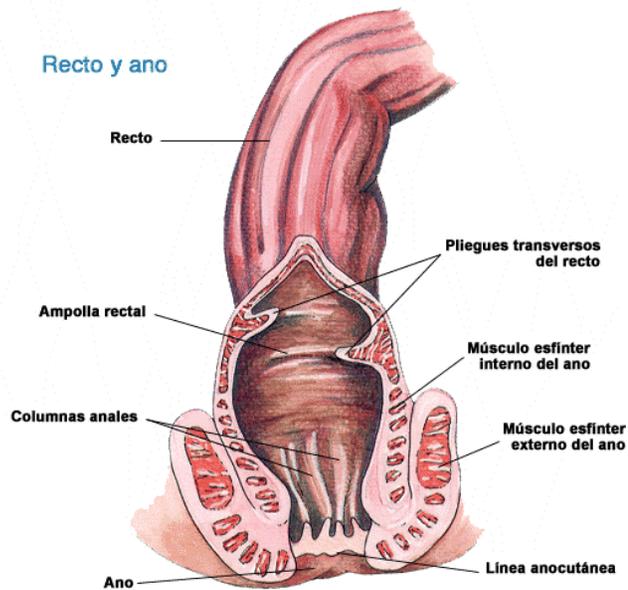


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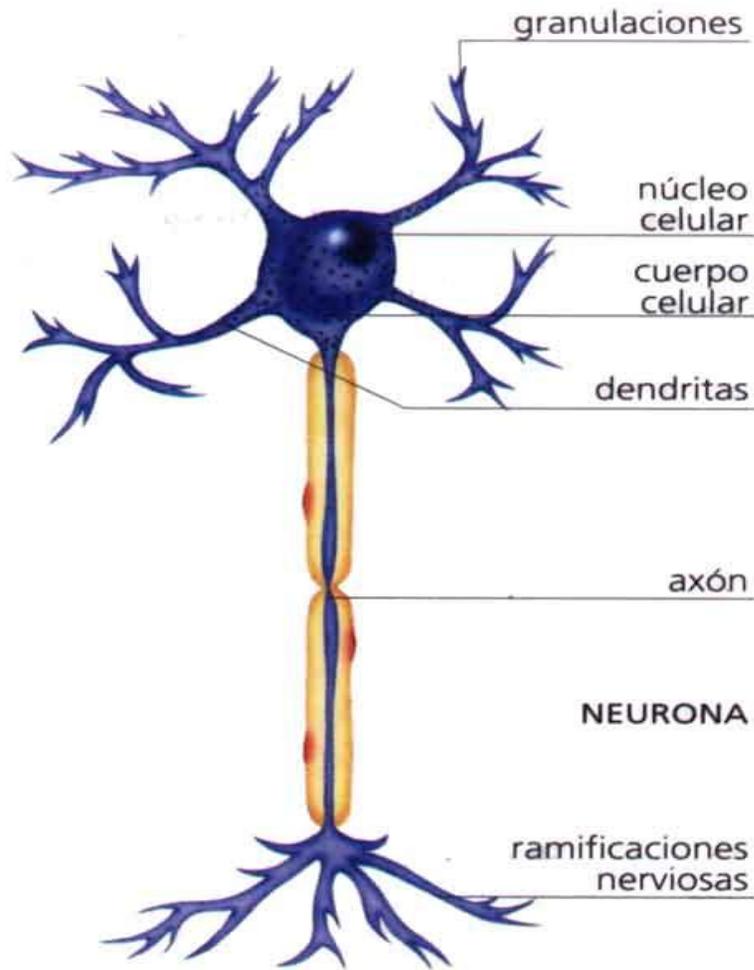




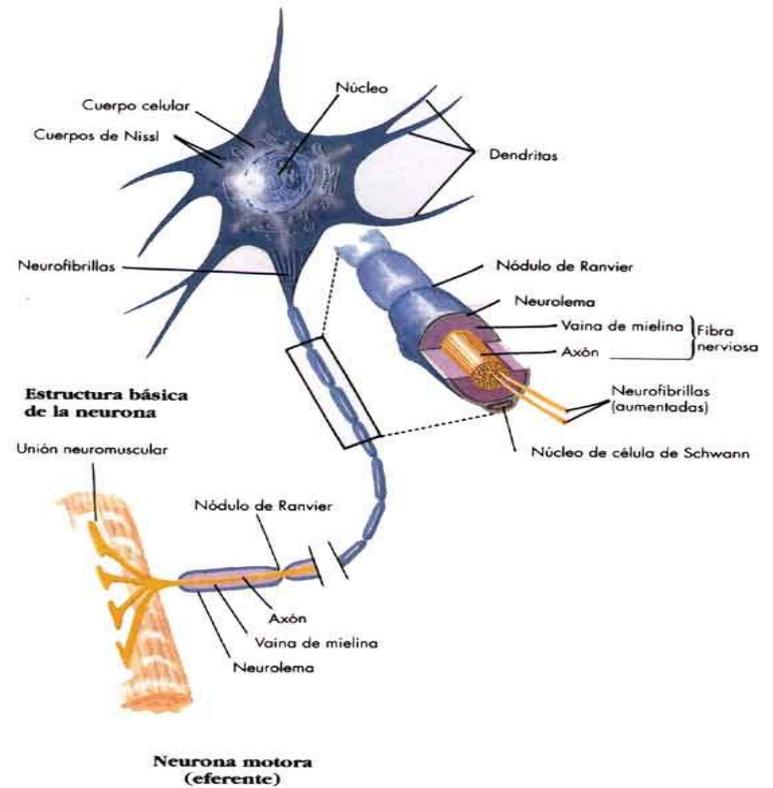
Recto y ano



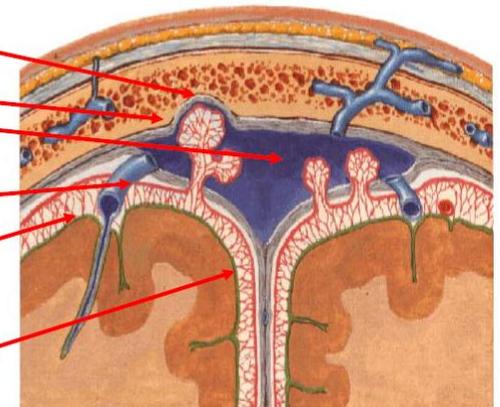
# SISTEMA NERVIOSO



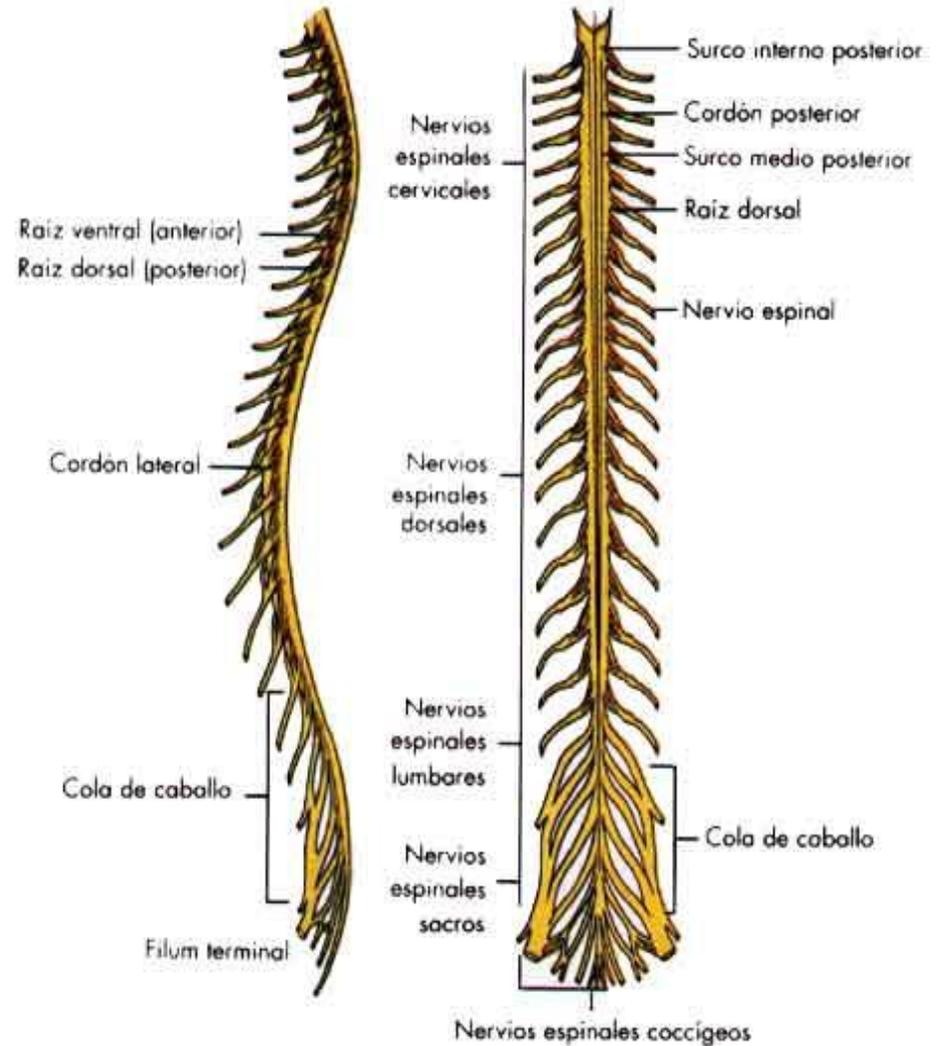
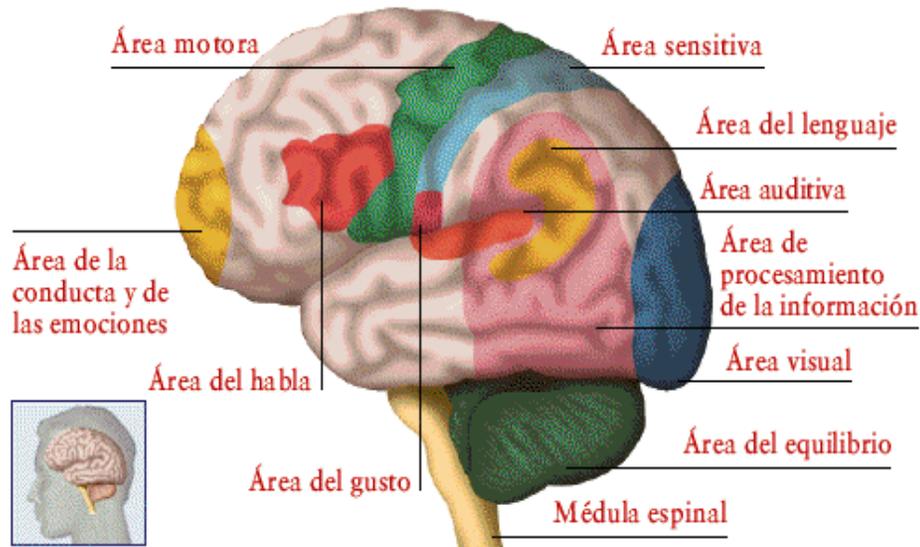
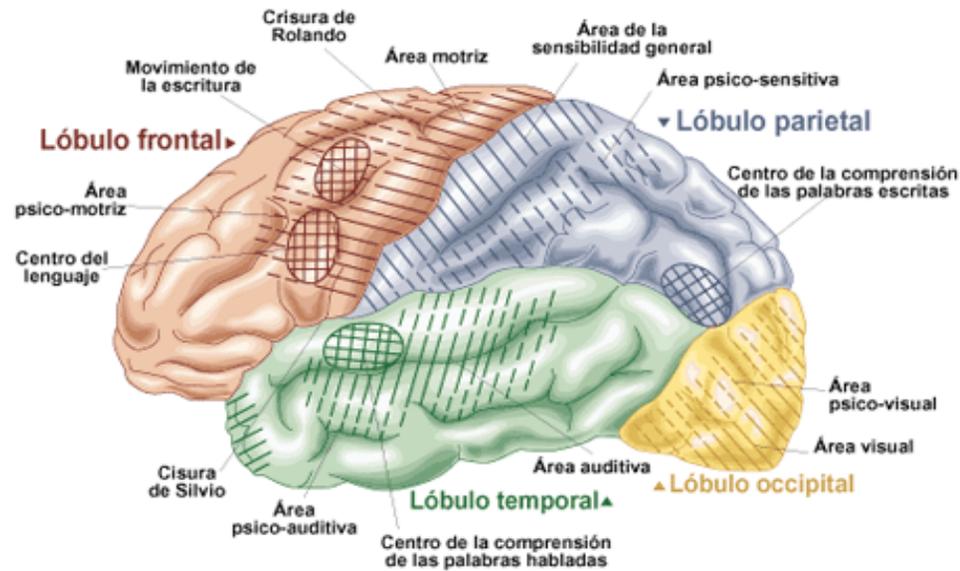
NEURONA

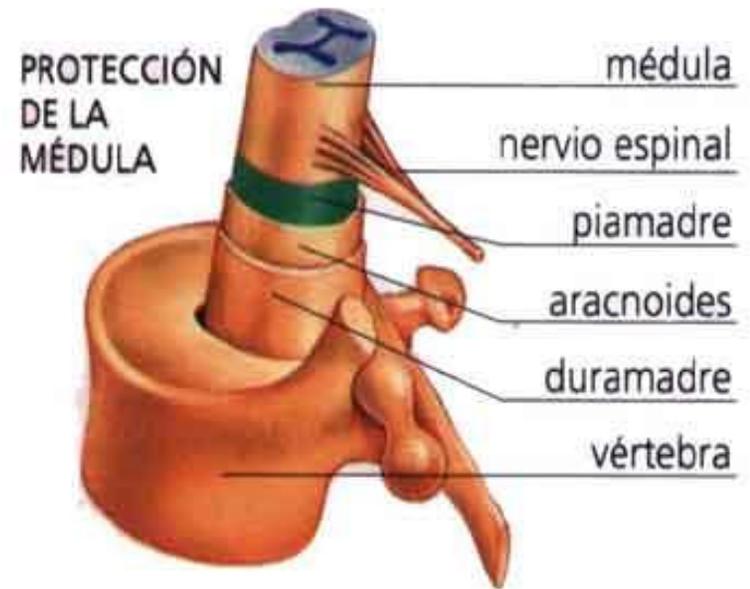
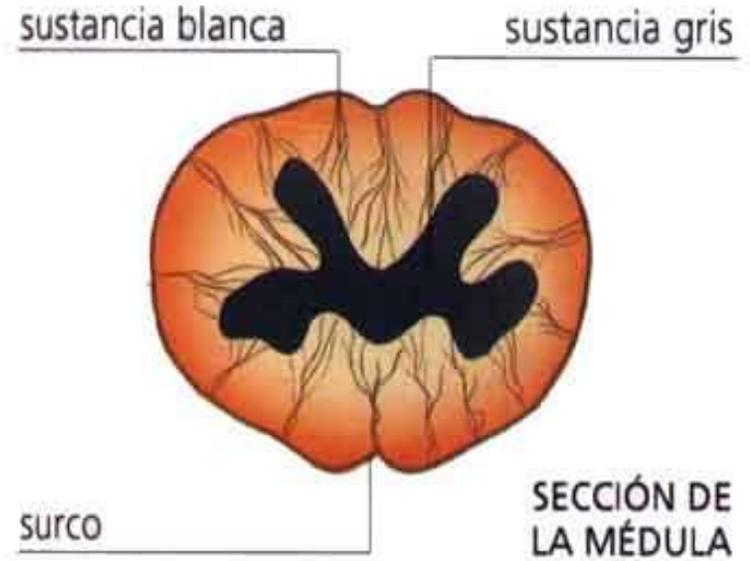


- TABLA EXTERNA
- DIPLOE
- TABLA INTERNA
- ESPACIO EPIDURAL
- DURAMADRE
- ESPACIO SUBDURAL
- ARACNOIDES
- ESPACIO SUBARACNOIDEO
- PIAMADRE

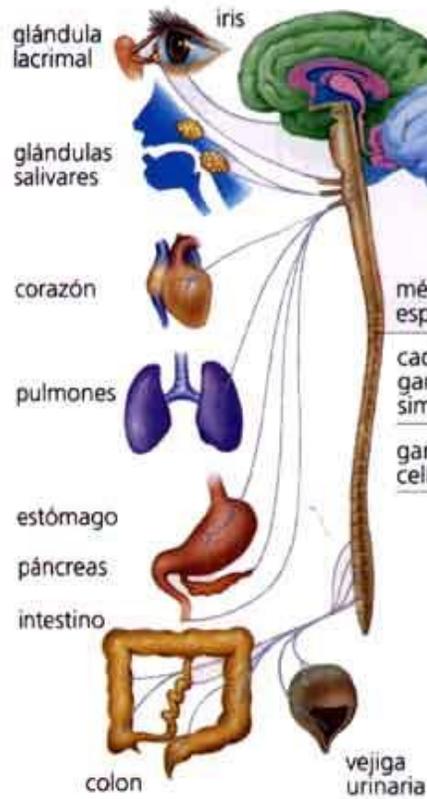


## Centros nerviosos del cerebro

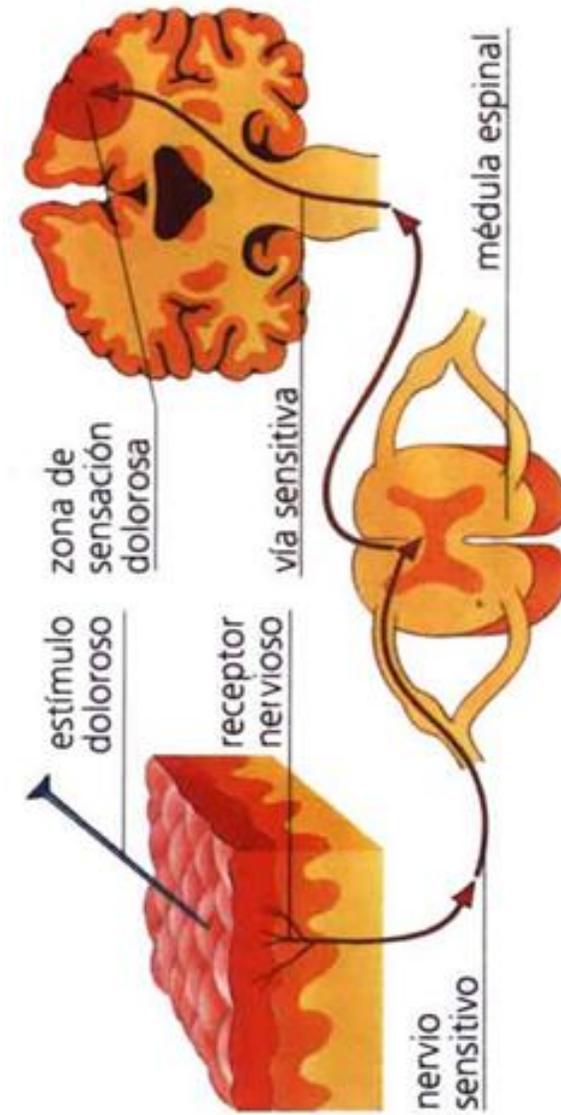
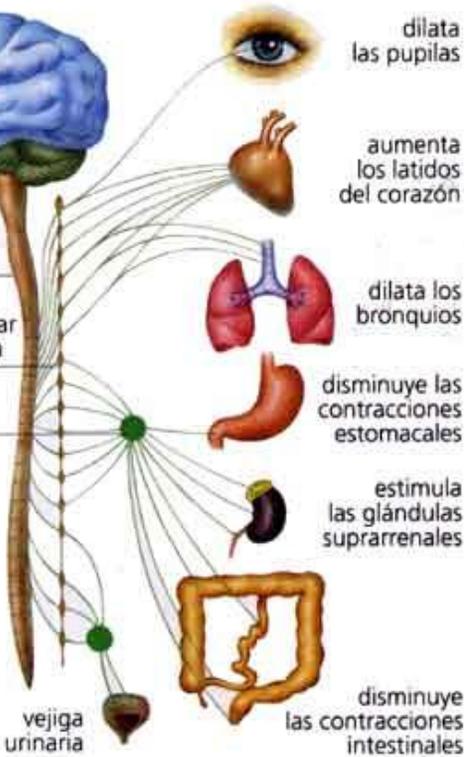




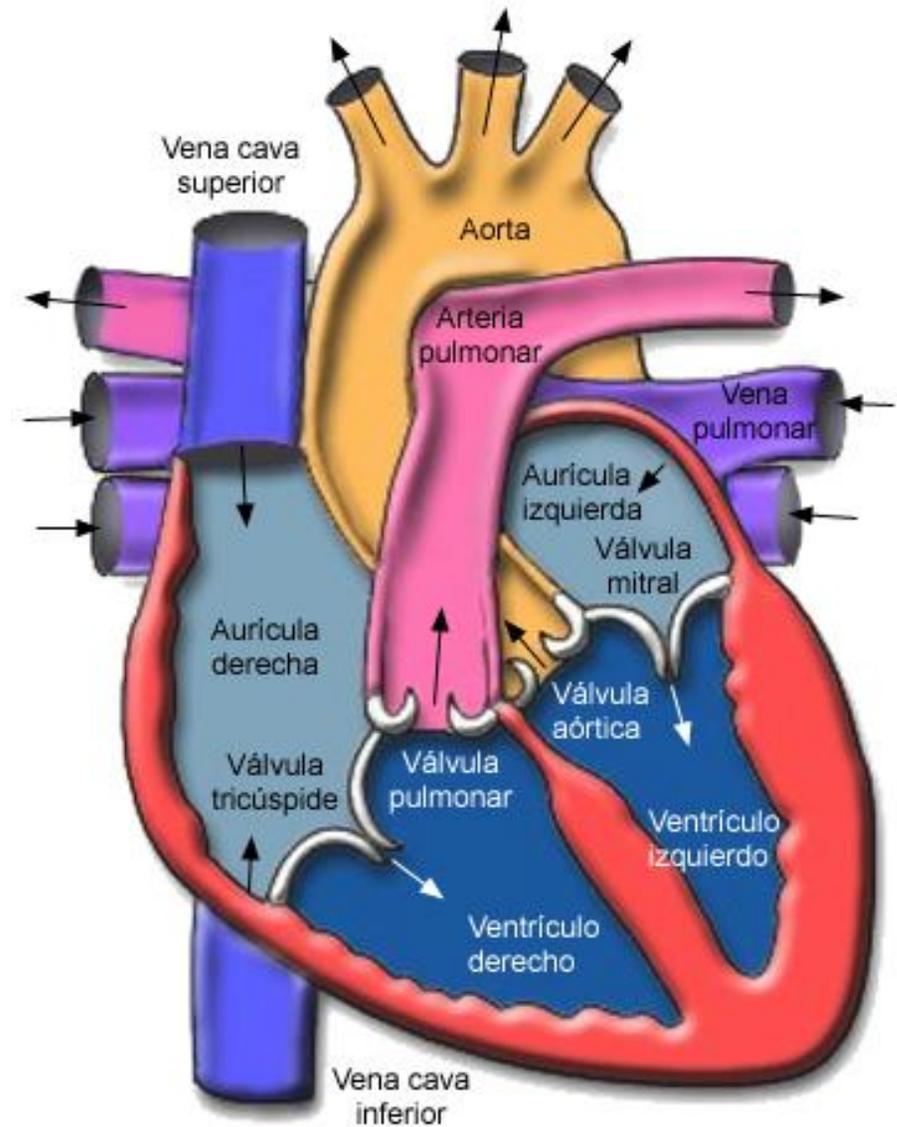
SISTEMA PARASIMPÁTICO

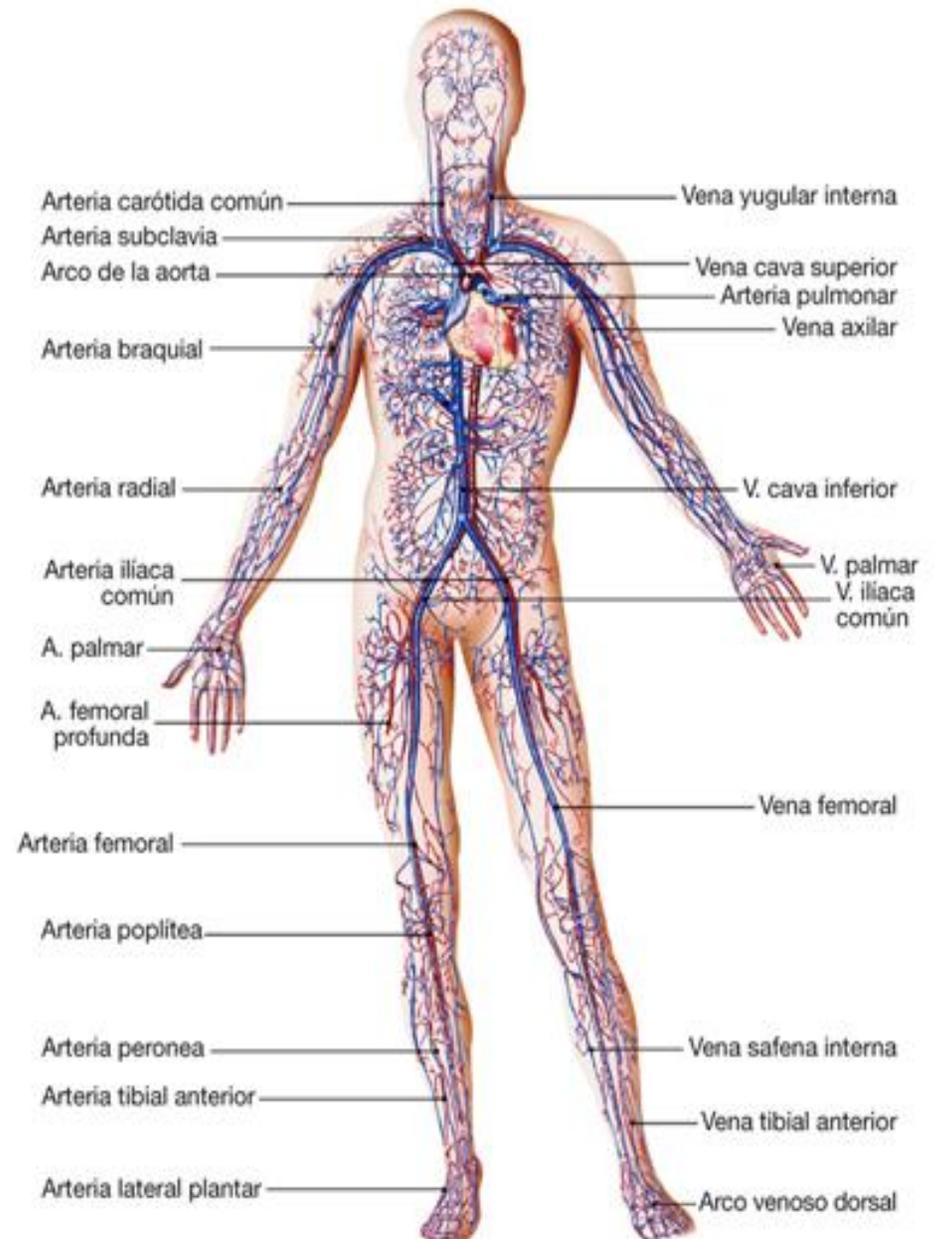
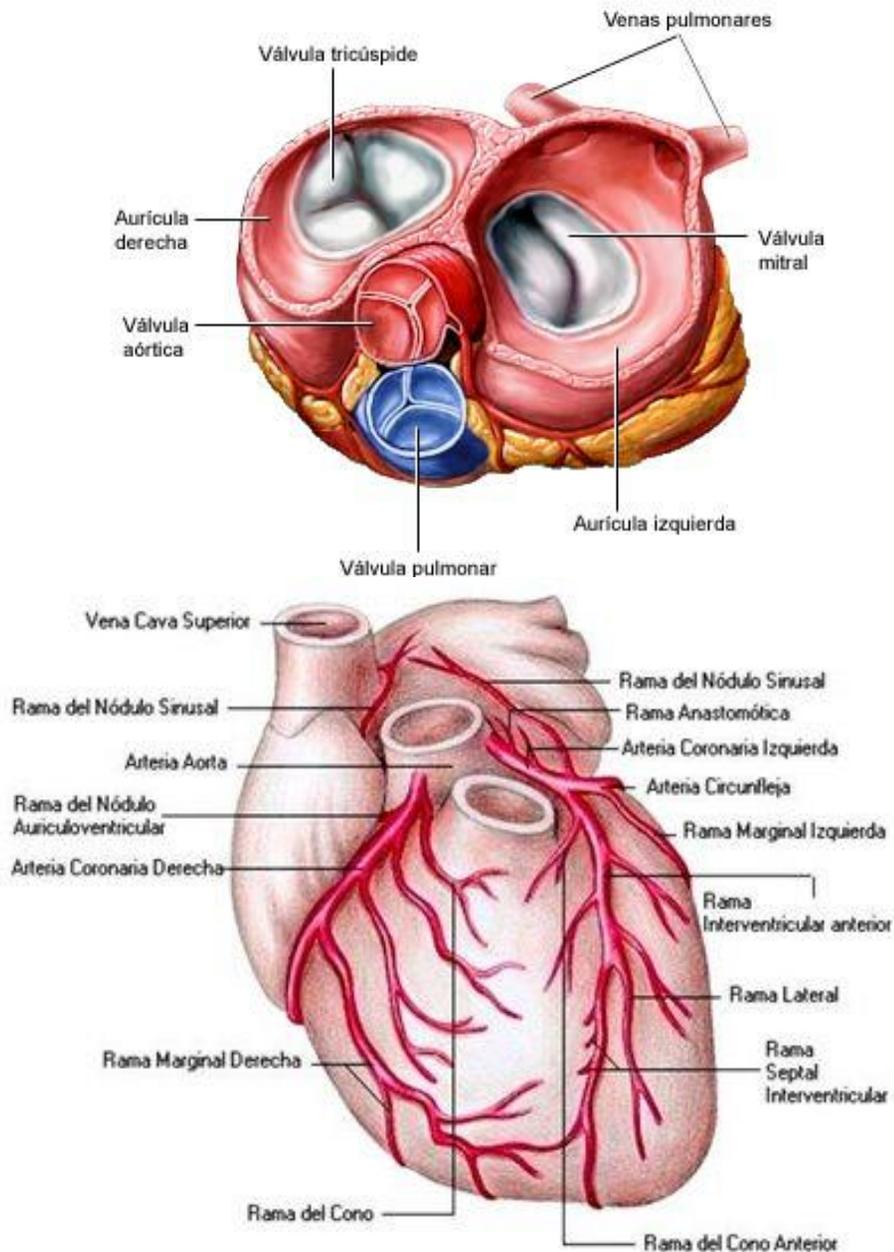


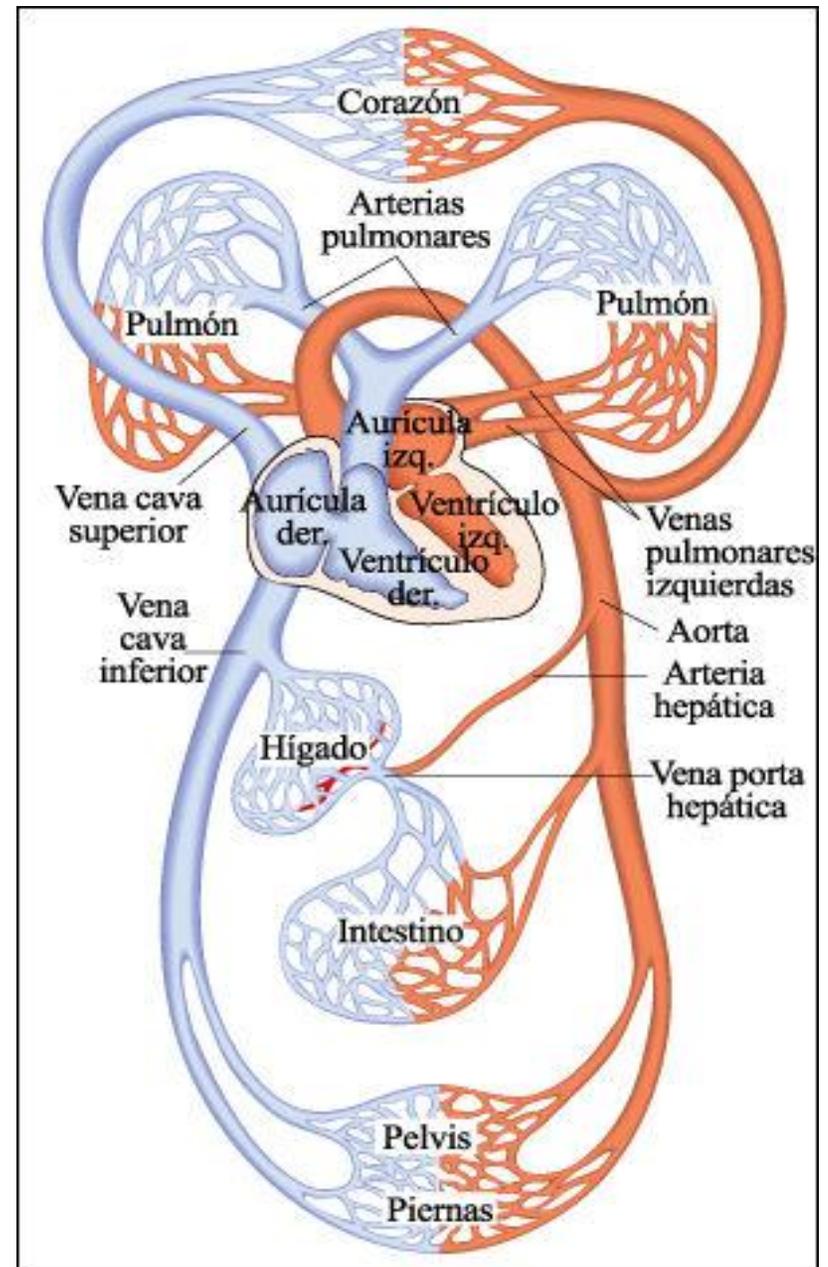
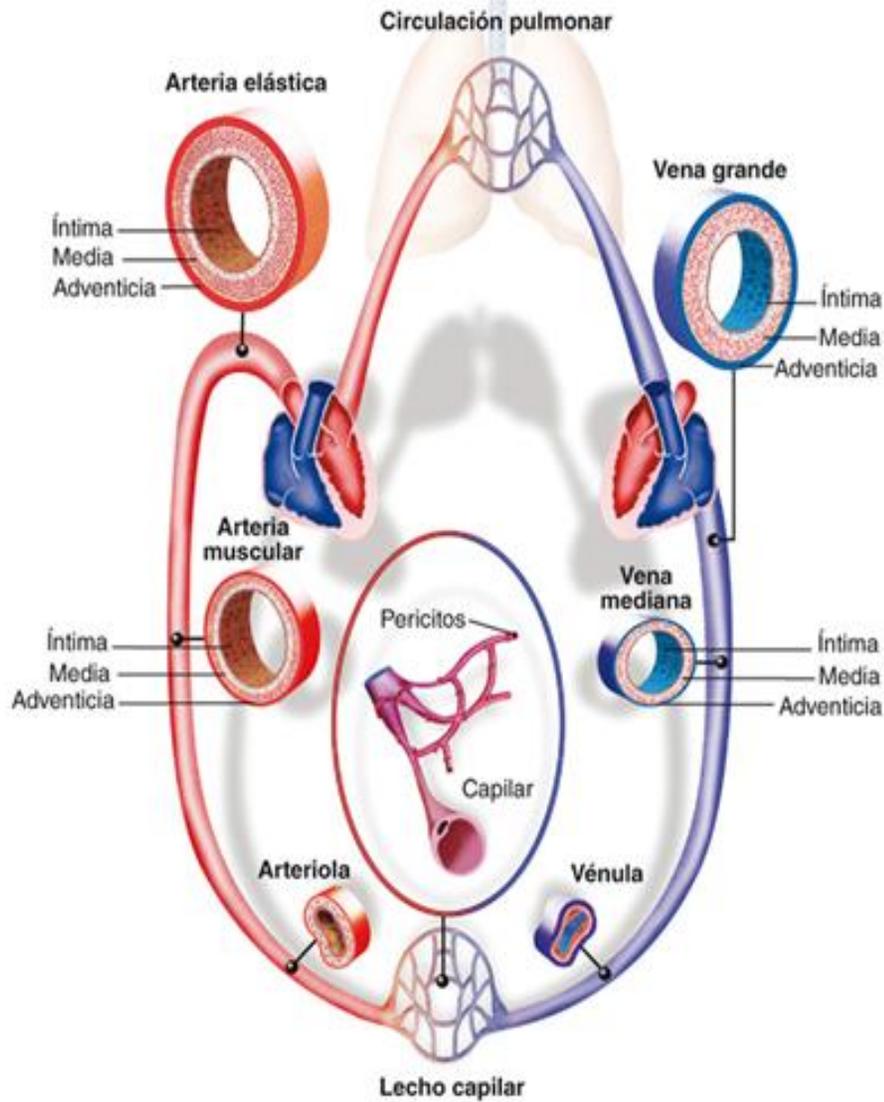
SISTEMA SIMPÁTICO



# SISTEMA CARDIO VASCULAR







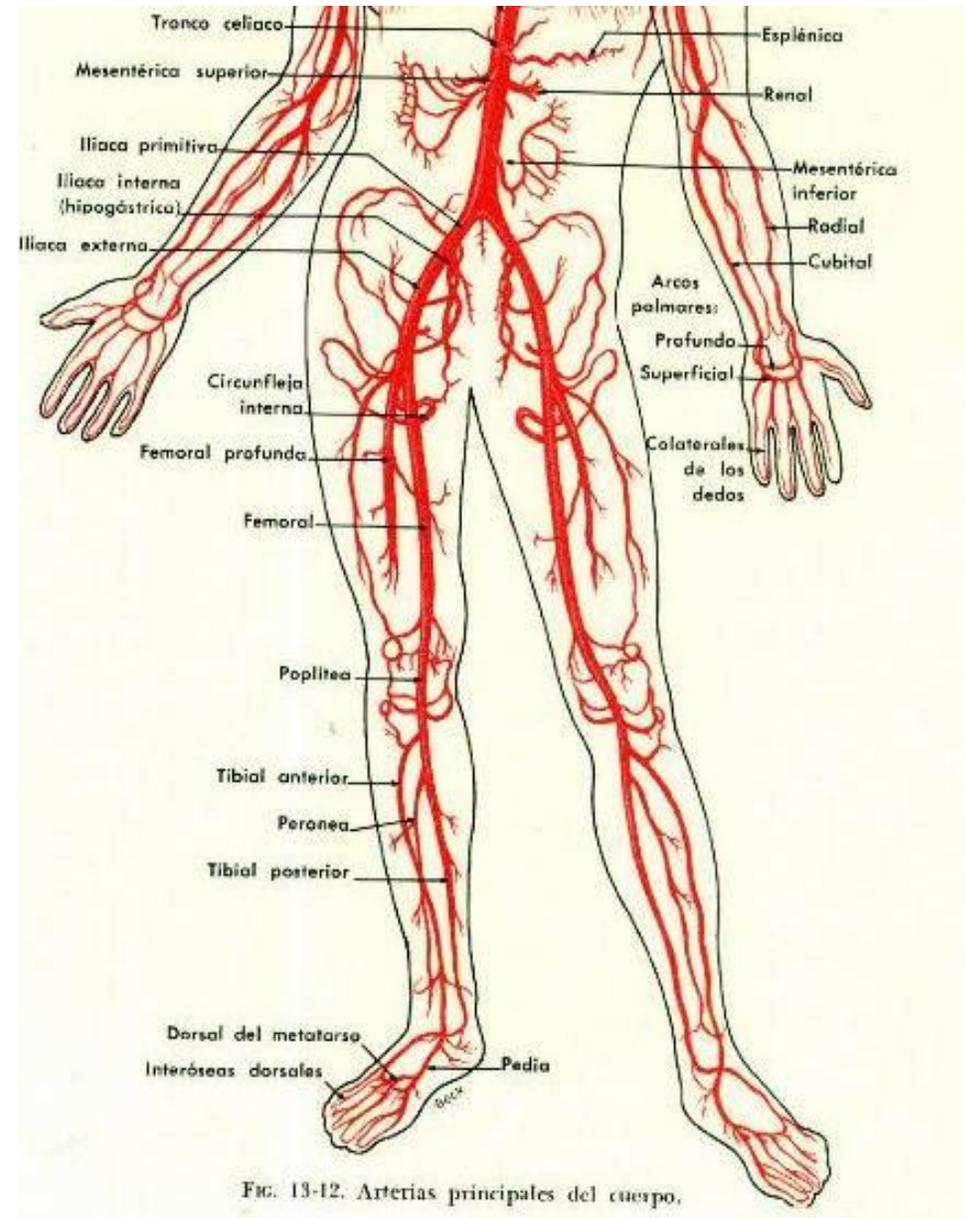
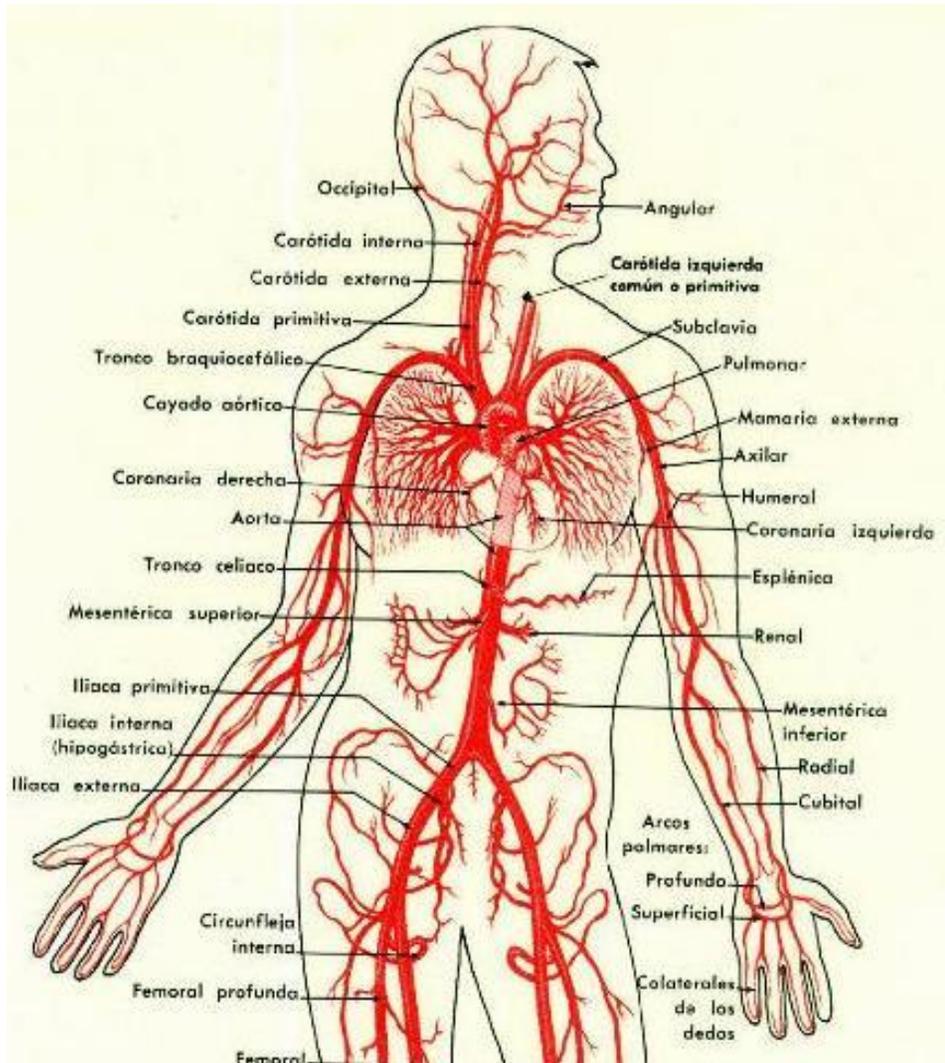
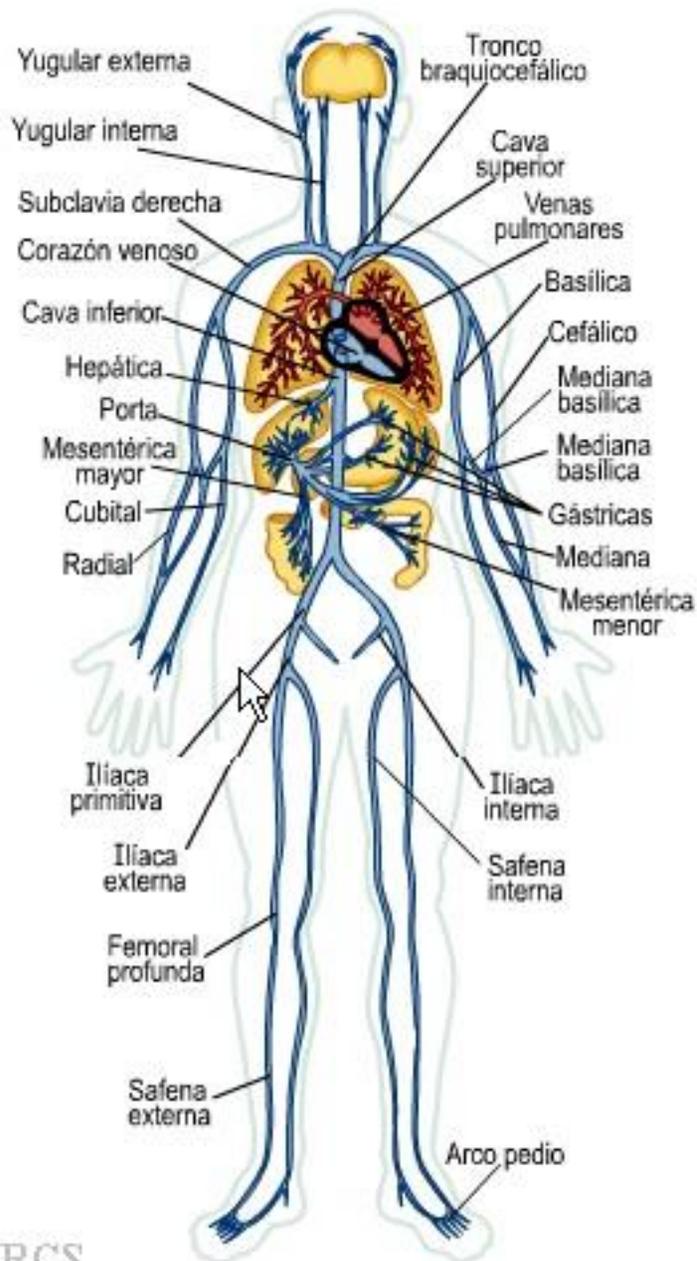
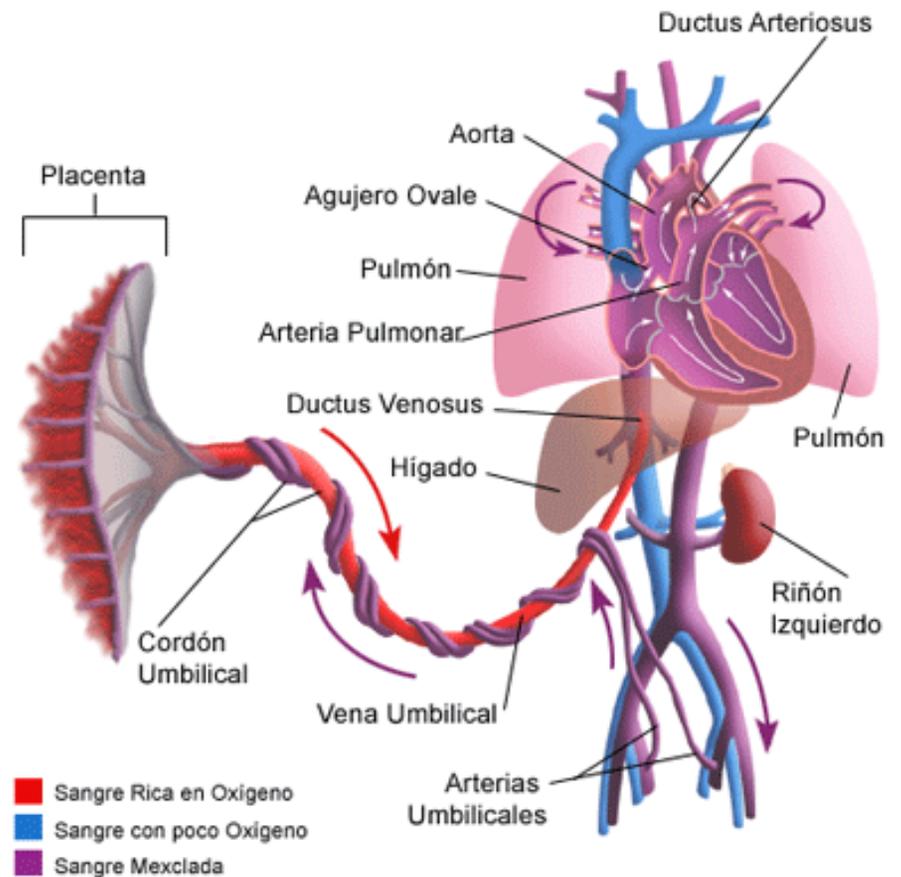


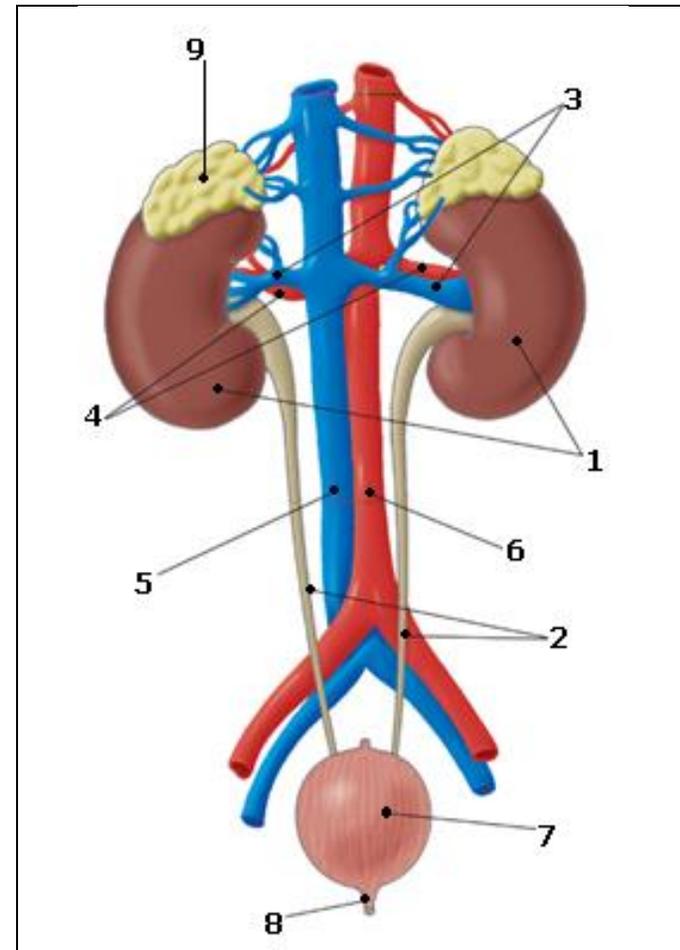
FIG. 13-12. Arterias principales del cuerpo.



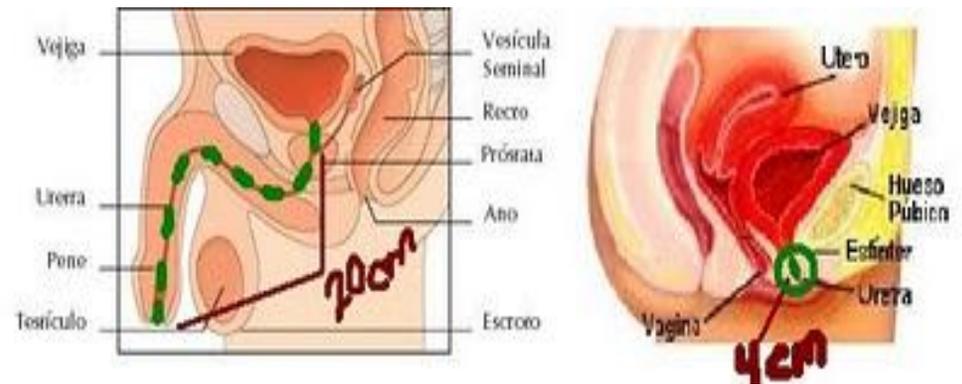
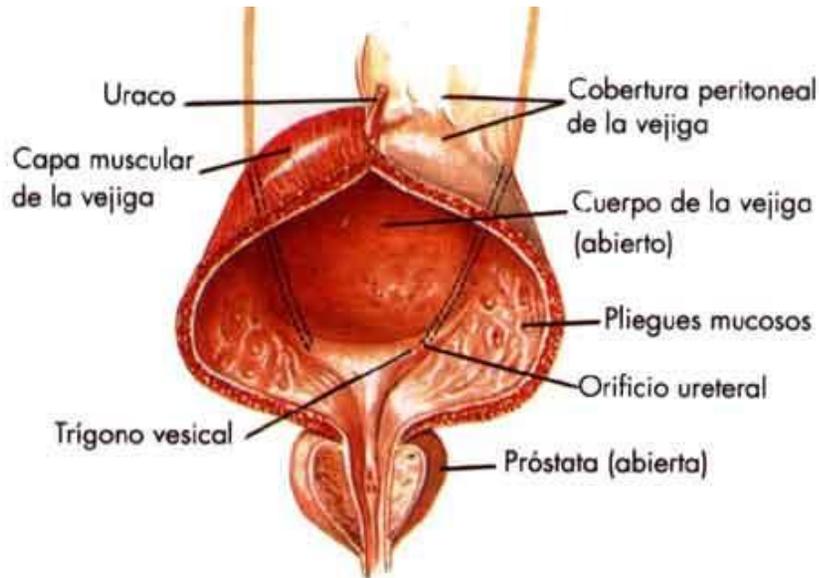
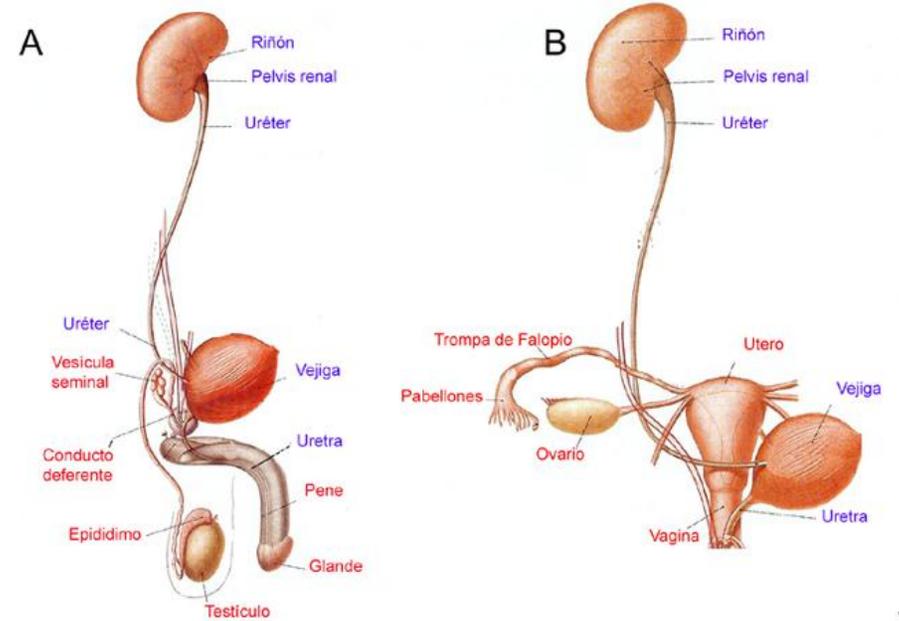
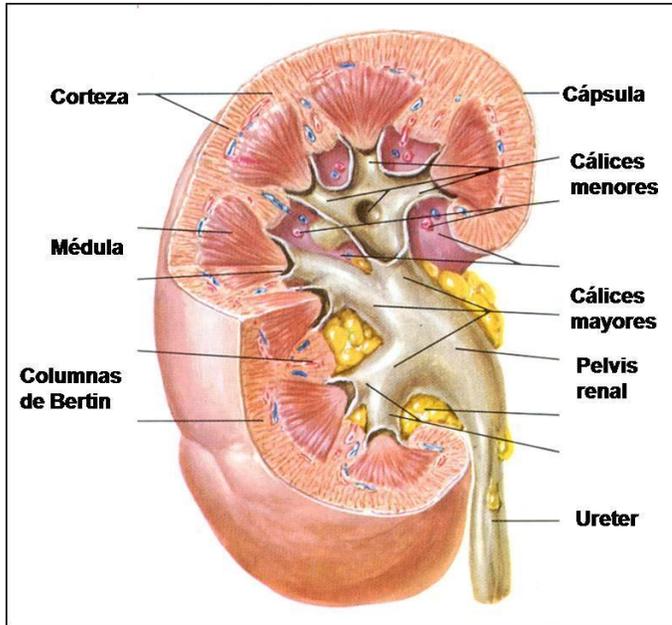
### Circulación Fetal

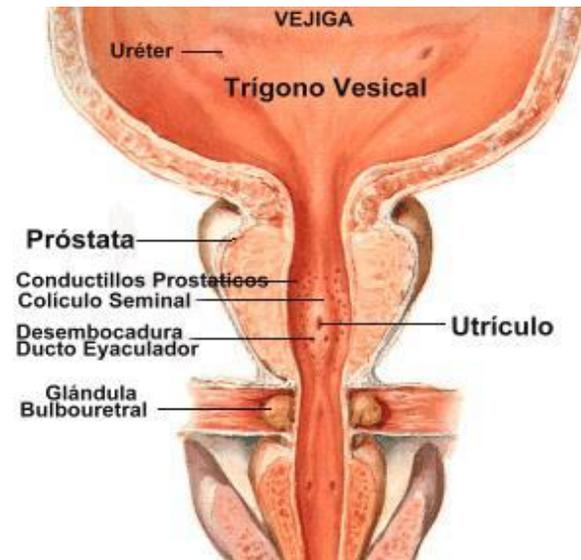
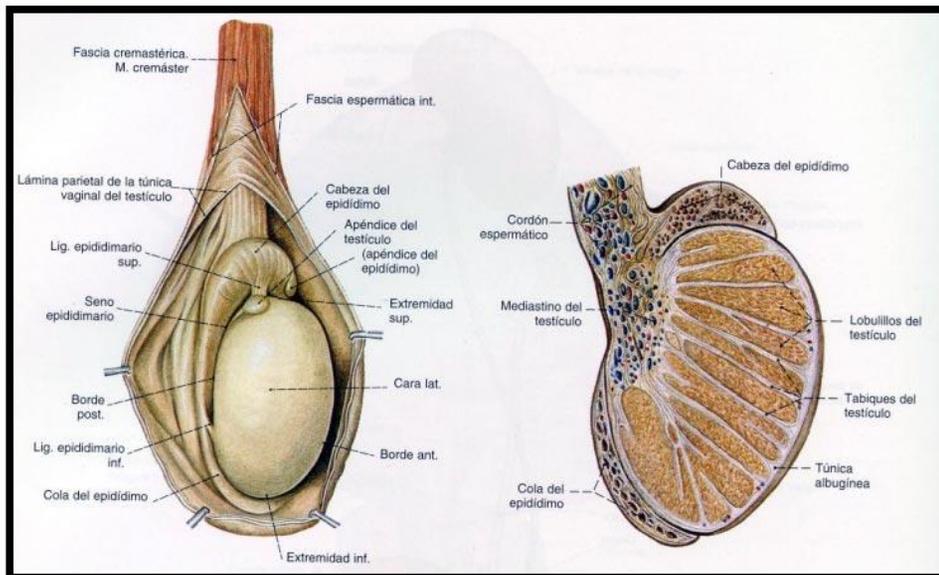
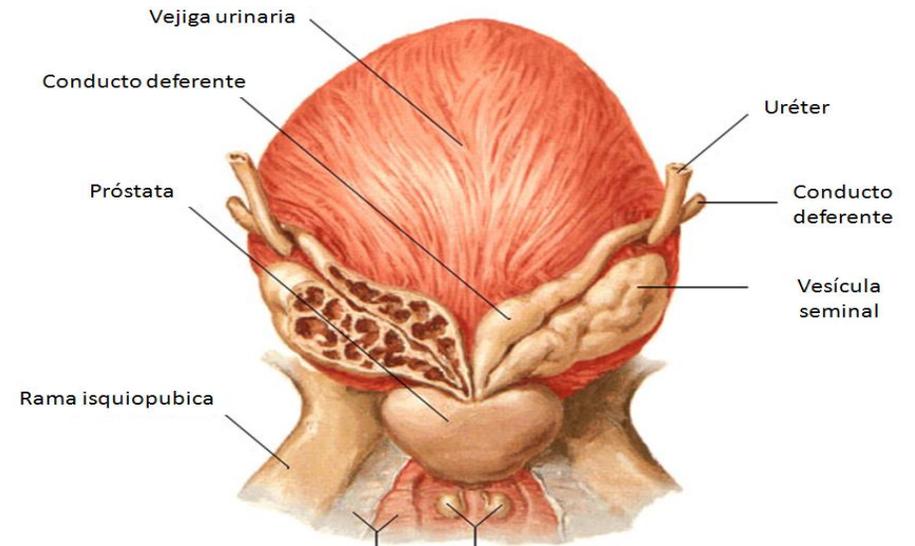
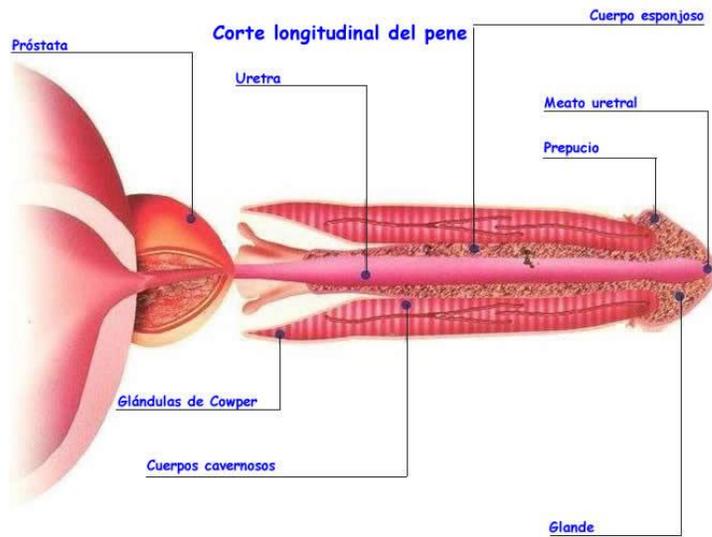


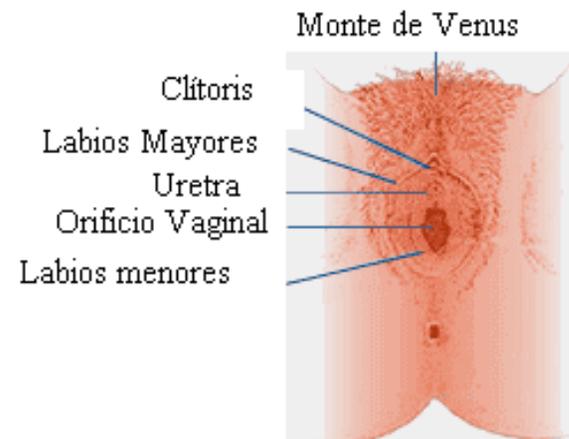
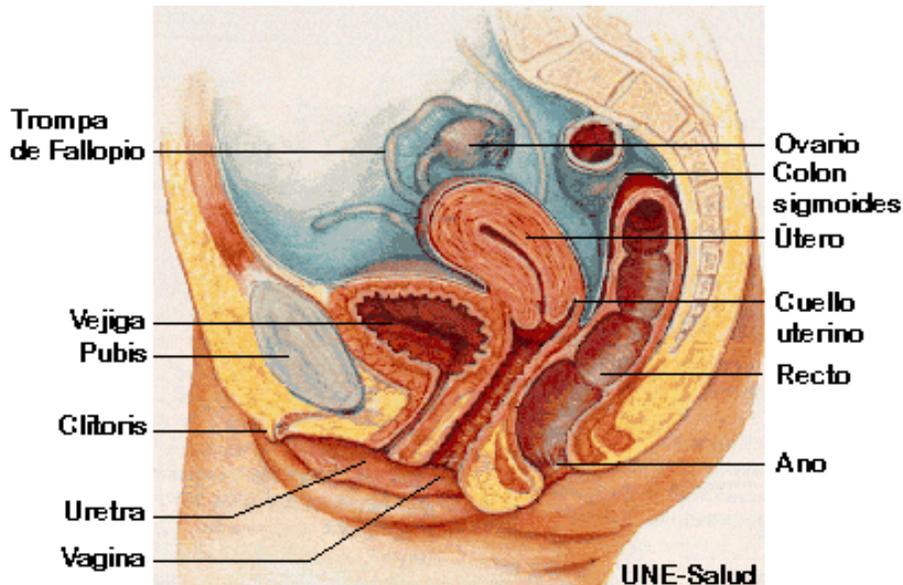
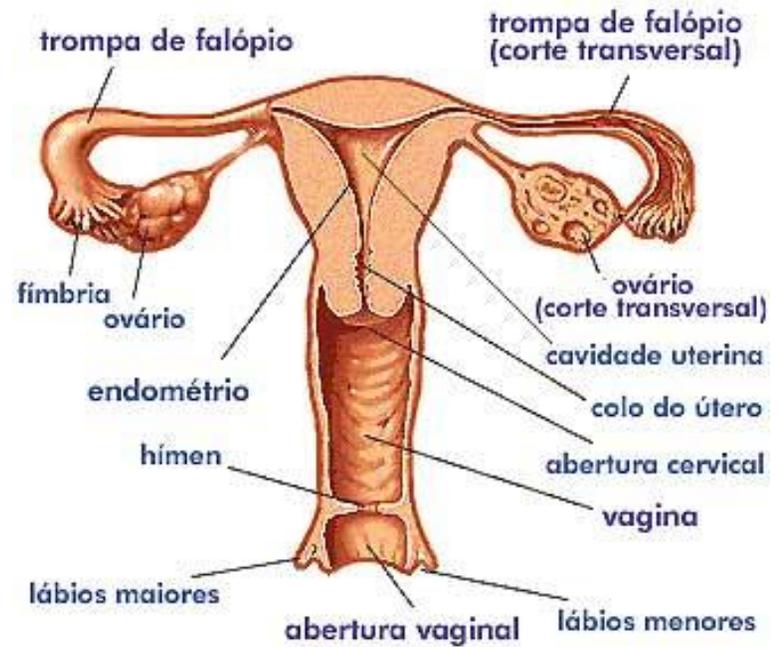
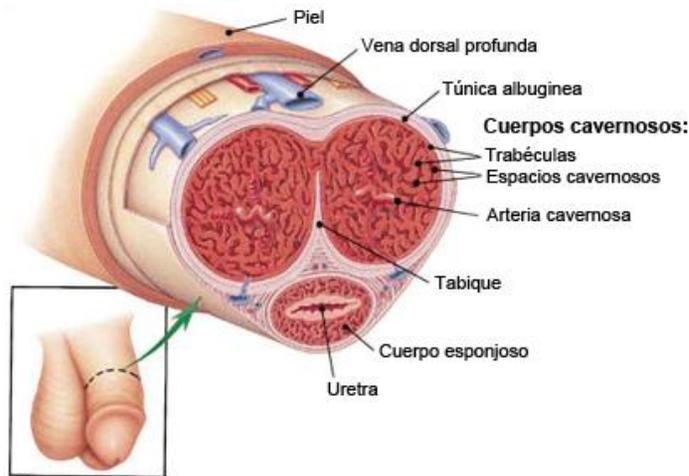
# APARATO URINARIO Y REPRODUCTOR



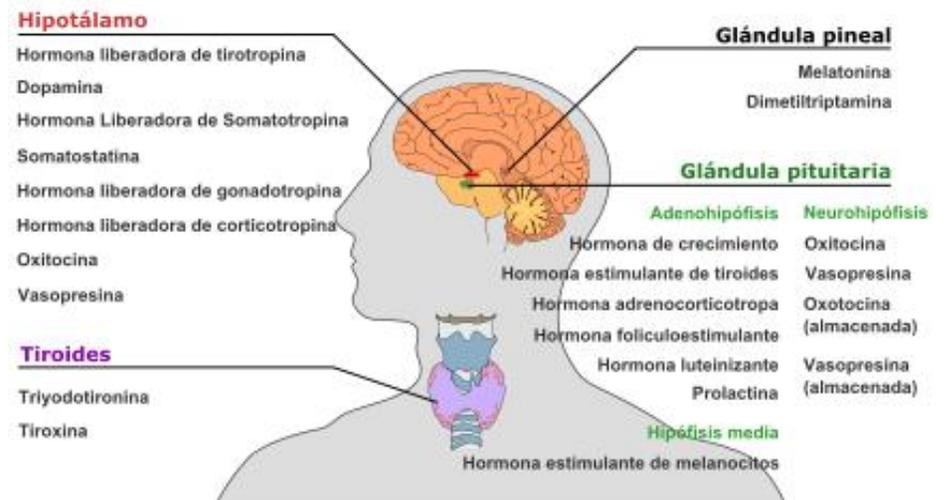
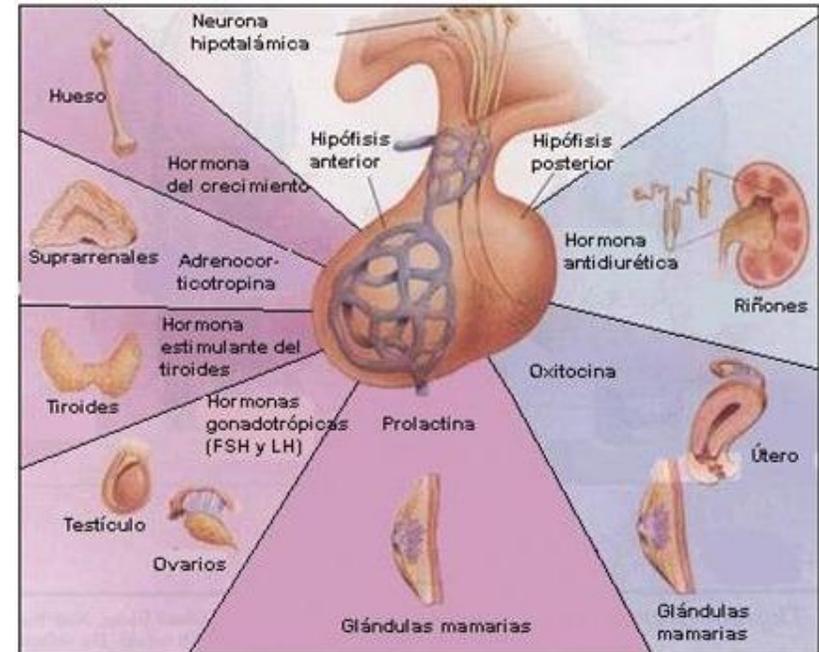
1. Riñones
2. Uréteres.
3. Venas renales.
4. Arteria renal.
5. Vena cava inferior.
6. Arteria iliaca.
7. Vejiga.
8. Uretra.
9. Glándula suprarrenal.

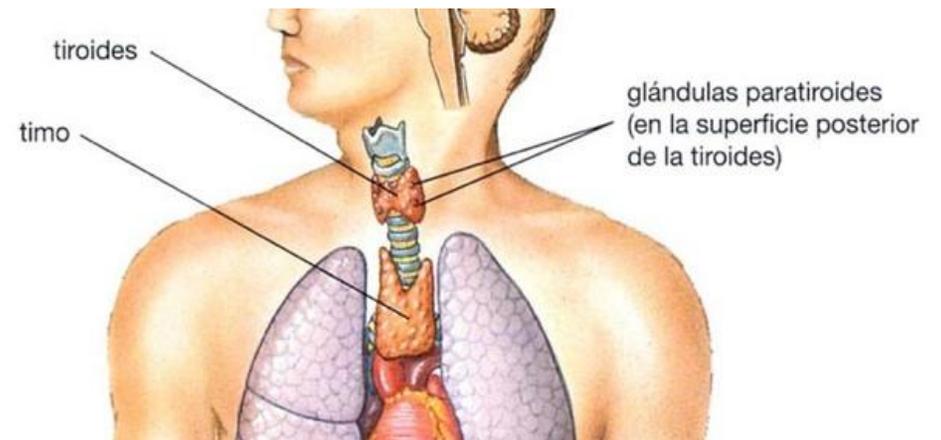
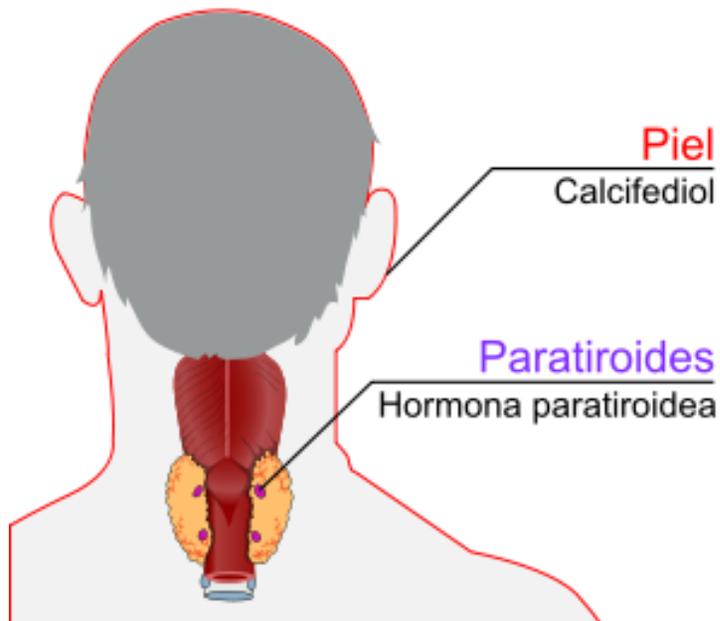
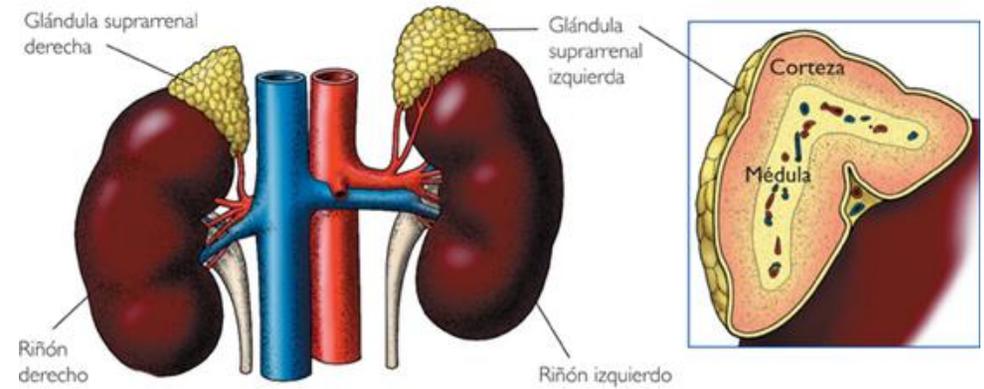
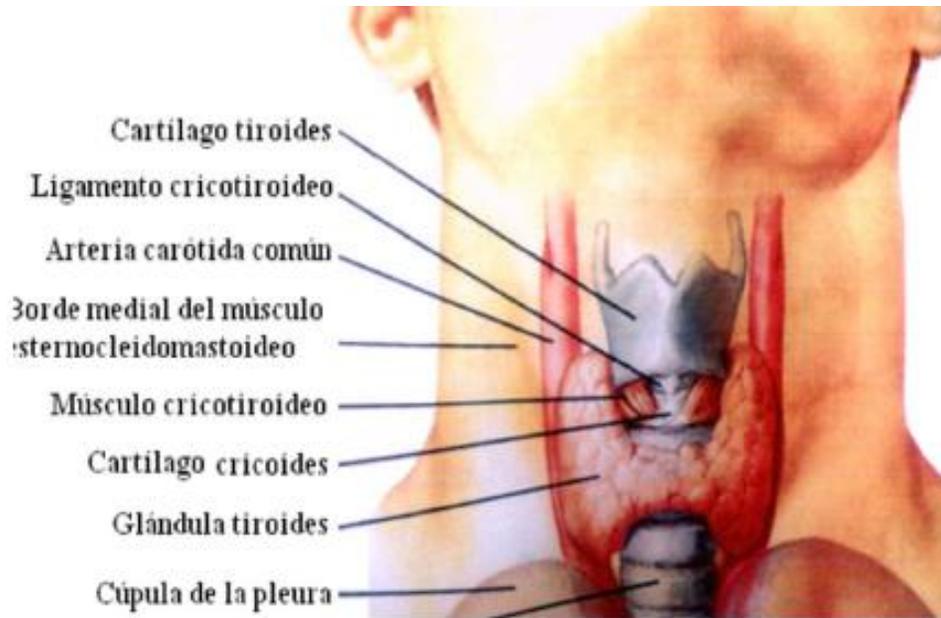






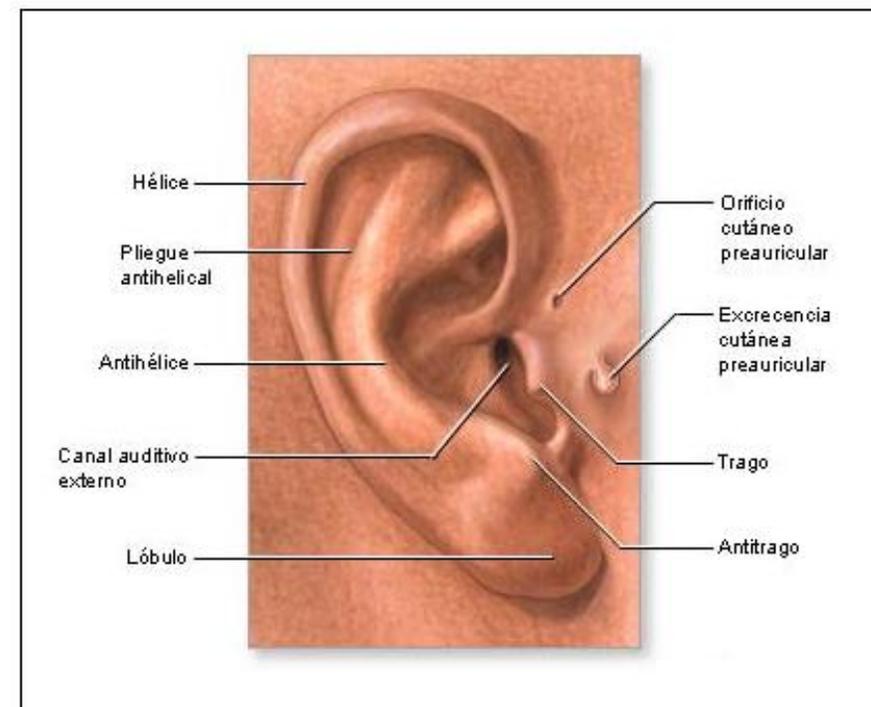
# SISTEMA ENDOCRINO

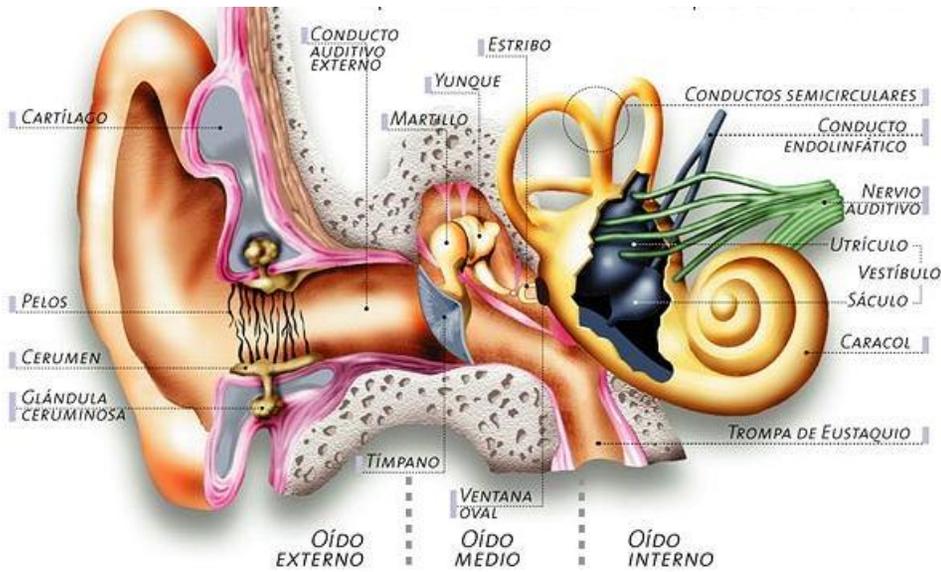




# ORGANOS DE LOS SENTIDOS

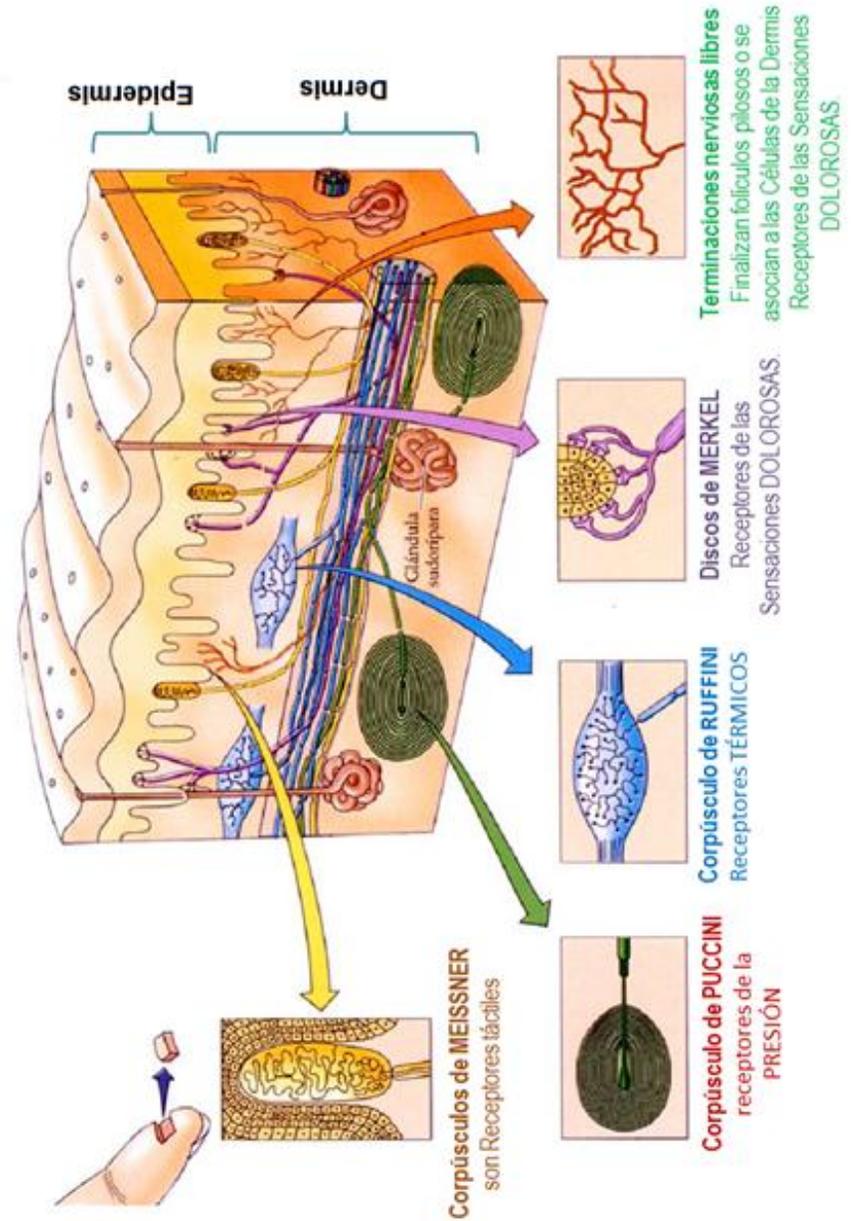
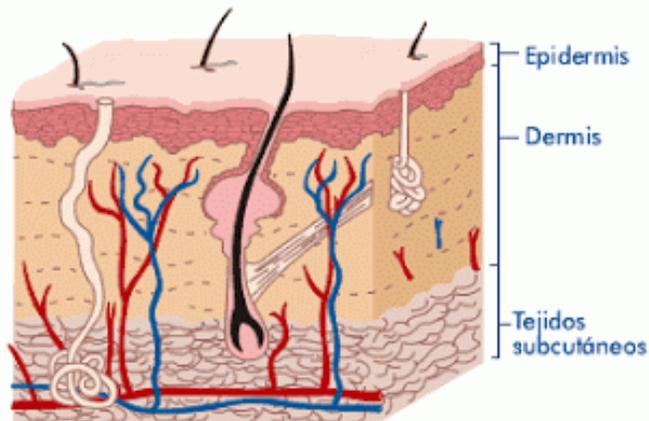
## SENTIDO DEL OIDO



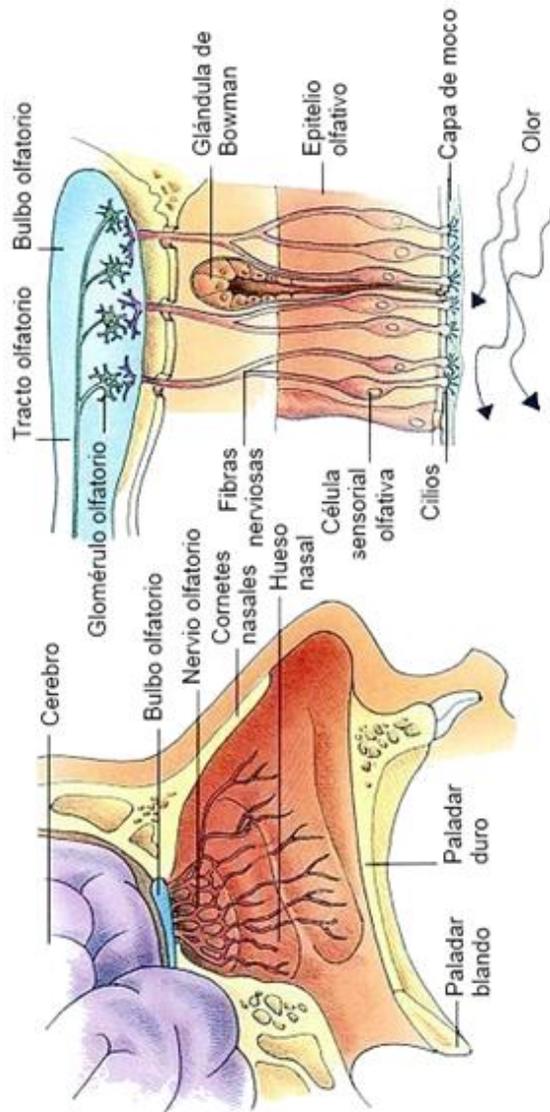


## SENTIDO DE LA PIEL

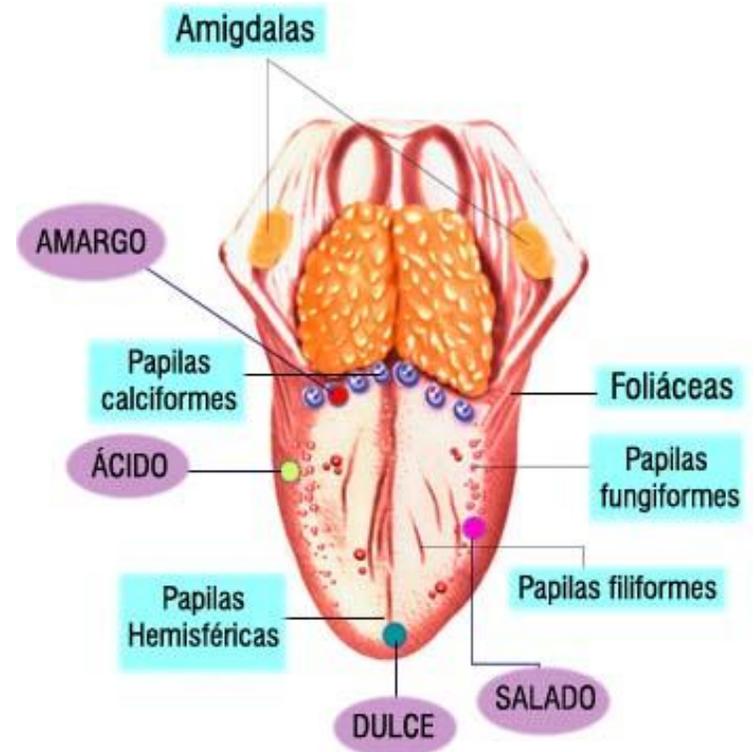
### Las tres capas de la piel



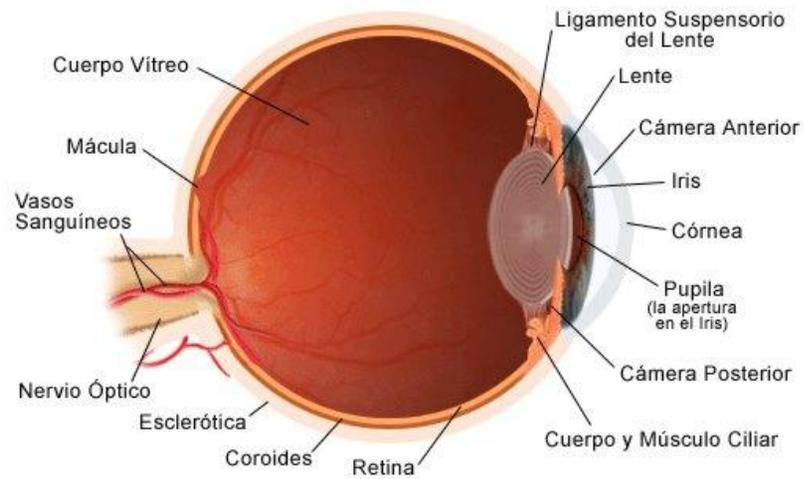
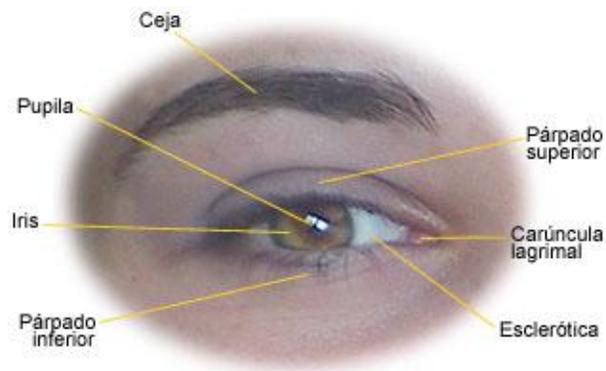
## SENTIDO DEL OLFATO



## SENTIDO DEL GUSTO



## SENTIDO DE LA VISION



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**El siguiente Atlas se realizo tomando en cuenta los textos siguientes.**

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